18 Of

TREATISE

ON

MAGNETISM,

WITH A

DESCRIPTION AND EXPLANATION

OF A

Meridional and Azimuth Compass,

FOR ASCERTAINING THE

QUANTITY OF VARIATION,

WITHOUT ANY CALCULATION WHATEVER,
AT ANY TIME OF THE DAY.

ALSO

IMPROVEMENTS UPON COMPASSES IN GENERAL.

WITH

TABLES OF VARIATION,

FOR

ALL LATITUDES AND LONGITUDES.

By RALPH WALKER,
OF JAMAICA.

LONDON:

PRINTED BY R. HINDMARSH,
PRINTER TO HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES,
OLD-BAILEY.

Sold by GEORGE ADAMS, No. 60, Fleet-Street; PETER ELMSLEY, No. 87, Strand; JOHN SEWELL, No. 32, Cornhill; DAVID STEEL, No. 1, Union-Row, Little Tower-Hill; and JOHN and ARTHUR ARCH, No. 23, Gracechurch-Street, Corner of Lombard-Street,

1794.

30

86

TREATIST

MAGNETISM EARL CHATHAM, K. G.

REFER PERSONAL TANNAMENTAL AND PRESENCE OF TOWERTUDE.

Meridional and Assaudi Computs,

Lord reatile to your sold many of pub-Lord sand gratiline to the sand grati-

detending actendion to me ever finced have had that the hade to being recommended to your Lordhip's notice, by our very worthy Gorrand Adam, Williamion.

Librar, hvied frethrarly happy in having dead the grounding to bring forward this maproveners in navigation under the aufpiece and the aufpiece and the grounding and the authors to an average of the Affleck and Gardner, who are time when it have been thought that more weighty contained the would have occupied the whole

whole of their attention, did not negled to encourage, and bang into use, what was

EARL CHATHAM, K. G.

FIRST LORD OF THE ADMIRALTY, AND PRESIDENT OF THE HONOURABLE BOARD OF LONGITUDE, his particular kindness and answinds 1.38 1.38 no

while on board of His Maielly's thip the D

vincible, for the purpole of thing the u of my Compalles, agreeable to the direction

IN addressing this short treatise to your Lordship, I have an opportunity of publicly acknowledging my effeem and gratitude for your Lordship's very polite and condescending attention to me ever since I have had the honour of being recommended to your Lordship's notice by our very worthy Governor of Jamaica, General Adam Williamfon.

I think myself peculiarly happy in having had the good fortune to bring forward this improvement in navigation under the aufpices and protection of your Lordship, and the worthy Admirals Affleck and Gardner, Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Board of Admiralty, who, at a time when it might have been thought that more weighty confiderations would have occupied the whole whole of their attention, did not neglect to encourage, and bring into use, what was thought would be of advantage to His Majesty's Navy.

I cannot but acknowledge the many obligations I am under to Admiral Macbride, for his particular kindness and attention to me while on board of His Majesty's ship the Invincible, for the purpose of trying the utility of my Compasses, agreeable to the directions from the Board of Admiralty.

Lordship will accept of this Dedication, as a testimony of my esteem and respect to a Name that is so deservedly venerated in this country, and particularly by,

In endeavouring to exbroil vM caufe

the magnetic polarity in the needles, sqidhbrol' ruo?

which I bus theibedolfloM tables of variation.

have been led in a four of retrograde progrefthe the following theory.

Called Land II. are mostly composed of proba-

give my opinion, and the reasons upon "thick at is tounded, yet it is with the greatest officience, as it is upon a marrier that has bassled the study and ristarches of the greatest philosophers. How far I easy have succeeded in attempting to explain what

whole of their attention, did not megled to

P R E F and C E moons

Maiefly's Navy

WHEN I left Jamaica for the purpose of laying my meridional and azimuth compass, and improvements upon compasses in genetal, before the Board of Longitude, I had no intention of publishing this treatise; but finding
that the errors in the construction of the needles of
the present compasses, and my improvements, could
not be well explained, without entering at some
length into what I think the principles of magnetism; the first thing that struck my attention was,
that although the compasses used at sea, were all
adjusted by the instrument-makers, before the ships
proceeded upon their voyages, yet in a very short
time they all differ from each other.

In endeavouring to explain the cause of this change of the magnetic polarity in the needles, and my improvements, and the principles upon which I have calculated my tables of variation, I have been led in a fort of retrograde progression, from simple sacts, into the following theory.

Cases I. and II. are mostly composed of probable conjecture; and although I have ventured to give my opinion, and the reasons upon which it is sounded, yet it is with the greatest dissidence, as it is upon a matter that has bassled the study and researches of the greatest philosophers. How far I may have succeeded in attempting to explain

what magnetism is, time, and the impression and conviction that this theory may make upon the mind of the reader, will best determine.

Case III. is founded upon what I conceive to be facts. The first is, That the earth, or any other moving body, cannot give a motion greater, nor even equal to what it is itself possessed of; therefore the magnetic poles not being permanently stationary, must recede from the east towards the west. But to put the matter beyond all dispute, the lines of no variation are traced from the earliest observations, to the present time; and it appears, that the line of no variation, with east variation on the west side of it, and west variation on the east fide, when first taken notice of in the year 1638, was confiderably to the eastward of London and Paris,* and was not at London until the year 1657, and at this time is to be found croffing the Atlantic ocean in an oblique direction from the fouth east towards the north west. The other line of no variation being but little taken notice of, in the earliest observations, cannot be fo casily and accurately traced so far back; but there can be no doubt but that it has always kept nearly the same proportionate distance from the other, that it is at prefent. One thing is certain, that it is not the line of no variation that was at London in the year 1657, because it has west variation upon the west side of it, and east variation on the east fide; from which I have inferred, that the magnetic poles change their places from east

larity.

Case IV. treats of the effect of the magnetic polarity of the needle of the compass with respect to the variation, or it's declination from the true meridian, and explains the cause of the variation changing, or increasing and decreasing more in one number of years, than in another of the same quantity of time; and also why the variation changes, or increases and decreases more in one number of degrees of longitude, than in another of the same quantity of degrees; and the cause of the variation changing from east to west, and from west to east, in the different latitudes and longitudes; with the principles upon which the tables of variation are calculated.

Case V. relates to the dip of the needle, which may be made of great use in navigation with respect to finding the longitude, because in the longitudes where the variation changes the least, the dip of the needle changes the most; so that in all latitudes and longitudes, where the variation does not increase or decrease upwards of twenty-five minutes in a degree of longitude, the dip does. So that with my meridional or azimuth compais. (the construction of which is described in this Case) and a dipping needle fuch as I have now made, the longitude may be found without any error of consequence; and as there is no calculation neceffary, in finding the longitude by this method no mistakes can happen, such as frequently occur in depending upon time-keepers, which are liable

See Cafe III. and the Appendix

to stop altogether, or to go irregular in proportion to the change of the atmosphere, and from the inaccuracy of the observers in taking their altitudes and distances, and in taking out the numbers from tables, which they in general know little more of than the name.

The tables of the variation of the compass for the northern Atlantic ocean, are already calculated and published with this treatise; also a very general collection of observations of the variation and dip of the needle, which have been made by all the most eminent circumnavigators of all countries, which in general demonstrate the truth of this theory.

My compasses have already been proved on board of His Majesty's ships, by order of my Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Board of Admiralty, and reports of their utility have been returned to the Hon. Philip Stephens, Esq. copies of which are inserted in the Appendix. In the report of Mr. M. Downie, master of His Majesty's ship Glory, are some very pertinent and useful remarks, which were made by the particular direction of Admiral Murray.

The first part of the Appendix contains a few curfory remarks upon the whole, with some hints to ship-builders and navigators respecting the keeping of the compass on board of ships at a pro-

STRATES

per distance from iron. The last part contains a few hints relative to the surveying of lands, and fixing the boundaries of properties, particularly in our colonies.

As this treatife is not intended for the learned, but for those of my own profession, it is therefore divested of the tinsel and technical terms of the professional philosopher, that it may be the more easily understood by the most uncultivated capacity; and in order to render the whole more generally useful in navigation. I have spared neither expence, time, nor attention and the vides of the more described as a superior of the whole more generally useful in navigation. I have spared neither expence, time, nor attention and the vides of the more described as a superior of the whole more generally useful in navigation, and the vides of the more described as a superior of the whole more generally useful in navigation, and the vides of the more described as a superior of the mo

My compasses have already been proved on board of His Majesty's ships, by order of any Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Beard of Admiralty, and reports of their utility have been returned to the Hon. Philip otephens, His copies of which are, inferted in the Appendix and report of Mr. M. Downie, master of His Majesty are some very pertinent and affect marks, which were made by the particular direction of Admiral Murray.

The first part of the Appendix contains a few cursory remarks upon the whole, was lotte histore so ship-builders and navigators retracting the keeping of the compass on board of first at a re-

CONTENTS.

、200点长人是代4.

Exclusion to the E.N.T.S. Tools and the second seco

Cold of Commence of the Magnetic Poles differing to the Leath.

The Magnetic Poles changing and withher where change of the Magnetic Poles change.

(19 (Copy 1) to Control (Copy 1) to Copy (Copy 1) to Copy

Common Magnetic Novible with a Common Deck Common C

Largery, in our grown of the first term of the F world.

The state of the first term of the first term

Tailor Com The South of Miller Parish of the Parish of the

Y the Aller Vienes and event of the Aquiner 182

Taken the value to observe as difficent Traces

The second of the second of the legislate of the second of

of the state of the state of the server of t

Tables

CONTENTS.

	하다 하게 하다 가지 않는데 다른 사람들이 되었다. 그는 사람들은 사람들은 사람들이 되었다면 하다 되었다.	The Later
Cafe I. C	Conjectures what Magnetism is, - page	9
Case II.	The Cause of the Magnetic Poles differing from the Poles of the Earth	17
Cafe III.	The Cause of the Magnetic Poles changing their Places, and whether they change their Places from East to West, or from West to East	19
Cafe IV.	Of the Effect of the Magnetic Effluvia upon the Needle of the Compass in all Parts of the Globe, with Respect to the Varia- tion	34
Case V.	Of the Dip of the Magnetic Needle, with a Description of a new-invented Meridional and Azimuth Compass, with Improvements upon Compasses in general	39
A cı	les of the Variation of the Compass for the tlantic Ocean, North of the Equator, cal- placed for every second Degree of Latitude, and every Degree of Longitude	55
	the Variation observed at different Times the Atlantic Ocean, North of the Equator	64
	the Variation observed at different Times the Atlantic Ocean, South of the Equator	82
	the Variation observed at different Times the Indian Ocean, North of the Equator	102
	the Variation observed at different Times the Indian Ocean, South of the Equator	105
	the Variation observed at different Times the Pacific Ocean, North of the Equator	118
	f the Variation observed at different Times the Pacific Ocean, South of the Equator	148
	T	ables

CONTENTS.

Tables	of the Dip Times in Equator						
Tables	of the Dip Times in Equator						
Tables	of the Dip Times in Equator						
Tables	of the Dip Times in Equator						180
Tables	of the Dip Times in Equator						185
Tables	of the Dip Times in Equator						190
Appendi	x, contain Navigators	ing I	lints	to Ship	-Builde -	rs and	193
Hints re	Specting Su	rveyin	g of L	ands	-	-	211

ERRATA.

Page 51, line 7, for plate 5, read plate 6.

Date of the testing in

2

Page 55, in the New Tables of the Variation, for the Variation in the Lat. of 50°, and Long. 9°, for 23° 40, read 24° 42.

Page 56, Lat. 50°, Long. 10°, for 23° 56, read 240 46. Lat. 50°, Long. 11°, for 24° 25, read 24° 56. Lat. 50°, Long. 12°, for 24° 50, read 25° 00.

nuve, and negative; to shangmetion of two qual

The clearly fluid bring of two quality st vir. pos

TREATISE

the fact that we have the fact the report of the fact that the fact that

established and of the case, someth to but a some

MAGNETISM

iglamia and in Blail of bosses and ar elastific

lies out on our by decimal to the light of a subsection

CASE I.

Conjectures what Magnetism is.

As no theory has as yet been established, or has proved to a conviction, what magnetism is, it will be no presumption to hazard a conjecture, that it is a fluid element which pervades this globe, or perhaps the whole universe.

That our atmosphere is in part composed of magnetism, or magnetic matter, as well as of air, water, and fire, there can be but little doubt. These fluids have all a very great affinity to each other; particularly the electric and magnetic.

B The

The electric fluid being of two qualities, viz. pofitive, and negative; so is magnetism of two qualities, positive and negative, or north and south polarities.

Qualities of the same name in electricity repeleach other; and of different, attract. In magnetism it is the same; poles of the same name repeleach other, but of different names, they attract each other.

Positive and negative electricity cannot be produced separately. In magnetism, one polarity cannot be produced without the other.

That there is a magnetic fluid in our atmosphere, which has a very great affinity with the electric fluid, can hardly be doubted from the following circumstance.

In the Island of Jamaica, in the month of September, 1792, one end of my house was shattered to pieces by lightning, which killed one young woman, and very much hurt another in a part of the house that had received but very little damage. A girl who at that time had stood close to the one that was killed, (but was not in the least hurt,) took out her needles soon after, to assist in making a dress for the one that was dead; the needles stuck all together in her hand so strongly, that she took the points of her scissars to separate them; and so powerfully were they and the scissars magnetic, that part of the needles stuck to them in different directions, and they lifted up the remainder like a thread.

This phenomenon happening within my own know-ledge, leads me to infer, that although the magnetic fluid may be inactive in the atmosphere at some distance from the earth, yet it may be so decomposed, and put in motion by the concussion of the electric matter in the clouds, that an accumulated body of each of these fluids (their affinity being so very near to each other) do in general descend together, to their common recipient, the earth.

This will also account why iron is the best conductor for saving buildings, &c. from the effects of lightning; for if the electric matter, or ball of fire, which is in motion, be within the sphere of the magnetic attraction, it will be drawn by the vortex of the magnetic fluid to the iron, and discharged into the earth.

If the magnetic power was not a fluid, or an atmospheric element, but an inherent principle in the earth; every particle of it, that is possessed of iron, would be possessed of that permanent quality, and their poles would be unalterable.

But this is not the case. The poles of the best magnets are very easily changed; and all iron, which has not been charged with the magnetic power from a magnet, (either natural or artisicial) changes it's poles as often as it's position is reversed; for if a bar of iron be held horizontal with it's ends pointing north and south, upon the

magnetic equator, or at equal distance from the magnetic poles, it will be possessed of the same quality that the magnetic needle is possessed of; but if it's position is reversed, it's polarity will be changed; and whatever end of it is placed to the north, will be possessed of the same fort of polarity, with the north end of the magnetic needle.

This phenomenon holds good in all parts of the world; for at any part of the globe, if a bar of iron be held in the position of the dipping needle, it will be possessed of similar qualities; and if the bar be reversed, the ends of it will immediately change their polarities.

The magnetic poles of our globe are also perpetually changing their places, so that there can be no reason whatever to found a supposition, that magnetism is an innate quality in the earth, but the reverse, namely, that it is an external principle acting upon it.

As, where we have no evident facts to judge from, we must infer from analogy; therefore, if magnetism was an internal quality in the earth, the magnetic needle, in all parts of the world, would have the same quantity of dip, and point towards the center of the earth, or stand in a perpendicular direction, the lower end of it being possessed of attractive magnetism, and the upper of repulsive; and if brought to an horizontal position, would have no polarity.

But if we suppose that magnetism is an atmospheric spheric principle, and that one of the sorts of it is attracted by the northern hemisphere, and the other by the southern hemisphere; or, which is a fact, that that sort of magnetism, which is the attractive in one hemisphere, is the repulsive in the other, as is represented in fig. 1, pl. 1, which agrees exactly with the experiment of the magnetic ball, and filings of iron or steel, we have then this experiment to support this supposition.

Suppose pl. 1, fig. 2, to be a globe with a magnetic bar representing it's poles. If a magnetic needle be applied to any part of the surface of the globe, it will by no means point out the dip of the needle, such as is found by actual observations at different parts of the world; but such as is marked upon the outside circle, 22, 41, 55, &c. &c. which is in some degree a proof that magnetism is not an innate quality in the earth.

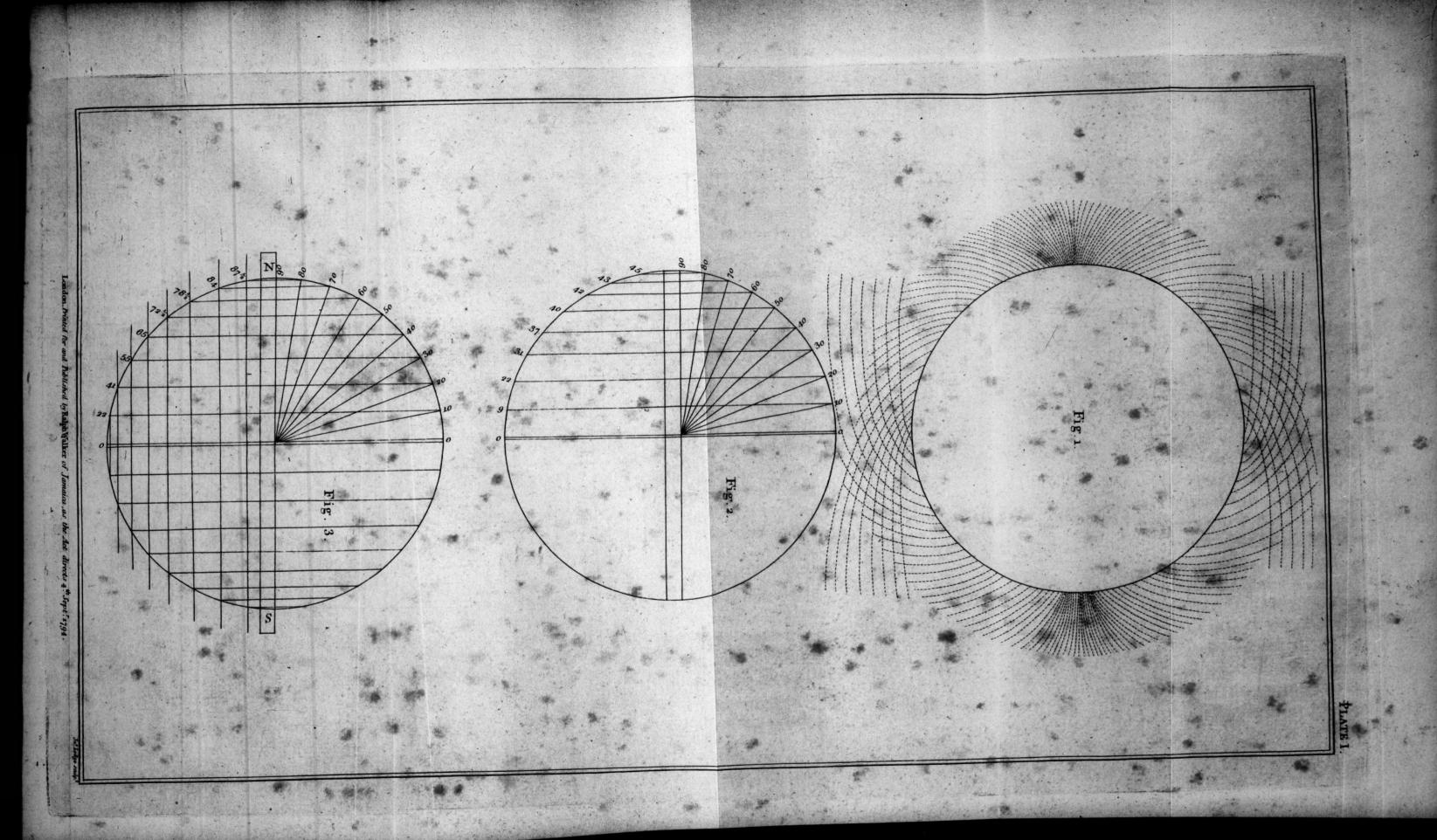
But if we take a magnetic bar, and move a magnetic needle on a parallel with it, until we come to the points where the needle will stand perpendicular to the bar; then mark these points, as in pl. 1, fig. 3, at N. and S. and draw the circle, whose diameter is equal to the distance contained between these points; divide it into degrees, and describe parallels of latitude to these degrees. If the magnetic needle be moved from the equator, upon a line parallel to the magnetic bar, at each of these parallels of latitude, it will point out a dip of the needle, which will be found to agree tolerably

tolerably well with what observations have been made.

As the magnetic bar in this experiment extends beyond the circle, a confiderable distance, it appears by it, that the magnetic attraction of the earth is at it's surface, and not internal; and from which I am led to conjecture, that the magnetic vortices are not lost at the surface of the earth, but are extended as far as our hemisphere, or as far as comes within the sphere of the earth's attraction.

If magnetism was not an atmospheric quality, all magnetic needles would point to each of the magnetic poles in proportion to their distances, inversely, from the needle; but this is not the case, for it is a fact well known, that on board of all armed vessels, where there are great quantities of iron, the current of polarity is deranged in a very great degree.

The present Admiral Murray, and Captain Penrose, when cruising off the Neas of Norway, sound
that when the ship's head was in shore, it
made a difference of nearly a point in the compass, from what it was when the ship's head was
off shore; and as many navigators as have been accurate in their observations, have taken notice of
the same phenomenon in different parts of the
world. By this remark it is not meant to insinuate, that such change in the direction of the needle
was owing to any effect that the shore had upon it,
but only, that by being in sight of the shore, an
opportunity



opportunity was had of ascertaining the fact. For although all shores and head-lands may have a very great effect in deranging the universal current of the magnetic polarity, yet it is not to be supposed that the change of the position of a ship can change the polarity of any place, but only so much of it, as comes within the sphere of action of the iron which may be on board of her.

After all these reasons, and what I have already faid, namely, respecting the affinity between magnetism and electricity, I will still venture a little farther, and suppose that magnetism, from the smallness of it's particles, is enabled to pervade every other matter whatfoever; and as every thing that has or may have had any affinity with this earth, must in some degree be impregnated with a certain quantity of ferruginous matter, however fmall the quantity may be, and imperceptible to us; therefore every globule of air, that is in our atmosphere, may be supposed to have been in contact with the earth, and of course become in some degree possessed of every quality of it; which is evident from it's carrying vapours and odorous qualities, &c. into the uppermost parts of the atmosphere with it, where it will be acted upon, as well as at the furface of the earth, by the magnetic power, and every particle of it will become possessed of a north and south pole, and be ranged in order, corresponding to the magnetic meridians; to that all meteors which are occasioned either by

the electric matter in the atmosphere, or by the reflection of the sun's rays, will have a relative connection with these meridians; and as all meteors are the cause of a fluctuation in that part of the atmosphere where they are, which may be occafioned either by the expansion and condensation of the particles of the air, or a difference in the humidity of the different parts of the atmosphere which pass through them; therefore the magnetic polarity will in some degree be decomposed by their concussionary shocks, and have a very visible effect upon the magnetic needle.

all fluids have to fold bodies a this would

CASE II. to sluss off

The Cause of the Magnetic Poles differing from the Poles of the Earth.

IF the fun or heat has the same effect upon the magnetic effluvia, that it has upon all other fluids, the quantity contained in the torrid zone will be confiderably less than in the frigid zones, on account of it's rarifaction; so that the nearer to the poles of the earth, it's density will be the greater, and will there form a vortex of attraction, or what is called the magnetic poles. By these poles, it is not here meant, that the magnetic effluvia can be coincentered into a small point, but that the density of it, or what may be called the magnetic polar attraction, increases in power, in a fort of geometrical progression, the nearer to the center of these magnetic vortices. This supposition will be accounted for, when treating of the magnetic effect upon the needle of the compass.

But as the earth is now understood to be an oblate speroid, and supposed to be flat about the poles, therefore a fluid current can neither be received or discharged at them, but at a greater diameter of the globe, which must be at some distance from the true north and south poles, which will be occasioned by the tenacity or adhesion, that

all fluids have to folid bodies; this would also be the cause of the magnetic poles being in meridians exactly opposite to each other, if it was not for their mutual attraction, which will draw them from opposite meridians to others, where adhesion and their attraction will be counterballanced, and their parallels of latitude established at that time.

ta ni storais prara corone a cala

the succession of the case, it dening will be set on ground the set of the se

Language Section of the section of the section of

stry at surner ray on their best bright

STO I SALICITY VIOLENT OF S

red of the balling porto to the

原本部入符

CASE III.

The Cause of the Magnetic Poles changing their Places; and whether they change their Places from East to West, or from West to East.

As the earth from it's diurnal motion, or any other moving body, cannot communicate, or give a force greater, nor even equal to what it is itself possessed of; and as the motion of the earth is from west to east, the sun also having an effect upon all sluids, it is but reasonable to suppose that the magnetic poles will not be carried round, or make a revolution in the same time that the earth does, but will change their meridians of longitude from east to west, however slow their motion may be.

Having proceeded so far upon what may be called probable conjecture, it will now be necessary to insert such observations as have formerly been made, and compare them with what has already been said respecting the motion or change of the magnetic poles from east to west.

TABLE I.

Variations of the Magnetic Needle observed at London.

By Burrows in	1	a de la constante de la consta	1576	11 15 E. Vari	atn.
大型的海岸 的现在分词 (A. A.)			1612	610	
By Gunter			1622	6 00	A
By Gilbert	-	-	1634	4 05	
By Bond	-		1657	0 00	M
			1666	1 35 West.	A 1
By Halley	-	,	- 1683	4 30	
			1700	8 00	
By Graham	-	diar s	1722	14 22	710518

TABLE II.

Variation observed at Paris in the following Years.

In	0 /	In	on a	In	• *,
1550	8 00E.	1698	40W	1715	Woi ii
1580	11 30		3 10		12 20
1610	8 00	1700	8 12	1717	12 20
1640	3 00	1701	8 25	1718	12 30
1664	040	1702	8 48	1719	12 30
1666	0 00	1703	9 06	1720	13 00
1670	1 30W	1704	9 20	1721	13 00
1680	2 40	1705	9 35	1722	13 00
1681	2 30	1706	9 48	1723	13 00
1683	3 05	1707 10	010	1724	13 00
1684	410	1708 1	0 15	1725	13 15
1685	410	-1709 1	0 15	1726	13 45
1686	4 30	1710 1	0 50	1727	14 00
1692	5 50	1711 1	050	1728	14 00
1693	6 20	1712 1	1 15		
1695	6 48	1713 1	I 12	*	
1696	7 08	1714 1			
Party Control					TADIE

TABLE

TABLE III.

Variation of the Compass, inserted in the Transactions of Leipsick, in the Year 1684.

Places.	Times.	Lat.	Long.	Variat.
Ó		0 /	• '	0 1
London	1580	51 32N	0 00	11 15E.
	1622	(5 TRO)		6 00E.
· og r	1634	7 11 0		4 05 E.
0.0	1672			230W
Paris (1640	48 51N	2 55E.	3 00E.
	1666			000
	1681	4 - 0		2 30W
Dantzick	1679	54 23 N.	1900E	. 700W
Rome	1681	41 50N.	13 00E	. 500W
Byonne	1680	40 33N.	1 20W	1 20W
At Sea	1682	43 50N.	31 30W	5 30
C.St. Agustin		8 ooS.	3530	. 5 30E.
At Sea		34 oos.	20.00	10 30E.
St. Helena		16 00S.	630	0 40E.
At Sea		0 00	64 30	.15 30W
V.Dieman's lo	1.1642	42 25	142 00E	000
		34 00	I 20	000

TABLE IV.

Variation of the Needle observed in 1708.

A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH			
Places.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Variation.
	0 /	0 (A Anna
Sardinia	40 00N.	9 03 E.	10.00M
Malta	35 53	14 20	10 25
At Sea	5 49	21 33W	0 07W
	5 24	19 25 W	0 00
	Equator	22 25 W	0 37E.
	2 26S.	23 25 W	105E.
	8 C4	24 25 W	1 07E.)
	20 21	26 50W	8 11E.
			TABLE

TABLE V.

Declination of the Magnet observed in 1703, described in the History of the Royal Academy of Paris 1705.

Places.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Variation.
At Sea	5 40N. 5 20S.	18 25 W 20 25	1 30W 1 00.E
Lidge post	11 15	24 40	1 30
falls and	21 00	26 25	6 30
	34 40	8 40	3 15
A Sobra	36 20	745E.	3 00W
More	36 20	24 35	130
Morristo	32 50	52 35	25 30
Mood As	22 40	80 35	15 00

TABLE VI.

Magnetic Declination observed in the Years 1704 and 1705, inserted in L'Hist. de l' Acad. Roy. Anno 1708.

Places.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Variation.
	• •	0 /	0 /
	22 00N.	19 25W	0 00
	16 oos.	22 40	2 30E.
6.0	18 00	22 25	3 08
	23 00	22 25	3 10
	2800	19 25	6 00
Cape Bona } Esperenza	34 22	18 45E.	9to10W
In 1680			7 30
Mosembeque channel.	15 08	40 53	22 23
	0 00	53 35	16 00
	15 00N.	70 35	10 30 .
Cape Comerin	7 55	77 20	7 30
Ceylon	8 32	81 40	5 30
			Cape

Places.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Variation.
	0'	0.,	0 1
Cape Coroman	d. Marshan	Cabe Compais	5 00
Muritii	20 10	57 22	2100
Island Bourbon	20 50S.	53 35	21 30
At Sea	25 00	57 35	23 30
	27.15	56 20	24 30
	33 10	49 20	1430
	0 00	19 20W	0.00
Isld. Ascension	7 57	13 54	oto1E.
At Corva	39 41 N.	31 00W	4 30W
Cape Anguillas	} 34 44S.	20 32 E.	2 00
Diego Rioz in	} 20 00	61 00	20 30W
From observation of the Society	20 00E•		

TABLE VII.

Variation of the Compass observed in the Mediterranean in the Year 1638.

Places.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Variation.
	0 /	0 1	0 ,
Corfica	42 N.	9 50E.	7 30E.
Ivica	38 50	1 09	5 00
Vulcano	38 27	15 13	219
Messina, in Sicily	7 38 07	16 20	010
In Archipelago			0 00
Constantinople	40	29 00	0 00

constav of TABLE VIII. \ and I

Variations of the Compass, observed by Captain Cook, in the Years 1773, 1774, 1775, 1776, 1778, and 1779, &c.

Latitude.	Longitude.	Variation.
New Zealas	nd.	0 ,
86 41	0104 , 011	14t015E.
43 19S.	157 17E.	A 11 20
37 50	149 31	3 07
36 18	150	10 40
35 27	150 37	9 50
35 19	150 18	7 55
34 29	151 15	8 48
34 (or Botan	nyBay)15123	8 00
33 22	151 40	8 25
32 02	152 30	9 10
25 34	153 15	8 30
21 27	149 03	6 45
19 12	Cape Upstart.	5 35
12 38	143 15	4 09
9 46	128 00	0 00
9 45	125 48	1 27W
11 10	119 22	2 44W
Island Java.		3 W
23 S.	65 E.	10 00
24 00	58 00	12 00
24 00	51 00	17 00
28 00	46 00	24 20
2900	43 00	26 10
34 00	27 00	28 15
3530	23 00	24 00
Cape Angui		22.30
Table Bay	C. G. H.	20 30

Latitude.	Longitude.	Variation.
70 N	163 24W	30 21 E
70 N 69 38	164 11	31 00
66 30	167 55	27 50
65 43	170 34	27 58
63 58	165 48	2625
59 39	149 08	22 54
58 14	139 19	24 40
55 12	135 00	23 29
53 37	134 53	20 32
50 8	4 40	20 36W
48 44	5 00	22 38
40 41	11 10	22 27
33 45	14 50	1807
31 08	15 30	17 43
28 30	17 00	14 00
23 54	18 20	15 04
20 30	20 03	14 35
19 45	20 39	1311
16 37	22 50	1033
15 25	23 36	915
1332	23 45	925
1221	23 54	948
1151 ·	24 05	8 19
8 5 5	22 50	8 5 8
6 29	20 05	9 44
4 23	2102	901
3 45	22 34	8 27
2 40	24 10	7 42
114	26 02	5 35
051	27 10	459
007	27 00	427
1135	28 58	3 12
2 48	29 37	2 52
3 37	30 14	2 14
4 22	30 29	2 54
5 00	31 40	1 26
	D	Lati-

Latitude.	Longitude.	Variation.
, , c	o tow	0 '6W
6 00 S	32 50W	0 06W
645	33 30	00 35 E
7 50	34 20	0 07W
8 43	34 20	0 15W
901	34 50	0 44 E
10 04	34 49	o 38W
12 40	34.49	1 12 E
13 23	34 49	101
14 11	34 49	1 09
15 33	34 40	1 15
16 12	35 20	2 04
1830	35 50	3 02
2008	36 01	15 26
2137	36 09	3 24
24 17	36 08	3 24
26 47	34 27	3 44
2819	32 20	1 58
30 25	26 28	2 37
33 43	16 30	4 44W
35 37	9 30	551
38 52	23 20	2 1 2
40 36	173 34 E	1347 E
42 04	167 32	13 17
48 41	69 10	27 39W
A Part of the second		., 00

TABLE IX.

Declination observed in London at different Times.

TABLE X.

Variation of the Compass observed by Captain Bligh, in 1788.

Latitude,	Longitude.	Variation.
0 1 2	0 /	0,1
20 44 S	31 15W	0 00
25 56	36 29	3 00 E
29 38	41 44	7 13
East of Terra del Fuego.		21 23
60 24	75 54	27 09
39 51	26 11	3 07
35 30	5 21	11 35W
Simon's Bay,		22 28
18 47	18 33 E	22 20
	D 2	Lati-

Latitude.	Longitude.	Variation.
0 '00		6 ' 137
36 28 S	39 00 E	30 34W
44 16	122 07	6 23
43 56	133 16	1 38E*
Penguin at V. Dieman's.		8 29 E
43 21	147 33	0 29 11
47 44	179 07	17 00
40 21	145 W	7 45
24 13	131 43	5 19
17 50	147 36	5 00
Island Maitia	l.	5 36
18 50	160	8 14

TABLE XI.

Variation observed in 1791.

Latitude.	Longitude.	Variation.
26 14 N	16 40W	19 00W.
336	17 42	15 30
1 43	20 18	13 30
37.38 S	25 48 E	27 14
37 57	66 05	23 36
38 47	77 15	19 49
40 27	128 35	12 20
43 46	144 40	3 05E
43 21	147 30	4 43
47 44	179 09	13 39
44 31	192 07	10 22
34 42	141 18W	5 52
30 45	136 22	551
21 40	143 10	6 00
18 30	178 36 E	II 20
13 27	167 20	10 21
13 43	15936	10 10
1136	149 10	7 10
9 27	144 46	6 30

* Capt. Bligh remarked "That in 1780, on board the Refolution, in Lat. 44°23' South, Long. 131°28' Eaft, the Variation was observed 6°00' W. which is a remarkable difference." From these tables of observations of the variation of the compass, it appears that it is perpetually changing; so that what the variation is this year at London, or any other place, will not be the same the next year.

It also appears that the variation increases for a number of years, and then decreases again to nothing, and then changes from east to west, and from west to east. It is also evident, that there are two lines of no variation, the one originating at the northern magnetic vortex, or pole, and proceeding towards the south, which has west variation on the east, and east variation the west side of it. The other line of no variation originates at the southern magnetic vortex, and proceeds towards the north, until it is lost in the northern one, and has west variation on the west side of it, and east variation on the west side of it, and east variation on the east,

The next thing to be taken notice of from these tables of observations will be, to find where these lines of no variation, or any one of them was when first taken notice of, and to trace it down to the present time.

In the year 1638, (Table 7,) the line of no variation was observed to be at Constantinople, which is in the longitude of 28°57' east from London; at that time there was east variation all over the Mediterranean Sea, as well as at London and Paris (Tables 1, and 2); from which it appears, that

the line of no variation with east variation on the west side of it, and west variation on the east side of it, at that time passed through Constantinople towards the north, keeping to the East of London and Paris.

By Tables 1, 2, and 9, it appears that this line of no variation was observed to be at London in the year 1657, and not at Paris until the year 1666. If this really had been the case, the lines of no variation at that time would appear to be moving from west to east. But if we take into consideration the variety of observations which prove the contrary, we must impute this miftake to the difference in the instruments, by which the observations were made at London and Paris, at that time; for every man, who is acquainted with nautical affairs, well knows that he can feldom get two compasses that will perfectly agree for any length of time, but will differ fometimes four or five degrees. These instruments at prefent have got to a very high degree of imperfection, which shall be taken notice of in it's proper place. But to proceed:

By Tables 1, 2, 3, and 9, it does appear, that the variation has been increasing at London and Paris, ever since the year 1666 (until very late), which would not have been the case, if the lines of no variation had advanced from the west towards the east; for at Dantzick in the year 1679, which

which is 19 degrees east from London, the variation was observed to be 7 degrees west, and at Rome in 1681 the variation was observed to be 5 degrees west. At London, in the year 1683, which is two years later, the variation was only 4°30' west; and at Byonne, which is to the westward of London, it was 1°20' west: so that it is evident, that the line of no variation, with west variation on the east, and east variation on the west side of it, was at that time to the westward of London, and that the increase was from the east.

By Tables 4, 5, and 6, in about the year 1705, we shall find the same line of no variation croffing the equator in, or nearly about the longitude of 20° west. In the year 1776, it appears to be to the westward of 33° upon the equator (see Table 8).

On the 18th of February, 1791, Captain Blight remarked, that "In the course of this day's run, the variation changed from west to east. According to our reckonings, the true and magnetic meridians coincided in latitude 20°44' S. and longitude of 31°15' W."

Also in his narrative, page 44, he says, "In latitude 44° 16'S. longitude 122° 07' E. I observed the variation of the compass to be 6°23' west. I had no opportunity to observe it again till in the latitude 43°56', long. 133°16'E. when it was 1°38'E. so that we had passed the line of no variation.

In 1780, on board the Resolution, in latitude 44°23'S. and longitude 131° 28' E. the variation was observed 6°00' west, which is a remarkable difference."

As these observations were all made in nearly the same latitude, it will only be necessary to inquire what the difference of longitude was. Now if the variation 6°23' W. be added to 1°38' E. it will make 8° 01' for the quantity of variation contained between the longitudes of 122°07' and 13°16'. The difference of these longitudes is 11°09'.

Then as 8° 01', the quantity of variation, is to 11° 09' the difference of longitude, so is 1°38' to 2°37' which being subtracted from 133° 16' leaves 130° 39'; or if 2° 37' be subtracted from 11°09', the difference of longitude, and the remainder 8°32' added to the longitude 122° 07', it will make 130°39' for the line of no variation in the year 1791.

Then as 8°01': 11°09:: 6°00': 6°21'; which being added to 131°28' gives 137°49' E. longitude for the line of no variation in that latitude, in the year 1780; which makes a difference of 7°10' from the east towards the west, in eleven years, which is a very great difference indeed in such a short space of time, and incontestibly proves that the magnetic poles change their place, and move from east to west, but not with any regularity.

These irregularities in the progression of the magnetic poles may be occasioned by the superior magnetism

magnetism that all headlands, which are near the the poles, are possessed of in proportion to the fea. It may be supposed that Van Dieman's Land, or fome island to the southward of it,* has retarded the fouthern magnetic pole in it's progress, and has kept it nearly stationary for a number of years; for at this time it is about 26° or 30° degrees behind the opposite meridian of the northern magnetic pole. However, by Capt. Bligh's observations, it appears to be advancing now with confiderable rapidity, and it may be fupposed that it will continue to do so, until it comes in contiguity of some land in the South Sea, or perhaps to the meridian of Cape Horn, and there again be stationary, or nearly so for some time. See Reasons in Case II.

CASE

^{*} This suggests to me an idea, that there is a body of land beginning at about the latitude of 70 degrees South, and longitude of about 135 or 140 degrees East; and stretching across towards the latitude of about 75 degrees, and longitude of about 150 degrees West.

CASE IV.

Of the Effect of the Magnetic Effluvia upon the Needle of the Compass in all Parts of the Globe, with refpect to the Variation.

S there has not hitherto been any method of proving in what manner the magnetic effluvia act upon the magnetic needle or steel, any thing that can be faid upon it, must be partly comparative; of course we must resort to the earth, which being in all parts partly composed of iron, or ferruginous matter, which is the only visible thing that the magnetic effluvia have any affinity with, or apparently any effect upon, therefore the earth must be understood to be a magnet; for in fact, every part of it is possessed of that quality. in proportion to the distance from the magnetic poles, that is, the magnetic power of each of these poles increases as it is approached, and decreases as it is receded from. I am also of opinion, that every part of the globe, that is composed of water, is possessed of less magnetism, than that part which is composed of earth; therefore all high promontories or headlands that jut far out into the deep ocean, such as Van Dieman's Land, Cape of Good Hope, and Cape Horn, will have a superior magnetic power to the seas that are at fome

i

tl

as

ry

fo

til

fome distance from them, which will be the cause of the variation in the vicinity of them, being greater at one time, and less at another, than it ought to be, because they will repel that end of the needle, which is possessed of the same sort of magnetism, and attract the opposite; for every needle that is made magnetic, when hung at liberty, will turn the end that received the northern polarity to the south, and the end that received the southern polarity to the north.

It is a matter of very little consequence to us, which ever way the magnetism affects the needle: whether the smallness of it's particles enables it to enter into the iron, and form proper channels for itself or not, has not yet been determined.

It is certain that every part of it is possessed of both polarities; for if it is broke into pieces, each part of it is instantly possessed of a north and south pole, and an equator at nearly equal distance from them; and the manner of the magnetic sluid acting upon it, is not more wonderful, than colours being carried through a lens in optics.

As the polarity of the needle has been, and still is, of the greatest importance of any discovery hitherto made, yet as that polarity in most parts of the globe differs from the true pole of the earth, as well as continually changing, it will be necessary to explain the cause of this phenomenon, and also to point out a method of ascertaining the quantity of that deviation in all latitudes and longi-

E 2 .

t

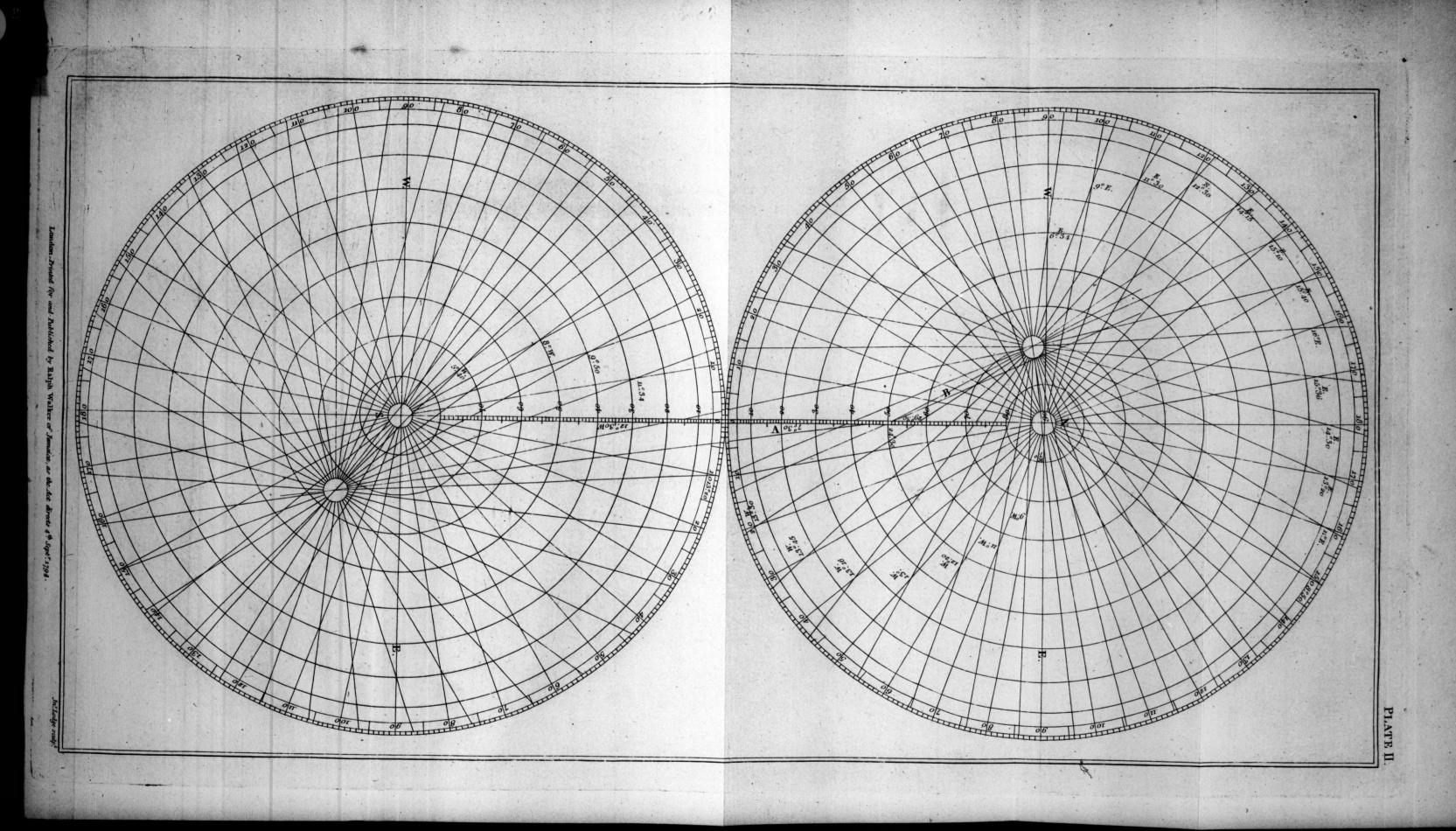
tudes

tudes at any time; for which purpose, suppose pl. 2, to be the north and south hemispheres, which are laid down from the chord line of a globe, whose diameter is equal E. W. This is necessary, that the proper distance from the poles may be preserved at any part upon the meridians. The double lines, marked o. o. is the meridian of London. All the meridians are 10 degrees from each other, and are numbered 10, 20, &c. to 180° cast and west upon the equator. N. the north pole, S. the south pole.

From the preceding tables of observations, the southern magnetic pole is laid down in the latitude of 65°, and longitude of 130° east; the northern one, in latitude 71°, and longitude 80° west, from observations which I made in July last, on board of his Majesty's ship Providence, in her passage from Jamaica.

Now suppose the hemispheres are turned round, until the meridian of London coincides at the equator in a strait line, then it will be evident, that the meridian of the magnetic poles will cut the true meridian, at about the latitude of 13° south, which will be the only place upon the meridian of London, where the needle of the compass will point to both the magnetic poles; for upon any other latitude farther north or south, it will point to neither, but to each in proportion to their distance, and the variation be increased accordingly.

Suppole



Suppose at London. If the lines A, and B, be drawn from the latitude of $51\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ through the magnetic poles, the angle contained between the true meridian and the line A, will be 7°30′, which being subtracted from 12°30′ (the angle at which the magnetic meridian cuts the true meridian, or meridian of London) leaves a difference of 5°, which being subtracted from 29°30′ (the angle contained between the true meridian and the line B) will leave 24°30′ for the variation of the compass at London.

The variation may be found by these hemispheres in the same manner, for any other latitude and longitude; but as it has already been observed. that all headlands, &c. have a very great effect upon the current of magnetic polarity; these hemispheres will not answer with that accuracy that is necessary for calculating the variation at all parts of the world, on account of the irregularity of the attraction and repulsion of different parts of it. But if what may be called the fuperior or permanent magnetism of these parts be once known, the quantity may be either added to, or subtracted from the variation given by these hemispheres, according to it's quality; for instance, upon the east and fouth of the Peninsula of South America, it appears that the land is possessed of a very superior magnetic power, which attracts the fouth end of the magnetic needle, and is the cause of the very great oblique in the line of no variation, and at

the present keeps it considerably to the eastward (in the southern hemisphere) of what it ought to at this time.

By these hemispheres, it will be very easy to conceive the cause of the variation increasing, or decreasing more in one 10° of longitude, than in another longitude of the same number of degrees; for when the magnetic poles are brought to be in about 90° of east or west longitude from any meridian, 10° east or west from that meridian will make but very little difference in the angle of meeting of the magnetic, and true meridian; but the reverse will be (for instance) in about the longitude of 70° west, where the magnetic poles will be near the same meridian, 10° east or west, will make a difference in the variation of nearly as much.

CASE V.

The Dip of the Magnetic Needle.

In Case I. some notice was taken of the dip of the needle; but to explain that phenomenon more fully, it will be necessary to refer to pl. 3, which is laid down upon the same principle as fig. 3, in pl. 1, with respect to the quantity of the dip of the needle.

S. and N. the true north and fouth poles of the earth.

M. and P. centers of the magnetic hemispheres. M. the northern one, and is laid down in latitude of about 71°, and longitude of about 80° west. P. the southern one, and is in about the latitude of 65°, and longitude of about 130° east.

The double line extending between the true north and fouth poles, which is divided into degrees, and marked 10, 20, &c. is the meridian of London.

The double line extending between the magnetic poles, is the magnetic meridian, and is divided into degrees, and marked 11, 22, 33, 41, &c. corresponding to the dip of the needle at the different distances from these poles.

The outfide circle, which is marked 10, 20, &c, to 180° east and west, is the equator; the small

fmall lines corresponding to it and the true poles, are parallels of latitude for every ten degrees.

The black lines, marked A, A, is the magnetic equator; the small lines corresponding to it and the magnetic poles, are parallels of the dip of the needle.

The dip of the needle is the quantity of inclination which one end of the magnetic needle points below the horizon: or, more properly, the angle at which it cuts the horizontal level when suspended, and at liberty to traverse in the current of the magnetic polarity.

It has been found by experience, after a piece of steel, or a needle made for the purpose, has been equally divided and ballanced upon it's center, and then made magnetic, that in north latitude, the north end of the needle points below the level of the horizon, and in south latitude, the south end of the needle; that is to say, in all latitudes north and south of the magnetic equator.

As at present we have not any instrument by which the dip of the needle can be ascertained at sea with any degree of accuracy, and as no trial has been made with the instruments at present in use, upon any particular meridian of longitude, or upon any of the lines of no variation, for the purpose of determining the dip of the needle, we must at present rely upon such observations as have been made transiently, in different voyages, which have been performed at different times for diffe-

rent

ent purposes, although they are not to be depended upon with any certainty, more particularly as we find by comparing the observations made at nearly the same place and time, by different navigators, disagreeing upwards of 20 degrees: however, if we take them upon an average, they will nearly agree with the dip laid down in pl. 3, which is upon the principle of fig. 3, in pl. 1. By this dip we are to understand the course of the magnetic current of attraction and repulsion with respect to the earth, the needle standing nearly in the same direction as is represented * in fig. pl. 1.

When this treatife was begun to be written, it was not intended to take any notice of the dip of the needle, as it was not conceived that it could be applied to any use in navigation; but as the theory of magnetism could not be well explained without it, it has opened a field of information, which it must be owned, was not expected.

The first thing that attracts particular attention in pl. 3, is, that the magnetic equator takes in the whole of the ecliptic, and intersects the true equator in the same manner as the zodiac.

The next is, that in the longitudes where the variation of the needle changes the least, the dip changes the most; and in the longitudes where the variation changes the most, the dip of the needle changes the least.

F

Alfo

^{*} By the dotted lines.

Also the intermediate circles which correspond to the magnetic poles, and run parallel to the magnetic equator, shew the quantity of dip in all the different latitudes and longitudes through which they run.

If the dip of the needle be wanted to be known for any latitude and longitude, extend the compaffes from the place, to the nearest magnetic pole, and turn them from the place to the magnetic meridian, which will shew the quantity of dip for that place.

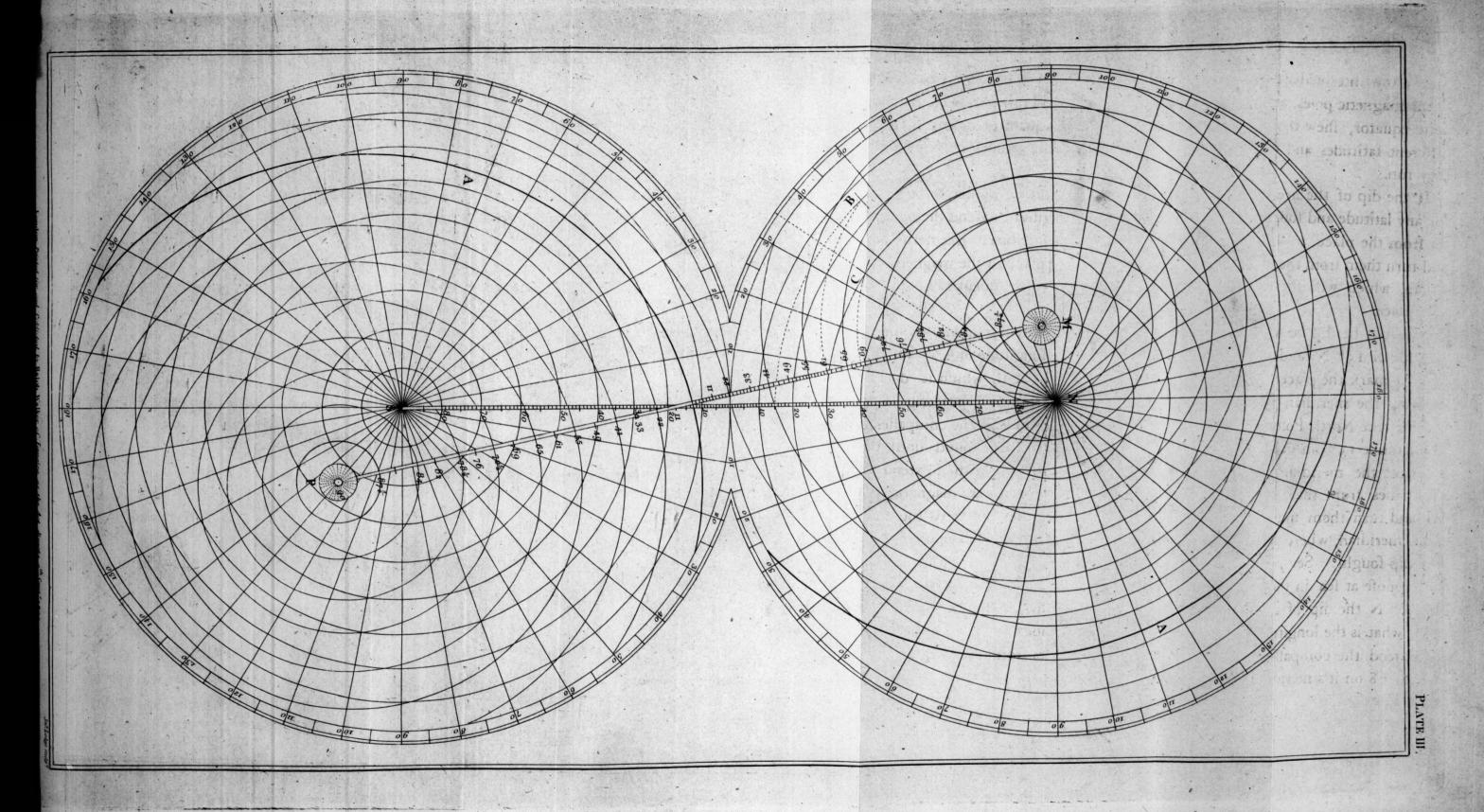
Suppose the dip be wanted to be known for the latitude of 15° N. and longitude of 47° W.

First mark the place as at B, which is done by drawing the meridian from 47° the longitude to N. the true North Pole; extend the compasses to the latitude 15°, and turn them round until they intersect the meridian of 47°; then extend the compasses from that place to the magnetic pole M. and turn them until they come to the magnetic meridian, where they will fall upon 61° for the dip sought. See pl. 3.

Suppose at sea in the Atlantic, in the latitude of 30° N. the dip of the needle be found to be 68°, what is the longitude?

Extend the compasses from the magnetic pole M, to 68 on it's meridian, and turn them until they intersect the parallel 30 of latitude, which will be at C, or about 35° west for the longitude.

Nothing shews the Supreme Architect in a more



exalted point of view, than the simplicity of his works, and that they may be all made Jubservient to our use, when once we have got a just conception of them; but more particularly the fubject of which we are treating. By it He enables us to behold his works, and our fellow creatures, in all the different corners of the world from the most uncultivated state of nature, to the most improved and polished in manners; to colonize and carry on commerce for our benefit and happines, stirring up our minds to activity and industry; above all, expanding our ideas, and giving us a just fense of his greatness and government of this world, filling our hearts with gratitude and adoration for his goodness in placing us over all his other creatures in it devolute the advantage of the high both in

I hope that I shall be excused for this short digression, it being only the result of my seeling, when I conceived that the longitude might be found by magnetism (with the improvements which I have made upon it) without any trouble or calculation, and with as much certainty at sea, as any other way now in use; which shall be more fully taken notice of after a description of what my improvements are.

Upon the foregoing principles I have calculated my tables of the variation of the compass, for the Atlantic ocean, or from the equator to the latitude of 60° N, and from the meridian of London, to the longitude of 90° W, for every second degree of latitude, and every degree of longitude. Tables of the same fort for the southern hemisphere will be calculated and published as soon as sime and circumstances will permit.

. If the magnetic poles moved with any regularity from east to west, or from west to east, these . tables would be perpetual; for if the magnetic poles in twenty years changed their places 100 to the westward, it is evident that the whole of the magnetic meridians would be carried round also; so that the variation which is at London at this present time, would in the year 1813 be found 10° to the westward, and the variation which is now in longitude of 10° east, would then be at London. By the fame rule, the prefent tables may be continued without being recalculated. Although it is very clear from the preceding tables of observations, that the magnetic poles change their places from east to west; yet it does not appear that either of them does so with a steady uniform motion, but the reverse; the northern magnetic pole having receded from the European continent, to the continent of America, in a very short time, but is now more flationary; the one to the fouth has for a long time been stationary to the fouth of, or at the meridian of Van Dieman's Land, but is at present receding from it to the west, at the rate of about 42' in the year. See Bligh's observations.

W. San to abburnel

As we can only judge of the future by the time past, it does not appear possible that any fixed period of time can be determined upon for a revolution of either of the magnetic poles; therefore candour will not permit me to say, that these tables of the variation may be depended upon for any considerable time. However that is a matter of very little consequence, as the principle upon which they are calculated is very plain and simple, they may be revised every third or fourth year, according as it may be found from observations (taken in high latitudes) that the magnetic poles change their meridians of longitude,

From the tables of the variation of the compass it is plain, that if the latitude and longitude of any place be known, the variation may be found in them. On the left hand side of the tables find the latitude, and on the top the longitude, and in the common angle of meeting will the variation of the compass at that place be found.

If the latitude and variation are known in any quarter of the globe, find the latitude as before, and in that parallel of latitude the variation, and right over it on the top of the table will be found the longitude of that place.

It may be objected, that little dependance can be placed in these tables for finding the longitude, because the variation can only be obtained with

with any tolerable degree of accuracy in the mornings and evenings; and in our Channel in the months of December, January, and February, the fun is feldom feen until nine or ten o'clock A. M. which is too late for taking an azimuth. That when the fun is to be feen, very often the horizon is not to be got, and even then it varies according to the denfity of the atmosphere; that the best of compasses differ considerably; that the amplitudes are but momentary, and the oblique angle that the fun's course cuts the horizon at, so great, in all high latitudes, that they are not to be depended upon; that an error in fetting down a figure in the calculations, &c. are objections that hold good with respect to the present mode of obtaining the variation at fea, by the compass in present use.

But to obviate all these objections, I have constructed an instrument which exactly shews the variation of the compass at any time of the day, from six o'clock in the morning until six in the evening, when the sun is visible, without any calculation whatever, upon the following astronomical principles; see plate 4.

Plate 4 represents an upper hemisphere of the globe cut horizontally north and south, and inverted or turned outside in. The degrees are marked upon the outside rim, from the equator to the poles. The ecliptic is marked with lines parallel

north and fouth. The oblique line marked with the figns, represents the zodiac. I. The axis or poles. The meridan lines are each 15° distant from each other, which shews the sun's place in the figns, &c.

The instrument is constructed upon the principles of this plate, and fixed to the upper part of a compass-box, with their points north and south, &c. parallel to each other; the solar part is so contrived that it always has a level with the horizon.

Suppose the instrument be placed upon the equator on the 21st day of March, or when the fun has no declination, at fix o'clock in the morning; turn it until the ray of the fun passing through the hole in the center of the axis falls upon the west end of the line marked Æ or the equator, the instrument will then be exactly with it's axis north and fouth, and whatever the needle differs from it, is the variation at that place. If the instrument is kept in the same position all that day, the ray of the fun at B, will fall upon the equator until it fets at A, except so much as the difference of declination at that time for twelve hours, which would not be the case if the instrument was not placed with it's poles exactly north and fouth.

When the fun has 10° of fouth declination, at fix

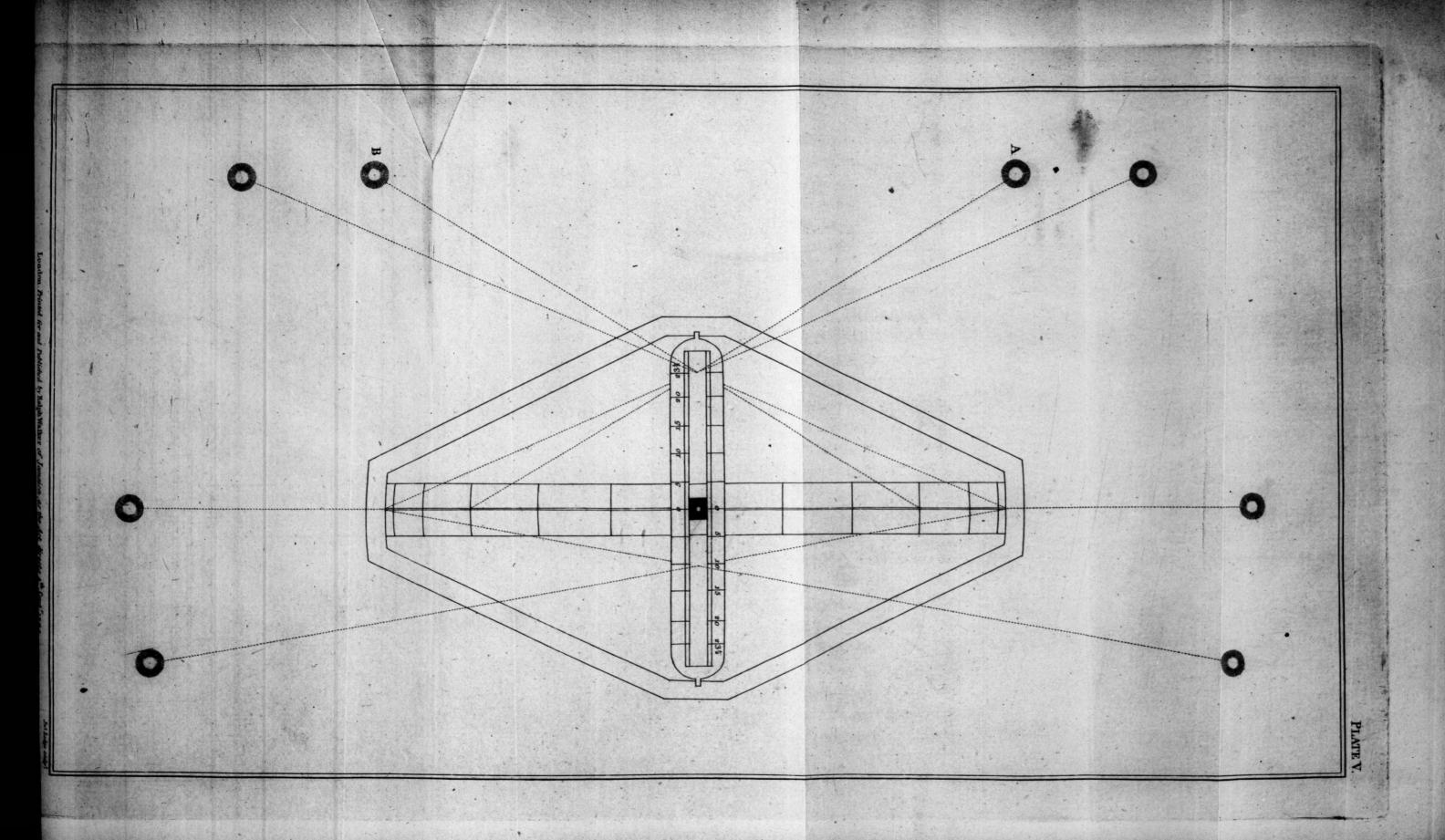
fix o'clock in the morning, the ray of the fun at F passing through the hole in the axis, will fall upon the 10th on the north side of the equator in the instrument, and keep upon that parallel until six o'clock P. M. when the sun will be at E.

On the 21st day of June, or when the sun has greatest north declination at six o'clock A. M. the ray of the sun from H passing through the hole in the slider, when it is at E in the axis, will fall upon the south side of the ecliptic, or the line of $23\frac{1}{2}$ °, and will keep upon it until six o'clock in the evening, if the instrument is not moved from the true south and north.

It is evident, that if the degrees of declination be transferred to the axis, the flider may be moved to the declination upon it, and the ray of the fun will then fall upon the equator; fee G and H.

If in any other latitude, either fouth or north, elevate the corresponding pole equal to the number of degrees of the latitude of the place, and the variation will be found as before.

But that the instrument may be the more simplified, as well as that the compass connected with it, may be more exposed to view, the solar part is made as represented in plate 5, which is laid down from plate 4. A and B shew the rays of the sun falling upon the equator at nine o'clock in the morning, and 3 in the afternoon, on the



21st of June. The difference in pl. 5 is, that degrees of declination are removed from the ecliptic to the pole or axis.

The utility of the invention of an instrument for obtaining the variation of the compass at any time of the day, at one view without any calculation, must be very obvious, when it is considered that there are some ships (even in foreign voyages) which have not one man on board that can calculate an azimuth, and that in coming from the westward in the beginning of the year, on entering the chops of the English channel, an azimuth is feldom to be got on account of the haziness of the weather, which prevents the sun from being feen only at times, and then but for a very short space, about nine or ten o'clock in the forenoon, which is too late for an azimuth; it ought also to be taken notice of that an azimuth ought to be taken very frequently on making l'and in all high latitudes, where the variation is very great and changeable, particularly in making the Land's-End of England.

In the latitude of 51° north, and longitude of about 14° west, the variation is at this time about 26° 30' west. In the same latitude and longitude of Cape Clear, the variation is 26° west. About 4 leagues south of Scilly, the variation is 24° 40' W. Culver-Cliff north 5 or 6 leagues, variation 21° W. Beachy-Head N. N. W. 4 or 5 leagues, variation 20°W. Dungeness

north 3 leagues, variation 19° 50' W. Dover north one mile, variation 22° W. In the Downs, variation 20° W. At the Girdler-Buoy in the nob channel, variation 23° W. Yet although the variation is fo high to the westward of the Land's-End, there are but few who navigate those feas, that allow more than two points, which certainly is the cause of many of them getting upon the rocks of Scilly, or to the north of them; but in going up channel, more is allowed than the variation is at prefent, the variation having confiderably decreased there for upwards of twenty years past, which certainly is the cause of many ships getting upon the Goodwin-Sands in very thick weather, in place of coming fafe into the Downs.

Many of these misfortunes are no doubt owing to the want of confidence in the compasses used at sea, as very sew of them are to be depended upon after a long voyage.

As I have frequently mentioned these imperfections, it is now necessary that they should be pointed out.

ŀ

r

N

g

fh

lic

CH

It is well known, that there is no possibility of fixing the magnetic polarity with any certain permanency in the best of the magnetic needles, as they are liable to have their poles changed altogether, either by lightning, or by lying near to, or touching a magnet in the contrary direction that it received the polarity. These effects are in proportion

proportion to the temper of the steel of which they are made. Steel that is very hard tempered receives the polarity with more obstinacy, but retains it much longer than that which is soft; this being the case, it is evident that the needles used in ship compasses are very improperly constructed.

Plate 5, figure 1 and 2 represent upper views of them. The needles are in general about one tenth of an inch thick, and upwards of half an inch broad, and are hung in the box with the flat side up.

Suppose the needle in figure I to be newly touched, and to have the N. east corner something harder than the other parts of it; the N. west corner being fost, will at first be more strongly magnetic, and the needle will not point to the magnetic poles, but as in figure 1, 4° to the eastward of it. Mechanics in general pay very little respect to the position of the needle, but fix the card over it with it's points north and fouth, true with the magnetic poles. From what has been faid before, viz. that foft steel loses it's polarity much fooner than hard steel, of course the needle will in time stand as in figure 2, which will make a difference of at least eight degrees in one compass at different times. It is also a fact well known, that if the needles of compasses should happen to be placed near to iron, in an oblique direction for any length of time, the current of polarity will become oblique in the G2 needle.

needle, as is represented by the shaded parts of them in figure 1 and 2. There are other reasons why the strongest polarities will always be at opposite corners, or at greatest distance from each other. (See Theory, Case II.)

The compass-boxes, as well as the needles, are also very improperly hung, in what at present is called the most improved of them; (see fig. 3.) the point of the pivot that supports the needle, being so far above it and the card, gives a pendulous motion to them; the pivots, upon which the box is hung in the jimbols, are also very considerably above the point of suspension of the needle, which increases the pendulous motion of the whole, as may be conceived by the dotted lines.

These are the causes why navigators cannot depend upon the courses which they steer, nor ascertain the quantity of the magnetic deviation from the true north and south at any part, as well as account for ships in a steet all steering different courses, &c. &c.

There can be nothing more simple than to remedy these errors in this very useful instrument, (see fig. 4 and 5.) Figure 4 is an upper view of the compass-box and needle, with the thin edge of the needle up, in place of the flat side, as will appear more plain by the section, figure 5.

Upon these principles I have constructed my compasses; and if it be admitted as an invariable law of nature, that there can be but one current

of magnetic attraction at any one place, it must also be admitted as an impossibility, that there can be any difference between any two, or any number of compasses made upon this principle, because the horizontal surface of the needle will not admit of room for any material derangement of the magnetic polarity. (See the instrument.)

TABLES OF VARIATION,

BY CALCULATION.

These Tables contain the variation of the compass, from the equator to the latitude of 60° north, and from the meridian of London to the longitude of 90° west. The latitude is marked on the left hand side of the pages, for every second degree, and the longitude on the top for every degree.

The variation for any latitude and longitude is found in the Tables, in the common angle of meeting.

When the latitude is in odd degrees, add the variation under and over the latitude, and their mean will be the variation.

To find the Longitude by the Tables.

Suppose in the latitude of 34° 00' north, and longitude west from the meridian of London, to be observed 10° 00' W. what is the longitude in?

Enter the Tables with the latitude, and look to the right, until the variation is found, which will be under 47°, for the longitude of that place.

Longitude West .- Variation West.

			1		2	1	3		4	+		5	16)	1	7	1 8	8	9	9
Lat.		,	0	,	0		0	,	0			,	0		0	,	0	,	0	
. 0	13	00	12	54	12	48	12	42	12	36	12	30	12	24	12	17	12	10	12	03
2	13	05	13	03	13	02	12	50	12	44	12	39	12	34	12	29	12	24	12	29
4	13	10	13	06	13	05	12	58	12	54	12	50	12	46	12	42	12	38	12	34
6	13	15	13	12	13	09	13	06	13	03	13	00	12	57	12	54	12	52	12	50
8	13	20	13	19	13	18	13	16	13	14	13	12	13	10	13	08	13	06	13	04
10	13	30	13	30	13	30	13	30	13	29	13	28	13	27	13	26	13	25	13	24
12	13	40	13	41	13	42	13	43	13	43	13	44	13	44	13	44	13	44	13	43
14	14	04	14	05	14	06	14	08	14	09	14	08	14	07	14	06	14	04	14	02
16	14	30	14	41	14	32	14	32	14	31	14	30	14	29	14	28	14	26	14	24
18	14	54	14	55	14	56	14	56	14	55	14	54	14	58	14	52	14	50	14	48
20	15	20	15	21	15	22	15	23	15	22	15	21	15	20	15	18	15	16	15	14
22	15	40	15	41	15	42	15	43	15	44	15	48	15	42	15	40	15	38	15	36
24	16	00	16	02	16	04	16	06	16	08	16	06	16	04	16	02	16	00	15	58
26	16	26	16	27	16	28	16	28	16	28	16	27	16	24	16	20	16	10	16	14
26	16	54	16	55	16	56	16	57	16	57	16	5C	16	45	16	40	16	35	16	32
30	17	24	17	25	17	26	17	26	17	24	17	20	17	15	17	09	17	04	17	00
32	17	56	17	58	18	02	18	04	18	04	17	57	17	50	17	42	17	36	17	30
34	18	28	18	30	18	32	18	34	18	30	18	33	18	29	18	26	18	22	18	18
36	19	00	19	02	19	04	19	08	19	08	19	10	19	10	19	10	19	10	19	10
38	19	42	19	44	19	46	19	48	19	49	19	50	19	51	19	52	19	52	19	52
40	20	24	20	20	20	28	20	29	20	30	20	31	20	32	20	33	20	34	20	36
													21							
													21							
40	22	12	22	27	22	32	22	36	22	38	22	40	22	42	22	44	22	40	22	50
48	22	50	22	55	23	00	23	05	23	10	23	14	23	10	23	22	23	20	23	30
50	23	30	23	40	23	50	23	58	24	00	24	13	24	20	24	27	24	34	23	42
52	24	10	24	19	24	28	24	36	24	44	24	52	25	00	25	10	25	50	25	30
54	25	12	25	20	25	28	25	35	25	42	25	49	25	50	20	03	50	10	26	10
50	20	00	26	10	20	20	20	30	20	30	20	40	26	54	2.7	02	27	10	27	18
50	20	40	26	48	26	56	27	04	27	10	27	10	27 :	22	27	28	27	34	27	40
00	27	00,	27	10	27	26	27	30	27	40	27	50	28	00	88	10	28	201	28	36

Longitude West.—Variation West.

				-				1			8		- 4		and				
	10	1.1	I	1	2	1	3	I	41	I	5	1	6	1	7	I	8	I	9
T at		1						1						100		1	7		1850
Mortin.	11 5			-	26	0	26	0	-0	0		-		-		-	-6	0	.0
0	11 50	711	50	1.	30	11	30	11	20	1.1	20	11	12	111	04	10	50	10	40
2	12 2	112	15	12	00	11	5/	11	47	11	37	11	27	11	19	11	11	111	03
	12 30																		
	12 4																		
0	13 0	2 1 2	54	12	40	12	30	12	30	12	21	12	12	12	04	11	50	11	40
	13 2																		
	13 4																		
14	14 00	13	54	13	40	13	42	13	30	13	30	13	23	13	15	13	05	12	57
10	14 2	14	15	14	00	14	01	13	53	13	44	13	30	13	30	13	24	13	10
	14 46																		
	15 12																		
22	15 34	15	29	15	23	15	17	15	12	15	00	15	00	14	53	14	40	14	39
24	15 56	15	50	15	40	15	42	15	38	15	34	15	30	15	23	15	10	15	09
26	16 15	10	10	10	08	16	00	10	03	15	58	15	55	15	50	15	45	15	40
28	16 30	10	28	10	26	16	24	10	22	10	20	10	18	16	15	10	1.1	10	07
30	16 59	16	58	10	57	10	50	1.0	55	10	54	10	52	16	50	10	47	10	44
32	17 20	17	28	17	30	1.7	32	17	34	17	34	17	34	17	32	17	30	17	2.7
	18 16																		
	19 10																		
38	19 5	119	54	19	55	19	55	19	55	19	55	19	54	19	52	19	49	19	45
40	20 8	20	38	20	40	20	42	20	46	20	48	20	48	20	44	20	38	20	30
42	21 2/	1 21	36	21	48	22	00	21	58	21	58	21	54	21	48	21	40	21	30
	22 18																		
46	22 5	1 23	06	23	18	23	30	23	45	23	40	23	35	23	28	23	20	23	10
48	23 34	1 23	46	33	56	24	06	24	16	24	16	24	10	24	02	23	52	23	44
50	23 56	24	25	24	50	25	10	25	25	25	25	25	20	25	12	25	04	24	54
52	25 40																		
54	26 24	1 26	34	26	44	26	54	27	04	27	04	27	00	26	56	56	50	26	46
56	27 36	27	40	27	46	27	52	27	56	28	00	23	00	27	58	27	54	27	46
58	27 48	3 28	00	28	10	28	20	28	30	28	40	23	50	28	50	28	46	28	40
60	28 46	128	53	29	00	29	071	29	14	29	21	29	28	29	30	29	30	29	28

Longitude West. --- Variation West.

	2	0	12	I	2	2	2	3	1 2	4	1 2	5	2	6	2	7	12	8	2	9
Lat. North.	0	,	0	,	0	,	0	,	0	.,	0	,	0	,	0	,	0	,	0	
0	10	40	10	32	10	24	10	15	10	06	9	53	9	42	9	31	19	20	9	00
2	10	56	10	48	10	41	10	31	10	21	10	11	10	01	19	51	9	41	9	3
4	11	10	11	02	10	53	10	44	10	36	10	26	10	16	10	06	9	56	9	46
6	11	25	11	17	11	08	11	00	10	51	10	41	10	31	10	21	10	11	10	0
8	11	40	11	32	11	23	11	14	11	06	10	57	10	48	10	39	10	30	10	20
10	12	04	11	57	11	47	11	36	11	25	11	16	11	07	10	58	10	49	10	40
12	12	32	12	20	12	08	11	56	11	44	11	35	11	26	11	17	11	08	10	59
						32														
16	13	12	13	06	13	00	12	56	12	48	12	34	12	20	12	06	11	52	11	38
18	13	36	13	30	13	24	13	18	13	12	12	59	12	46	12	33	12	20	12	06
20	14	06	13	59	13	52	13	45	13	36	13	23	13	10	12	47	12	34	12	21
22	14	32	14	25	14	18	14	12	14	07	13	53	13	39	13	25	13	11	12	57
24	15	02	14	55	14	48	14	43	14	38	14	23	14	08	13	58	13	38	13	23
26	15	35	15	30	15	25	15	17	15	09	14	56	14	43	14	30	14	16	14	02
28	16	02	15	57	15	52	15	47	15	40	15	30	15	16	15	00	14	43	14	26
30	16	40	16	35	16	30	16	24	16	17	16	06	15	50	15	35	15	18	15	00
32	17	24	17	18	17	10	17	02	16	54	16	44	16	30	16	14	15	56	15	38
34	18	02	17	55	17	48	17	40	17	32	17	20	17	06	16	50	16	34	16	18
30	18	40	18	33	18	26	18	18	18	10	18	00	17	44	17	30	17	12	16	54
38	19	37	19	27	19	15	19	05	18	55	18	40	18	24	18	08	17	50	17	32
40	20	20	20	10	20	00	19	50	19	40	19	20	19	10	18	54	18	38	18	20
						54														
44	22	28	22	16	22	04	21	49	21	26	21	13	21	00	20	46	20	32	20	18
40	23	00	22	49	22	38	22	26	22	13	21	58	21	43	21	28	21	13	20	58
40	23	36	23	27	23	18	23	09	23	00	22	45	22	30	22	15	22	90	21	45
50	24	42	24	30	24	18	24	04	23	50	23	37	23	24	23	10	22	50	22	4 z
52	25	47	25	33	25	20	25	05	24	50	24	37	24	24	24	10	23	50	23	42
54	20 .	40	20	32	26	24	26	15	26	06	25	52	25	38	25	24	25	10	24	56
50	7	30	27	25	37	13	27	02	26	50	20	39	20	28	26	17	26	00	25	55
50	20	30	28	18	85	06	7 3	56	27	46	27	34	27	22	27	10	26	58	26	44
00.3	29 :	20	290	9 2	28	58	28	46	28	34	28	23	85	11	38	00	27	481	27	36

Longitude West. Variation West.

							100				
Lat.	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	
North.	0 /	0 /	0 /	0/	0 /	0 /	0 /	0. /	0 /	0 /	
0	8 58	8 47	8 36	8 19.	8 00	7 41	7 22	4. 1 5. 1 5 1 5 1	6 42	6 22	
2	9 21	9 08	8 55	8 36	8 19	7 41	7 40	7 20	7 01	6 41	
4	9 36				8 25	8 21	7 56	7 38	7 20		
6	9 51	9 41	931	9 12	8 53	8 43	8 13		7 38	7 18	
8	10 10	10 00	9 50		9 12	8 53	8 34	8 15	7 56 8 15	7 36	
			10 10		9 32	9 13	8 54	8 35		7 55	
12	11 00	10 45	10 30	10 11	9 52	9 33		8 55	8 36	8 16	
14	11 24	11 10	10 57	10 39	10 21	10 03	9 45	9 27		8 50	
16	11 52	11 38	11 24	11 07	10 50	10 33	10 16	9 58	9 40		
18	12 08	12 00	11 50	11 33	11 16	10 59	10 42	10 25	10 08		
20	12 43	12 20	12 16	12 00	11 43	11/26	11 09	10 52	10 35	10 08	
22	13 08	12 58	12 48	12 31	12 14	11 57	1 40	11 23	11 05	10 47	
24	13 48	13 34	13 20	13 02	12 44	12 26	12 08	11 50	11 32	11 14	
26	14 08	13 54	13 42	13 25	13 08	12 5	12 34	12 16	11 58	11 40	
28	14 42	14 26	14 04	13 47	13 30	13 13	12 56	12 38	12 20	1 2 02	
30	15 23	15 03	14 43	14 26	14 09	13 52	13 35	13 18	13 00	12 41	
32	16 00	15 41	15 22	15 04	14 46	14 28	14 10	13 52	13 34	13 16	
34	16 34	16 14	15 55	15 37	15 19	15 01	14 42	14 24	14 06	13 48	
36	17 16	17 00	16 44	16 24	16 04	15 44	15 24	15 04	14 44	14 22	
	18 02	17 40	17 22	17 02	16 42	16 22	16 02	15 41	15 20	14 59	
40	18 40	18 20	18 00	17 40	17 20	17 00	16 40	16 19	15 58	15 37	
42	19 14	19 02	18 48	18 27	18 06	17.45	17 24	17 03	16 42	16 22	
	20 04	19 50	19 36	119 17	18 58	18 39	18 20	18 00	17 40	17 20	
46	20 43	20 28	20 20	19.54	19 36	19 18	19 00	18 42	18 13	17 55	
			21 00								
50	22 28	22 16	22 00	21 40	21 20	SI CO	20 40	20 19	19 58	19 37	
52	23 28	23 14	23 00	22 39	22 18	21 57	21 36	21 15	20 54	20 33	
54	24 42	24 28	24 12	23 55	23 38	23 21	23 04	22 47	22 30	22 14	
56	25 44	25 33	25 22	25 05	24 48	24 30	24 12	23 54	23 36	23 18	
58	26 30	26 17	26 06	25 48	25 30	25 12	24 54	24 36	24 18	23 59	
60	27 24	27 12	127 00	126 43	126 26	26 09	125 52	25 34	25 16	24 58	

Longit	V. East.								
Lat. 40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
North. O	0 /	0 1	0 /	0 /	0 /	0 /	0 /	<u>° /</u>	0 /
0 6 00	5 15	4.30	3 45	3 00	2 15	1 30	0 45	-	0 45
2 6 19	5 37	4 55	4 13	3 30	2 45	2 00	1 15	0 30	- 00
4 6 36	6 00	5 20	4 39	4 00	3 15	2 30	1 45	1 00	0 20
6 6 55	6.20		5 08	4 30	3 48	3 06	2 24		1 12
8 7 16	6 32	5 58	5 24		4 21	3 42	3 03		1 44
10 7 36	7 04	6 32	6 00			4 14	3 37	3 00	2 23
12 7 56	7 26	6 56	6 26	00		4 46	4 11	3 36	3 02
14 8 30	8 00	7 28	6 00			5 18	4 35		3 37
16 9 04	8 32	8 00	7 28			5 48	5 14		4 06
18 9 32	9 00	8 27	7 57	7 25	6 53	6 20	5 46	5 15	441
20 10 00	9 30	9 00	8 30		7 25	6 54	6 22	5 50	5 18
22 10 28	9 58	9 28	8 58	8 28	A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE	7 32	7 04	6 25	6 00
24 10 56	10 27	9 58	9 29	9 00	8 30	8 00	7 30	7 00	630
26 11 22	10 54	10 26	9 58		9 00	8 28	7 57	7 25	6 54
28 11 48	11 22		10 28	10 00	9 28		8 24		7 18
30 12 22	11 55	11 28	11 00	10 32	10 00	9 28	8 56	8 22	7 50
32 12 56	12 28	12 00	11 32		10 32	10 00	9 28	8 54	8 22
34 13 28	13 00	12 33	12 05	11 37	11 05	10 38	10 01	9 29	8 58
36 14 00	13 33			12 10	9 39	9 08	8 36	10 04	932
38 14 38		13 44	13 17	12 50			4 112 11		10 10
40 15 16			13 56		12 58			11 20	10 47
42 16 08			15 27	14 47	14 06	13 25	12 44	12 12	11 21
44 17 00		16 02	15 03	15 04		13 44	13 09	12 44	12 09
46 17 45		16 48	16 19	15 50			14 07	13 32	12 56
48 18 30			17 05		16 02		14 44		-
50 19 16			18 57		16 45	16 10		15 00	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
	19 44		~ 0,		17 47	17 14	16 41		15 35
54 21 44		2 0		19 06			17 47	4	6 00
56 23 00			21 31		20 20		19 04		18 06
58 23 40		22 44	22 12	21 48	21 12	-	20 00		18 48
60 24 40						21 34	21 02	0	
35,24 40	-4 09	3 30	-3 0/1	22 30)	-2 12,	21 34	1-1 02	20 201	.950

Longitude West .- Variation East.

	1	50	51	52	53 1	54	55	56	57	58	59
Nor		0 1	0 1	0 .	0 1	0 1	01	0 1	0 10	0 ,	0,
Lil	0	1 80	2 15	3 00	3 38	4 15	4 58	5 30	5 55	6 20	6 45
	2	1 12	1 42	2 12	2 54	3 36	4 18	5 00	5 14	5 28	5 42
	41	~!	42	1 24	2 03	2 42	3 21	4 00	4 15	4 30	4 45
	6	421		42	1 20	1 58	2 36	3 11	3 27	3 45	3 18
	8	1 14	0 44		40	1 14	1 49	2 22	2 40	2 58	2 30
	10	1 47	1 10	0 40		31	1 02	1 32	1 51	1 30	1 51
	12	2 26	1 50	1 12	0 40	THE OF 1	Vo Variatio	30	34	0 44	1 12
	14	3 04	2 30	1 56	1 22	0 50	tatio	n.	97	0 14	0 40
	16	3 38	3 09	2 40	2 11	1 33	1 03	0 30	10-11		
	8	4 14	3 46	3 19	2 47	2 15	1 43	1 10	0 42	6	-
	20	4 41	4 13	3 58	3 28	2 58	2 27	1 56	1 26	0 56	0.000.000.000.000.000
	22	5 3 ² 6 04	5 03	4 34 5 10		3 33 4 08	3 02	3 06	2 09	1 47	I 20
	26	6 28	5 37 6 02		4 39 5 05	4 35	4 05	3 35	Printer of the Paris	2 24 2 50	2 02
	28	6 52	6 26	5 35 6 00	5 31	5 02	4 38	4 04	3 13	3 12	2 27 2 46
	30	7 26	7 02	6 38	5 31 6 07	5 35	5 03	4 32	4 08	3 44	3 20
	32	8 00	7 38	716	6 42	6 08	5 34	4 32 5 00	4 36	4 12	3 48
	34	8 24	7 56	7 45	7 11	6 37	6 03	5 30	5 04	4 38	4 12
	36	9 06	8 40	8 14	7 41	7 08	6 34	5 30 6 00	5 32	5 04	4 36
	38	9 45	9 19	8 53	8 19	7 35	701	6 37	607	5 37 6 10	- 0
	40	10 22	9 56	9 30	8 56	8 22	7 44	7 14	6 42	6 10	
	42	10 59	1036	10 13	9 38			7 52	7 18	6 44	6 10
	44	11 45	11 21	10 56	10 20			8 30	^	7 18	7
	46	12 28		11 33					8 44	8 16	7 77
	48					11 04	10 31	9 58	9 28	9 10	1 0
	50	14 00						11 08		10 00	1
	52	15 04	1 - 0			13 00		The second of the second			CONTROL SERVICE
	54		16 56						12 24	11 54	The Control of the State of the
	58	18 14	17 30	17 04	16 26	16 04		The Control of September 1	Carlotte Towns	13 40	
	60	19 18	18 30	18 00	17 30	17 00	16 46	16 00	15 20	14 50	14 20

Variation West.

Longitude West .- Variation East.

1	60 1	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	169
Lat.	0 ,	0 1	0 1	0 1		0 ,	0 ,	0 ,	0 1	0 ,
0	7 10	7 32	7 54	8 10	8 36	8 57	9 18	9 40	10 00	10 20
2	5 55	6 23	6 55	7 13	7 43	8 04	1 %	8 46		9 30
41	4 50	5 27	5 54	6 21	6 50	7 09	7 28	7 47	9 08	8 26
6	4 18	4 45	5 12	5 40	6 01	6 22	6 43	7 04	7 25	7.46
8	3 36	4 00	4 24	4 48	5 12	5 32	5 52	6 13	6 34	6 54
10	2 50	3 15	3 40	4 06		4 50	5 10	5 30	5 49	6 10
12	2 04	2 30	2 56	3 22	3 50	4 07	4 24	4 41	5 00	5 18
34	1 30	1 58	2 26	2 54	3 22	3 38	3 56	4 12	4 25	4 41
16	56	1 23	1 50	2 17		3 02	3 18	3 34	3 50	4 06
18	20	40	1 12	1 38	2 04	2 2 2	2 40	3 00	3 21	3 40
20	-		34	1 00		1 46	2 06	2 27	2 48	3 10
22	1 04	0 30	-	26	52	1 12	1 32	1 52	2 12	2 32
24	1 42	1 14	0 42	-		34	0 56	1 16	1 36	1 56
26	2 04	1 40	1 12	0 40	Line	of No.	34	1 00	1 20	1 40
28	2 30	2 02	1 34	1 06	0 38	of No Var.	lation _	44	1 04	1 24
30	2 57	2 30	2 03	1 36	1 07	0 36	1		46	1 06
32	3 24	2 58	2 31	2 04	1 37	1 20	0 50	20	~	0 40
34	3 46	3 22	2 57	2 30	2 08	1 38	1 08	0 40	1	~
36	4 08	3 34	3 10	2 45	2 29	2 00	1 30	1 00	0 30	
38	4 37	4 15	3 43	3 23	3 10	2 39	2 08	1 37	1 04	0 32
40	5 06	4 45	4 24	4 03	3 41	3 11	2 41	2 09	1 38	1 08
42	5 36	5 15	4 54	4 33	4 12	3 33	3 06	2 39	2 10	1 42
44	6 06	5 45	5 24	5 02	4 43	4 13	3 43	3 13	2 42	2 12
46	7 14	6 44	6 14	5 44	5 14	4 44	4 14	3 44	3 14	2 44
48	8 00	7 30	7 00	6 80	600	5 30	5 00	4 30	4 00	3 30
50	8 54	8 24	7 56	7 26	6 56	6 26	5 56	5 26	4 56	4 26
52	9 56	9 34	900	8 30	800	7 30	7.00	6 30	6 00	5 30
54	10 28		9 34	9 04	8 34	8 04	7 34	7 04	6 34	6 04
56	12 20				9 30	9 00	8 30	8 00	7.30	7 00
58		12 00	11 28	10 58	10 28	9 58	9 28	8 58	8 28	7 56
90	13 50	13 00	12 30	12 00	11 28	10 56	10 26	9 52	9 22	8 50

Variation West.

Longitude West .- Variation East.

1														
Lat.	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79				
North.	10 1	0 1	0 1	0 1	0 1	0 1	0 1	0 1	0 1	0 .				
0		lin o				1			1	7.43				
2														
4	Ho si													
6					16.0	100	-							
8		7 35	756	8 12	8 28	8 44	9 00	9 15	9 30	9 45				
10	6 30	6 50	7 11	7 29	7.47	8 05	9 00	9 15 8 38	8 52	9 07				
12	5 40	6 24	6 26	6 46	7 06	7 27	7 48	8 02	8 16	8 30				
14	5 02	5 35	5 46	6 07	6 28	6 48	7 09	7 23	7 37	751				
16	4 26	4 46	5 06	5 27	5 48	6 09	6 30	6 44	6 58	7 12				
18	3 58	416	4 35	4 56	5 17	5 38	6 00	6 15	6 30	6 45				
20	3 28	3 46	4 04	4 25	4 46	5 08	5 30	5 46	6 02	6 18				
22	2 54	3 16	3 38	4 00	4 22	4 44	5 05	5 19	5 38	5 47				
24	2 21	2 46	3 12	3 34	3 56	4 18	4 40	4 58	5 16	5 35				
26	2 03	2 26	2 50	3 12	3 34	3 57	4 20	4 39	4 58	5 16				
28	1 44	2 04	2 26	2 49	3 12	3 36	4 00	4 19	4 36	4 55				
30	1 26	1 46	2 06	2 29	2 43	3 16	3 40	3 58	4 16	434				
32	1 00	1 20	1 43	2 07	2 31	2 55	3 20	3 38	3 56	4 12				
34 36 38	36	1 00	1 25	1 48	2 12	2 36	8 00	3 19	3 36	3 55				
36	30.0	40	1 00	1 28	1 50	2 15	2 40	2 59	3 18	3 35				
38	. 0		40	1 06	1 32	1 58	2 25	2 44	3 02	3 20				
40	0 48	0 28	-	in 50	1 17	1 44	2 10	2 28	2 46	3 04				
42	1 12	0 42	16	of No	53	1 26	2 00	2 20	2 42	2 54				
44	1 28	1 00	0 36	o 30	ariation	1 17	1 48	2 06	2 26	2 40				
46	2 11	1 34				1 00	1 38	1 50	2 10	2 26				
48	2 37	1 54	1 16	0 50		50	1 26	1 40	2 00	2 14				
50	3 42	2 46	2 00	1 10		1	1 13	1 30	1 50	2 02				
52	4 34	3 38	2 42	1 40		0 20	1 00	1 20	1 38	1 50				
54	5 04 6 00	4 04	3 04	2 04		0 30	140	1 10	1 28	1 38				
56	SECTION OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	5 00	3 56	2 50	Charles British Charles St. Co.	0 50	11	1 00						
58	ALL A RESOLUTION OF	5 45 6 34	4 36	3 3c	2 20	1 10	. \	45	1 00	1 14				
00,	7 421	6 34	5 25	4 20	3 10	2 CO]	11	30	0 50	1 02				
	Variation West. Variation East.													
		Varia	ttion	vv eit	•	6	11	ariat	ion I	Lait.				

Longitude

Longitude West. --- Variation East.

	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89
Lat. North	0 .1	0 1	0 1	0 ,	0 1	0 1	0 1	0 1	0 /	0 1
0										
2										
6										
8	10 00									12 15
10	9 22	9 43	10 05							
. 12	8 44	9 07	1 20		10 36	10 51	11 06	11 20	11 34	11 49
14	8 05	8 28		914	936	9 56	10 16	10 36		11 16
16	7 26				836	8 56	9 18	9 38	9 59	10 22
18	700					8 40	9 00	9 22	9 44	10 06
20	6 36	6 56				8 20		9 00	9 20	9 40
22	600	6 20	6 40	7 00		7 50	8 04			
24	5 5 4	6 11	6 29	6 45	700		7 40	8 00	8 20	
26	5 34	5 54	614	6 34	642	7 10		7 48	8 00	
28			5 45		6 24			7 24	7 44	
30	4 54	5 14	5 32	5 50	610	6 28	6 48	7 08	7 28	748

TABLES OF THE VARIATION

OF THE

MAGNETIC NEEDLE.

Observed at different Times in the Atlantic Ocean, North of the Equator.

Longitude from the Meridian of London.

Va	ria.	L	at.	Long. W.					
o'	,	0	,	0					
3	0	18	07	34	15				
3	30	13	25	34	09				
5	00	4		24	00				
5	00	2	10	23	35				
5	00	22	41	35	27				
5	30	26	05	36	09				
191	00	28	10	26	20				

7 30 26 35 36 09 8 00 9 22 22 41 8 30 13 31 22 10 9 00 15 33 22 26 9 00 0 13 18 16 9 30 13 31 22 10 10 30 13 45 20 20

Observed by Duclos Guyot, in 1763.

	Guy	0
Va	ria. V.	
0		
II	00	
II	45	•
12	00	•
12	15	
12	30	
13	00	•
14	00 45 00 15 30 00 00 00 00	
16	00	4
18	00	
18	00	4
18	00	4
19	00	4
19	00	4
19	00	

Observed by Duclos										
	Guy				-					
Va	ria.	La	it.	L	ong.					
V	V.	N	1.	W.						
-		-		0						
0	00	0			,					
II		30		20	.02					
II	45	31		20	35					
12	00	32	24	2 I	24					
12		31	12	2 I	17					
12	30		10	2 I	56					
13	00	26	12	19	40					
14	00	33	56	20	31					
16	00		43	2 I	02					
18	00	37	35	18	03					
18	00	4I	25	15	17					
18	00	1.00	54	3	28					
19	00		50	17	14					
19	00		54	5	45					
19	00	49	03	4	59					
	Beugainville,									

By whom observed in 1766.	Varia W.		STATE OF BUILDING STATES			ong.
	0	1	0	,	0	,
Bougainville, 1766,	4			54		
Carteret, October 10,	5	36	6		21	
Bougainville,	5	45			27	
	5		17			
	5	55	13		25	
	6			54		
Carteret, October 11,	6	40	6	41	2 I	05
Bougainville,	8	00	3	00	18	07
Carteret, in September,	8	00	15	00	22	30
September 22,	8	20	16	34	23	20
Bougainville,	8	15	I	45	18	05
Wallis, September 24,	8	20	14			20
Bougainville,	8	45	27	18	29	53
	II	30	33	46	23	55
	12	30		46	21	43
Carteret, Sept. 17,	13		24	33	18	52
Bougainville,	13	15	36	07	18	51
Chappe, Jan. 7,	14	13		27	14	42
Wallis, Aug. 3,	14	23		30	16	30
Carteret, Sept. 4,	16			34		05
Sept. 3,	19	04		36		10
Chappe, at Cadiz,		12		31	5	48
Carteret,	-	173	1.	27		42
Aug. 30,		25 4			2.	47
Wallis,		00 5		00		16
Carteret,		304		181	8	СО
By whom observed in 1767,				t.	LOI	ng.
1768, 1769, and 1771.	E	.	N		W	
	0	,	0	,	0	,
De Fleurieu, April 28, 1769,	0	00	4	454	17	10
Gerard De Brahm,	0	093	15-	307	14	30
July 27, 1771,	0	413	4	387	13	27
July 26, 1771,	1	303	3	25 7	4	55
	I	303	13	30	7	00
I						ird

By whom observed in 1767, 1768, 1769, and 1771.	Vari E.				Loi	
Gerard De Brahm,	2 0	00	28	40	82 81	10
De Fleurieu, June 24, 1769, March 2, April 19, Gerard de Brahm, July 25,?	2, 2	3	32 14 14	15 51 22	70 57 51	22 27
1771, }	2 4	1		30		13
De Fleurieu, June 22, 1769, May 3, June 20,	3 2 3 2	7	27 14	47 39	70 59	36 37
Gerard de Brahm, 1771, De Fleurieu, May 22, 1769,	3 5 4 C 5 I	0	²⁷ ₂₀	20	80 71	30
Gerard de Brahm, 1771, Off Cape Florida,		9	29	40	80 81 80	50
Chappe, La Vera Cruz, March 15, 1769, Gerard de Brahm,	6 2 6 4	5 · 8 · 7 · 7 ·	² 4	25 10	82	2443
De Fleurieu, April 28, 1769, Gerard de Brahm, July 28,	W.	0				
De Fleurieu, April 1769, April 27,	0 2	1	14	44	47	40
Chappe, Jan. 23, 1769, De Fleurieu, April 26, 1769, April 25,	1 1 1 1 1 5	5 8	18 14 14	04 45 47	41 43 41	48 16 02
June 27, April 18, Chappe, Feb. 1,	I I I 5 2 0 2 I 2 3	5	34	06 48 12	67 39 54	11 45 43
Gerard de Brahm, July 29,}	3 0		37	06	70 Ger	26

By whom observed in 1767, 1768, 1769, and 1771.	Varia.	Lat.	Long. W.
Gerard de Brahm, July 30,	3 00	。, 37 44	69 38
De Fleurieu, June 29, 1769, Chappe, Feb. 8, Feb. 2, Wallis, April 11, 1768, Carteret, Feb. 15, 1769, Wallis, April 8, 1768,	3 37 4 07 4 20 4 30 4 35 4 48	37 07 36 34 14 53 15 12 21 28 6 28 15 04	63 10 61 55 56 30 36 07 32 10 34 00
De Fleurieu, June 30, 1769, Gerard de Brahm, Aug. 1,?	10E	37 27	
1771, }		38 34	
Aug. 4, Carteret, Feb. 26, 1769, Feb. 21, Feb. 19,	6 00 6 12 6 48	38 48 23 54 14 39 12 06	27 39 25 45 24 04
Feb. 10, Nov. 8,		2 39 I 56	
Chappe, January, 13, 1769, Carteret, November 8, Cook and Bayly, Oct. 8, 1768,	8 27 8 37	23 12 3 45 7 58	27 O5 18 54
Gerard de Brahm, Aug. 8,	8 52	40 43	54 19
Aug. 10, Aug. 15,		41 27	
Cook, Oct. 1, 1768, De Fleurieu, April 3,	10 37	14 06	21 40
Gerard de Brahm, June 1771,	11 00 7		13 42
Chappe, Dec. 1768, Wallis, April 1768,	11 20	31 56 1	3 05
De Fleurieu, April 1769,	12 00	14 26 1	9 30
I 2	12 15 1		6 54 erard

By whom observed in 1767, 1768, 1769, and 1771.						ng.
Gerard de Brahm, Aug. 18,7	0			,	•	
1771, 5	13	00	44	30	31	35
Aug. 19,	13	00	44	30	40	00
De Fleurieu, July 20, 1769,		00				
Chappe, Dec. 31, 1768,		00	-			M. Jan York Made
De Fleurieu, July 21, 1769,		19				Sec. 1987 (1987)
Carteret, March 3,		26	79 - 1			05
At St. Michel, March 4,	13	43	34	02	22	02
Gerard de Brahm, Aug. 22,	14	00	45	34	30	14
Aug. 22,	14	00	45	30	29	30
Chappe, Jan. 5, 1769,	14	07	27	46	14	11
De Fleurieu, Aug. 28,	14	23	31	41	17	44
Chappe, Jan. 1,	14	25	29	29	13	43
Wallis, April 23, 1768,	14	30	36	15	28	10
De Fleurieu, Aug. 8, 1769,	14	38	34	45	19	22
Carteret, March 5,	14	53	35	30	21	26
March 6,	14	58	36	46	20	53
De Fleurieu, Aug. 12,	15	00	32	33	16	41
Gerard de Brahm, Aug. 23,	15	00	46	28	28	55
Carteret, March 6, 1769,	15	06	36	46	IQ	53
		15		46		03
De Fleurieu, Sept. 1,		28				12
Cook, in Sept.		30				24
De Fleurieu, July 18,		36				
Sept. 7,		- (1				
July 12,	15	43	28	33	15	36
Sept. 4,	15	56	32	4	16	13
Chappe, Jan. 8,	15	57	26	26	18	00
Gerard de Brahm, Aug. 24, ?	16	200		201	26	
1771, 5	10	00	+/	29	20	49
De Fleurieu, Sept. 8, 1769,	16	00	34	21	II	17
Sept. 11,	16	36 43 56 57 00 00 22	35	30	-7	32
					Co	ok,

By whom observed in 1767, 1768, 1769, and 1771.	Varia. W.				Lo	
C 1 C (8	0		0	. ,	0	•
Cook, Sept. 1768,					16	
De Fleurieu, July 9, 1769,					42	
Carteret, March 28,					38	
De Fleurieu, March 29,					15	
Oct. 28,					18	
Aug. 3,	17	02	37	14	25	13
Gerard de Brahm, Aug. 26,	17	06	48	00	28	10
1771, J		1613			Y	
De Fleurieu, at Cadiz, in	1.7	10	40	49	23	13
March, 1769, -	17	15	36	31	6	48
Cook, in fight of Teneriffe, Sept. 23, 1768,	17	22				
De Fleurieu, Oct. 17, 1769,	17	28	46	43	6	32
Cook and Bayly, Sept. 20,	A BOY IS					3-
1768, Salvages,	17	50	31	II	-	
Gerard de Brahm, Aug. 28,7						
1771, 5	18	00	49	28	16	09
Aug. 29,	18	00	49	22	19	09
De Fleurieu, Sept. 12, 1769,					6	
Gerard de Brahm, Sept. 5,7				-		
1771,	18	30	49	14	2	04
	18	30	49	15	6	29
Kerguelon, 1767,	18	30	60	-	2	
Courtanvaux, June 9, 1767,]		•	00	03	1 2	11
at Dunkirk,	18	33	51	02		
De Fleurieu, Oct. 12, 1769,	18	40	36	34	06	15
Kerguelon, 1767,	18	42	60	44	2	41
Kerguelon, 1767, Courtanvaux, 1767, off Rot-\terdam, terdam, - \} Kerguelon, 1767, Cook, July 30, 1769, Courtanvaux, 1767, at Calais,	19	00	51	55		
Kerguelon, 1767.	10	00	50	30	1	10
Cook, July 30, 1760.	10	20	22	04	11	20
Courtanyaux, 1767, at Calais	IO	26	50	57	T	6F
	1-7	30	120	3/	ha	ppe
						PP

By whom observed in 1767, 1768, 1769, and 1771.						
Chappe, 1768, at Havre de Grace, }	19	42	49	29	0	, 17E.
Kerguelon, 1767,	19	42	60	44	2	41
	20	00	48	46	7	34
Wallis, May 13, 1768,	20	00	49	58	6	38
	20	00	41	56	8	48
Feb. 18,	20	22	44	15	7	50
Kerguelon, 1767,	2 I	00	60	10	0	31
Cook, Sept. 5, 1768,					8	
Wallis, May 10, 1768,	22	30	49	33	7	25
Kerguelon, 1767,		-			9	
	23	30	60	58	17	11
		-			23	
				- 1	26	

By whom observed in 1773, 1774, and 1776.		ria E.		at. N.	Long W	
On board the L'Ecureuil, 1774,	0		0	1	0	,,
011 20 11 cm 2 20 11 cm, 1 / / 4,	1	-		37	1	29
	_	30				-
						47
	3					
	-	30	SERVICE AND A		P. O. C. SO.	
		v. 45	10	54	01	54
On board L' Ecureuil, 1774,	0	30	29	9	59	41
	0	50	14	40	47	50
	I	15	30	32	58	08
	I	30	15	11	45	27
C 1 1 D 1 A	4	00				
Cook and Bayly, Aug. 31,	4	42	0	57	26	30
	4	49	0	07	26	30
	4	52	0	51	26	40
					Co	ok

By whom observed in 1773, 1774, and 1774.	Van	ria.	N.		Lo	ng.
Cook and Bayly, Aug. 30,	0 4	56	o I	14	25	32
, , , , , , ,	5	00		14	100	12 1 (10)
On board L'Ecureuil,			34		51	
	5 5	45	18	52	40	
Cook and Bayly,	5	54	0	51	26	40
Aug. 1776,	5	56	0	51	26	40
On board L'Ecureuil, 1774,	5	45	18	52	39	03
	6	00	36	15	49	47
Cook, 1776,	6	10	2	05	25	00
	6	12	I	14	25	32
	6	24	2	05	25	00
Cook and Bayly,	6	33	2	05	25	00
	6	41	0	51	26	40
Aug. 29,	6	49	2	17	24	20
On board L'Ecureuil, 1774,	7		21	46	29	17
Cook, Aug. 1776,	7	38	2	28	24	06
Bayly, Aug. 19,	7	56	2	40	23	40
Cook and Bayly, Aug. 26,	8	02	3	59	21	56
	8	05		45	22	04
Aug. 29,	8	07	2	40	22	40
Cook, Aug. 15,	8	09	II		23	
Aug 26,	8	13	3	37	22	50
	8	15	3	45	22	04
Bayly, Aug. 25,	8	15	4	23	20	32
Cook,	8	20	4	23	20	32
Aug. 26,	8	27	3	4.5	22	04
Cook and Bayly, Aug. 27,	8	28	3	37	22	50
Aug. 26,	8	30	3	59	24	56
Cook, Aug. 27,	8	30	3	59	21	56
Cook and Bayly, Aug. 27,	8	40	3	37	22	50
Aug. 26,	8 8 8	52	3	45	22	04
Aug. 26,		58	3		22	
Rosnevet, 1773,	9	00	0	13	18	
Cook and Bayly, Aug. 25, 1776,	9	00	4	23	20	32
					C	ook

By whom observed in 1773, 1774, and 1776.		ria. V.	L	at.	Lo	ong.
Cook and Bayly, Aug. 25, 7	9	02	0	,	0	22
1776,	19	02	4	23	20	32
Aug. 26.	9	02	3	45	22	04
Cook, Aug. 25,	9	05		23	20	32
Aug. 26,	9	10	3	59	21	56
Bayly, Aug. 27,	9	13	3	37	22	
Aug. 11,	9	15	15	25	23.	06
Aug. 25,	9	15			20	32
Aug. 13,	9	16	12		23	24
	9	16	12		23	
Cook, Aug. 18,	9	17	8		22	
	9	25	8		22	20
Bayly, Aug. 29,	9	26		08	23	30
Cook, Aug. 13,	9	28	13	32		15
	9	31		32		15
Aug. 21,	9	31		33	18	32
Phipps, June 29, 1773,	9	34		02		20E.
Cook, Aug. 4, 1776,	9	35		21		20
Cook and Bayly, Aug 14,	9	39	8	55		20
Aug. 18,	9	43		22		15
Aug. 14,	9	44	6	29		35
Aug. 22,	9	48		21		24
Aug. 14.	9	50		25		06
Aug. 11,	9	51	6	09		40
Aug. 22,	9	52		25		06
Aug. 21,	9	52	8	55		20
Aug. 14,	9	52	12	22	23	15
Aug. 21,	1	53	8	100	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	
Aug. 11,	9999	54	15	55	23	06
Aug. 21,	9	54 55 56	8	55	22	20
Aug. 18,	9	56	8	22	22	20
On board L' Ecureuil, in ?	1					
	10	00	24	25	31	32
1774, J	13.25					20
Phipps, June 29, 1773,	110	10	10	021		
					C	ook

By whom observed in 1773, 1774, and 1776.	W.		L	at.	Loi	ng.
Cook and Bayly, Aug. 11,	0		•		0	•
Cook and Bayly, Aug. 11,	10	II	15	25	23	06
Aug. 10,	10	12		21	20	00
Cook, Aug. 22,	10	J. March St. St.			18	
Aug. 21,	10	A SHOP		-	18	
Rosnevet, in 1773,	10	J 150 3 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	A COUNTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PA			06
Cook, Aug. 10, 1776,	10				22	
Aug 11,	10		15		23	
Aug. 10,	10				22	
Rosnevet, 1773,	0.220.00				16	
1,01,10 (45) 1//31					20	
On board the l' Ecureuil,		00			29	
Cook and Bayly, Aug. 11,						
1776,	11	01	15	42	22	52
Cook, Aug. 22,	II	13	6	26	19	35
Rosnevet, in 1773,	II	15	100 DE 100 D		-	30
Cook and Bayly, Aug. 21,	11	24	1		22	20
-1/0,	11	27	16	2-	22	20
Bayly, Aug. 25,	II		17			36
Aug. 22,	II	42		-		35
Phipps, June 28, 1773,	11	7.00	1	-		45E.
Cook, Aug. 22, 1776,	II	5.7				35
0001, 1108. 22, 1//0,	12		6			
Phipps, June 29, 1773,	12		78		The second second	35 17E.
July 31,		:24				
Cook and Bayly, Aug. 18,7	12	24	1.	55	10	20
1776, J	1					
Aug. 115	12	25	15	42	22.	52
On board l' Ecureuil in 1774	, 12	30	27	30	27	27
Cook and Bayly, Aug. 22,	12	38	6	29	19	35
Phipps, June 29, 1773,	12	36	78	02	8	. 17
K					Co	ook,

By whom observed in 1773, 1774, and 1776.		ria. V.	La	It. V.	10.00	ng. V.
Cook, Aug. 11, 1776,	12	20	15	42	22	52
Phipps, July 26, 1773,	12		80	7 - 15 07 17 30 8	12	
Cook, Aug. 8, 1776,			19		30	09
Cook, 11ug. 0, 1//0,	13		19	COLUMN TOWN	19	THE PARTY OF THE P
On board l' Ecureuil in 1774,	13			18		
Bayly, Sept. 16, 1776,	13	The State of the last	39	COLLEGE AND ADDRESS.	13	50
Cook, Aug. 8,	13	0.1555	19		20	
Bayly,	13				13	
0 1 11 5	-		28		25	10
Cook, Aug. 8, 1776,	13	- /			20	09
Cook and Bayly,	13			30		25-P-10035099
	13	State of the last		30		33
Aug. 3, On board l' Ecureuil in 1774,	14			-	20 S A A S S S	40
Wallis, Sept. 8, 1776,	14		30		22	54
Cook, Aug. 8,	14	THE NAME OF THE OWNER,	32	4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	16	
Cook, Aug. o,	14		20	30	D. N. S. Carlot	33
	14	30		2000	19	CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY.
A	14	35		Port of March	19	
Aug. 3,	14	41	77.8	30		30
Phipps, July 2, 1773,	14	55	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			38E
On board l' Ecureuil in 1774,	100 100 100 100			38		50
NEW TO SERVICE AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF	15	00	The state of	42		03
	15	00		27	C. LEAD	39
Cook and Bayly, Aug. 6, 1776,		04	11 × 11	54		50
	15	12		54		50
	15	20		54		50
	1.5	30		50	25	10
	16	00		47	12	44
Phipps, June 6, 1773,	16	22	52	20	0	30
	16	38 50 52	52	20	0	30
June 27,	16	50	74	20	01	13E
Bayly, Aug. 19, 1776,	16	52	27	43	20	30
Phipps, June 6, 1773,	16	55	(2	20	0	30E
	17	0014	LI	071	12	21
	17	08,4	I	30	29	54
				16.	Bay	ly.

By whom observed in 1773	By whom observed in 1773, Vari					ong.
D. L. Aug vo vo	0		100	.'	10	
Bayly, Aug. 19, 1776,	17					32
Phipps, June 25, 1773,	117			55		
June 2,	17			20		
Rosnevet, 1773,	17			00		
	17			00		
Phipps, June 27,	17	22	74	20	10	13
On board l'Ecurcuil, 1774,	17	30	+3	39	33	27
Cook and Bayly, July 30,	17	43	31	08	15	00
On board! Fouravil in 1776	1.0	00	١			07
On board l' Ecureuil in 1774	, 18	00	144	53	31	27
Cook and Bayly, July 28,	18	07	33	45	14	20
Cook and Bayly, July 29,	18		1	0.1		20
1776,	1.0	• • •	32	04	14	20
On board l'Ecureuil in 1774	81	15	43	46	11	50
Cook, July 30, 1776,	18		31	08	15	50
July, 28,	18	33	33	45	14	20
July 29,	18		33		14	20
	18			04	0.075073073	
	81	TO TO THE REAL PROPERTY.	-	04		
July 21,	18			10		32
Cook and Bayly, July 28,	18	55		45		
Phipps, July 31, in 1773,	18	57	1	44		-
July 27,	19	00	Day Charles	20		13E
June 19,	119	11		3		26E
On board l'Ecureuil in 1774,	19	13		23		58
Cook, July 30, 1776,	19	21	The second of	08		00
Phipps, June 17, 1773,	19	22			-	34
On board l'Ecureuil in 1774,	10	30		29	7	22
Phipps, Aug. 31, 1773,	19	33	58	48		54E.
Cook, July 13, 1776,		49	02	08	4	
On board l'Ecureuil,	20	00	17	07		
Cook, Aug. 6, 1774,	20			17		59
K 2	20	14	ts			51
K 2					Coc	ny,

By whom observed in 1773, 1774, and 1776.		Varia. W.		at. N.	L	ong. V.
	0	,	0		0	-
Cook, July 13, 1776,	20	18	50	08		
On board l'Ecureuil, in 177						15
Cook, July 13, 1776,		36	-		4	10
Bayly, Aug. 13,	20	-			15	32
Phipps, July 2, 1773,	20		79			32E
Sept. 20,	20	47	52	57	2	ooE
On board l'Ecureuil in 177	4,20	49	48	31	7	00
Bayly, Aug. 6, 1776,	20	59	43	36	.9	46
On board l'Ecureuil in 177	4,21	00	48	27	10	22
Phipps, June 27, 1773,	21	11	74	20	01	03E
Bayly, July 11, 1776,	21	36	48	7700-727		40
Aug. 11,	21		35			30
Phipps, June 14, 1773,	21		60			37
Sept. 4,	22	14				51E.
Cook Inly or 1776	100	27		3 3 3	10	Contract of the
Cook and Bayly, July 17,	1	m = 2	9			0.0
1776,	} 22	38	4.8	44	4	30
Cook, July 25,	22	56	40	41	10	40
Aug. 8,	22	56		41		40
Phipps, June 14, 1773,	22		60			09
June 27,	23		74		40000	13E.
June 21,	23		68		0	
Cook, July 17, 1776,		25		1		Charles and the
Phipps, June 15, 1773,	123	-	Charles Miller	41		
Aug of	24	02				IIE.
Aug. 31,	24	17	Part of the second	47		54E,
Bayly, July 17, 1776,	24	-		35		
Ohinna Cant &	25	18		35		47
Phipps, Sept. 5, 1773,	25	46	-	45		46E.
June 15,	26	16		20	0	09_
Sept. 3,	26	55	65	471	2	57E.

July 4, Cook, June 5, Aug. 27, Bayly, June 25, July 6, Bayly, June 15, Aug. 25, Cook and Bayly, June 18, Bayly, July 10, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 7, 1782, Cook, July 6, Bayly, July 14, 1780, Cook, July 6, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 10 00 59 48 10 16 36 15 11 26 26 10 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	By whom observed in 1780, to 1782.	Va	ria.	La	I.	Lo	ng.
Bayly, June 30, 1780, July 1, June 12, June 27, June 20, June 13, July 8, July 4, Cook, June 5, Aug. 27, Bayly, June 15, Aug. 25, Cook and Bayly, June 18, Bayly, July 10, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 7, 1782, Aug. 25, Cook, July 6, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 6, 1780, July 23, July 24, July 24, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, July 44, July 24, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, July 30, Aug. 2, July 30, Aug. 2, July 44, July 42, July 44, July 42, July 44, J		D BOOK SAID		RESIDENT.		A	
July 1, June 12, June 27, June 20, June 13, July 8, July 4, Cook, June 5, Aug. 27, Bayly, June 25, July 6, Bayly, July 10, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 7, 1782, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 6, Rayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 6, Rayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. Rayly, July 23, July 23, July 24, July 24, July 25, July 27, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, Aug. 2	그 그 아이들은 아이들은 아이들은 그들은 아이들은 아이들은 아이들은 아이들은 아이들은 아이들은 아이들은 아이						
June 12, June 27, June 20, June 13, July 8, July 4, Cook, June 5, Aug. 27, Bayly, June 22, July 6, Bayly, July 10, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 7, 1782, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 6, Rayly, July 6, Rayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. Rayly, July 23, July 23, July 24, July 29, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, Aug. 2, Se 1 3 31 25 40 7 18 4 1225 30 7 18 29 2441 10 7 58 5 10 25 10 7 58 3 30 22 50 Rayly, June 18, Rayly, June 18, Rayly, June 18, Rayly, July 10, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. Rayly, July 14, 1780, Rayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. Rayly, July 23, July 23, July 24, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, Rayly 30 18 28 43 20 26 50 Rayly 30, Aug. 2,							
June 27, June 20, July 8, July 4, Cook, June 5, Aug. 27, Bayly, June 25, July 6, Bayly, June 15, Aug. 25, Cook and Bayly, June 18, Bayly, July 10, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 7, 1782, Cook, July 6, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 6, Rayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 6, 1780, July 23, July 27, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, Aug. 2, Aug. 27, Aug. 25, Aug. 26 Aug. 26 Aug. 26 Aug. 27 Aug. 28 Aug. 26 Aug. 27 Aug. 27 Aug. 28 Aug. 26 Aug. 27 Aug. 27 Aug. 28 Aug. 26 Aug. 27 Aug. 28 Aug. 26 Aug. 27 Aug. 27 Aug. 29 Aug. 29 Aug. 20 Aug. 2	나는 사람들은 사람들이 되었다면 하는 사람들이 모든 사람들이 되었다면 하는 것이 되었다면 하는 것이 없는 그 없는 것이 없다면 하는 것이다면 없다면 없다면 없다면 없다면 없다면 다른 사람들이 없다면 다른 사람들이 없다면 없다면 하는데 없다면	The Later of the l		100 CM 700		Park Ass.	
June 20, June 13, July 8, July 4, Cook, June 5, Aug. 27, Bayly, June 25, July 6, Bayly, June 15, Aug. 25, Cook and Bayly, June 18, Bayly, July 10, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 7, 1782, 7, 1782, Cook, July 6, Bayly, July 14, 1780, Cook, July 6, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 21, July 23, July 27, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, Aug. 2, 7 10 9 04 27 00 7 18 4 12 25 30 7 18 29 24 41 10 7 58 3 30 22 50 7 0912 4121 16 8 05 9 37 28 16 8 15 5 11 25 56 8 15 4 23 20 32 8 17 19 27 20 9 11 30 28 41 20 Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 10 00 59 48 10 16 Churchi 10 36 05 40 30 11 10 36 05 40 30 15 11 38 25 36 50 15 11 38 25 36 50 16 43 44 24 33 20 17 55 43 33 28 30 18 28 43 20 26 50 Aug. 2, Aug. 2, 20 23 44 45 12 4							
July 8, July 4, Cook, June 5, Aug. 27, Bayly, June 25, June 22, July 6, Bayly, June 15, Aug. 25, Cook and Bayly, June 18, Bayly, July 10, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 7, 1782, Bayly, July 14, 1780, Cook, July 6, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 6, 1780, July 23, July 24, July 29, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, 7, 18 4 12 25 30 7, 18 29 24 41 10 7, 55 25 18 39 44 7, 58 5 10 25 10 7, 58 3 30 22 50 7, 9912 41 21 16 8, 05 9 37 28 16 8, 05 27 48 40 30 8, 17 19 27 20 9, 11 30 28 41 26 Churchi 10 00 59 48 10 16 10 16 36 15 11 20 27 48 40 30 10 16 36 15 11 20 30 59 13 16 11 10 36 05 40 30 15 07 38 41 32 41 15 09 38 10 36 50 16 43 44 24 33 20 17 55 43 33 28 30 18 28 43 20 26 50 20 23 44 45 12 4							
July 8, July 4, Cook, June 5, Aug. 27, Bayly, June 25, July 6, Bayly, June 15, Aug. 25, Cook and Bayly, June 18, Bayly, July 10, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 7, 1782, Bayly, July 14, 1780, Cook, July 6, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 6, 1780, July 23, July 23, July 27, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, Aug. 2, Aug. 2, Aug. 24, Aug. 24, Aug. 24, Aug. 26, Aug. 27, Aug. 28, Aug. 28, Aug. 29, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, Aug. 23, Aug. 26, Aug. 26, Aug. 27, Aug. 28, Aug. 28, Aug. 29, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, Aug. 23, Aug. 24, Aug. 26, Aug. 27, Aug. 28, Aug. 28, Aug. 29, Aug. 29, July 30, Aug. 2, Aug. 24, Aug. 26, Aug. 26, Aug. 27, Aug. 27, Aug. 28, Aug. 29, Aug. 27, Aug. 29, Aug. 20, Aug	선생님은 사람이 아내지가 되어야 하고 있는 사람이 없는 사람들이 사용하게 되었다. 그리고 아내지 않는데 그렇게 살아 없다.	7	10	9	04	27	00
July 4, Cook, June 5, Aug. 27, Bayly, June 25, June 22, July 6, Bayly, June 15, Aug. 25, Cook and Bayly, June 18, Bayly, July 10, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. Bayly, July 14, 1780, Cook, July 6, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 21, July 23, July 21, July 27, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, Aug. 2, To 55 25 18 39 44 7 58 5 10 25 10 7 58 3 30 22 50 7 09 12 41 21 16 8 05 27 48 40 32 8 51 7 19 27 20 9 11 30 28 41 26 10 00 59 48 to fight of c.c.hurching the content of the							
Cook, June 5, Aug. 27, Bayly, June 25, July 6, Bayly, June 15, Aug. 25, Cook and Bayly, June 18, Bayly, July 10, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 7, 1782, Bayly, July 14, 1780, Cook, July 6, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 6, 1780, July 23, July 21, July 22, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, Aug	July 8,						
Cook, June 5, Aug. 27, Bayly, June 25, July 6, Bayly, June 15, Aug. 25, Cook and Bayly, June 18, Bayly, July 10, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 7, 1782, Bayly, July 14, 1780, Cook, July 6, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 6, 1780, July 23, July 21, July 22, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, Aug	July 4,	7	55	25	18	39	44
Aug. 27, Bayly, June 25, July 6, Bayly, June 15, Aug. 25, Cook and Bayly, June 18, Bayly, July 10, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 7, 1782, Bayly, July 14, 1780, Cook, July 6, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 6, 1780, July 23, July 21, July 22, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, A	Cook, June 5,	7	58	5	10	25	. 10
Bayly, June 25, June 22, July 6, Bayly, June 15, Aug. 25, Cook and Bayly, June 18, Bayly, July 10, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. Sayly, July 14, 1780, Cook, July 6, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 6, 1780, July 23, July 21, July 22, July 27, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, July 44 121 16 8 05 9 37 28 16 8 05 9 37 28 16 9 37 28 17 9 37 28 17 9 37 28 17 9 37 28 9 37 28 9 37 28 9 37 28 9 37 28 9 37 28 9 37 28 9 37 28 9 37 9 37 28 9 37 28 9 37 9 37 28 9 37 9 37 9 37 9 37 9 37 9 37 9 37 9 37 9 37 9 37 9 37 9 37 9 3			58	3	.30	22	50
June 22, July 6, Bayly, June 15, Aug. 25, Cook and Bayly, June 18, Bayly, July 10, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. Bayly, July 14, 1780, Cook, July 6, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 6, 1780, July 23, July 21, July 22, July 27, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, Bayly, July 30, Aug. 2, Bayly, July 4, 1780, So 5 9 37 28 16 8 05 27 48 40 32 8 15 7 19 27 20 8 15 7 19 27 20 9 11 30 28 41 26 10 00 59 48 in fight 6 c.churchi 10 00 59 48 in fight 6 c.churchi 10 00 59 48 in fight 6 c.churchi 11 0 36 05 40 30 15 07 38 41 32 40 15 09 38 10 36 50 16 43 44 24 33 20 17 55 43 33 28 30 18 28 43 20 26 50 20 23 44 45 12 4		7	09	12	41	21	16
July 6, Bayly, June 15, Aug. 25, Cook and Bayly, June 18, Bayly, July 10, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 7, 1782, Bayly, July 14, 1780, Cook, July 6, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 6, 1780, July 23, July 21, July 22, July 27, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, Bayly, July 30, Aug. 2, Bayly, July 6, 1780, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, Bayly, July 30, Aug. 2, Bayly, July 6, 1780, Bayly, July 6, 1780, July 21, July 22, July 27, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, Bayly, July 30, Aug. 2, Bayly, July 6, 1780, Bayly, July 12, Bayly, July 14, 1780, Bayly, July 16, Bayly, July 16, Bayly, July 10, Bayly, July 10							
Bayly, June 15, Aug. 25, Cook and Bayly, June 18, Bayly, July 10, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. Bayly, July 14, 1780, Cook, July 6, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 6, 1780, July 23, July 21, July 22, July 27, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, 8 15 5 11 25 56 8 15 4 23 20 32 8 51 7 19 27 20 9 11 30 28 41 26 9 11 30 28 9 11 30 28 9 11 30 28 9 11 30 28 9 11 30 28 9 11 30 28 9							
Aug. 25, Cook and Bayly, June 18, Bayly, July 10, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. Bayly, July 14, 1780, Cook, July 6, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 6, 1780, July 23, July 21, July 22, July 27, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, 8 15 4 23 20 32 8 41 26 9 11 30 28 41 26 9 11 30 28 41 26 9 11 30 28 41 26 9 11 30 28 41 26 9 11 30 28 41 26 9 11 30 28 41 26 9 11 30 28 41 26 9 11 30 28 41 26 9 11 30 28 41 26 9 11 30 28 41 26 9 11 30 28 41 26 9 11 30 28 41 26 9 11 30 28 41 26 9 11 30 28 41 26 10 05 27 48 40 30 11 10 36 05 40 30 15 07 38 41 32 40 15 09 38 10 36 50 15 11 38 25 36 50 16 43 44 24 33 20 17 55 43 33 28 30 18 28 43 20 26 50 20 23 44 45 12 4							
Cook and Bayly, June 18, Bayly, July 10, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 7, 1782, Bayly, July 14, 1780, Cook, July 6, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 6, 1780, July 23, July 23, July 21, July 27, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, S 51 7 19 27 20 9 11 30 28 41 26 10 00 59 48 in fight c.churchi 10 05 27 48 40 30 10 30 59 13 in fight c.churchi 10 36 05 40 30 15 07 38 41 32 40 15 09 38 10 36 50 15 11 38 25 36 50 16 43 44 24 33 20 17 55 43 33 28 30 18 28 43 20 26 50 20 23 44 45 12 4	[1] : C. T. H.	8	15	4	23	20	32
Bayly, July 10, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 7, 1782, Bayly, July 14, 1780, Cook, July 6, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 6, 1780, July 23, July 21, July 27, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, July 30, Aug. 2, July 30, Aug. 2, July 10, July 10, July 20, July 30, Aug. 2,							
Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 7, 1782,	Bayly, July 10.	0					
Bayly, July 14, 1780, Cook, July 6, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 6, 1780, July 23, July 21, July 22, July 27, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2,	Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug.			-		CONTRACT.	260
Bayly, July 14, 1780, Cook, July 6, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 6, 1780, July 23, July 21, July 22, July 27, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, 10 01 35 25 11 06 10 05 27 48 40 30 10 16 36 15 41 22 10 30 59 13 c.churchi 11 10 36 05 40 30 15 07 38 41 32 40 15 09 38 10 36 50 15 11 38 25 36 50 16 43 44 24 33 20 17 55 43 33 28 30 18 28 43 20 26 50 20 23 44 45 12 4	7. 1782	10	00	59	48	C.Ch	urchi
Cook, July 6, Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 6, 1780, July 23, July 21, July 22, July 27, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, 10 05 27 48 40 30 10 16 36 15 41 22 10 30 59 13 in fight c.churchi 11 10 36 05 40 30 15 07 38 41 32 40 15 11 38 25 36 50 16 43 44 24 33 20 17 55 43 33 28 30 18 28 43 20 26 50 20 23 44 45 12 4		10	OI	25	25	I T	06
Bayly, July 12, Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 8, 1782, Bayly, July 6, 1780, July 23, July 21, July 22, July 27, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, 10							
Chevalier de L'Angle, Aug. 30 59 13 In fight 6. Churchi 8, 1782, — 3 10 30 59 13 In fight 6. Churchi 10 36 05 40 30 15 07 38 41 32 40 15 07 38 10 36 50 15 11 38 25 36 50 15 11 38 25 36 50 15 11 38 25 36 50 16 43 44 24 33 20 26 50 18 28 43 20 26 50 20 23 44 45 12 4	Rayly Inly 12	ITO	16	26	10	11	37
Bayly, July 6, 1780, July 23, July 21, July 22, July 27, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, July 6, 1780, 11 10 36 05 40 36 15 07 38 41 32 46 15 09 38 10 36 56 15 11 38 25 36 56 15 11 38 25 36 56 15 11 38 25 36 56 16 43 44 24 33 28 36 18 28 43 20 26 56 18 28 28 43 20 26 56 18 28 28 43 20 26 56 18 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	Chevalier de L'Angle Aug)	1.0		30	. 2		
Bayly, July 6, 1780, July 23, July 21, July 22, July 27, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, July 6, 1780, 11 10 36 05 40 36 15 07 38 41 32 46 15 09 38 10 36 56 15 11 38 25 36 56 15 11 38 25 36 56 15 11 38 25 36 56 16 43 44 24 33 28 36 18 28 43 20 26 56 18 28 28 43 20 26 56 18 28 28 43 20 26 56 18 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	8 1782 (10	30	59	13	In fi	ght o
July 23, July 21, July 22, July 27, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2,	_ 0, 1,02,	1111		123.7			
July 21, July 22, July 27, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, July 21, 15 09 38 10 36 50 15 11 38 25 36 51 16 43 44 24 33 20 17 55 43 33 28 30 18 28 43 20 26 50 20 23 44 45 12 4		100 S	07	28	05	40	3
July 22, July 27, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, July 30, Aug. 2, Aug							25.5.613
July 27, July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, 16 43 44 24 33 26 17 55 43 33 28 30 18 28 43 20 26 50 20 23 44 45 12 4	July 21,					36	
July 29, July 30, Aug. 2, 17 55 43 33 28 30 18 28 43 20 26 50 20 23 44 45 12 4	July 22,	15				36	51
July 30, 18 28 43 20 26 50 Aug. 2, 20 23 44 45 12 4	July 27,	2000000	43	44	24	33	20
Aug. 2, 20 23 44 45 12 4	July 29,		55	43	33	28	3
Aug. 2, 20 23 44 45 12 4	July 30,	1000	28	43	20	26	
	Aug. 2,	120	23	144	45	12	4

By whom observed in 1780, to		via V.		at. N.	L	ong.
Bayly, Aug. 5,	21	1-	0		0	50
Aug. 5, 1780,	- C-					50
Cook, Aug. 2,						00
Aug. 6,					10000	40
Bayly, Aug. 6,			A COLUMN TO A			00
Aug. 20,						10
Aug. 18,						20
Aug. 15,			1		1	40
Aug. 25,						10
Aug. 17,						56
Aug. 11,		A 12 25 3		41	1	
Aug. 13,						09
Ang 12	120	10	52	48	16	01
Chevalier De L'Angle, Sep-1	1	•	,			
Chevalier De L'Angle, Sep-\ tember 24, 1782,	33	00	58	00	52	55
Aug. 3, 1782,				46		
La Perouse, Aug. 3,				46		
Chevalier De L'Angle,	T		1			
July 30, }	41	00	02	41	81	08
Morning, July 14,	41	53	59	41	60	21
Evening, July 14,						
Morning, July 12,	42	40	59	42	59	49
Evening, July 12,	42	45	59	42	59	49
July 21,	1			Č.		

By Admiral Gardner on board bis Majesty's ship Queen, 1793.					Lo	ng.
	0	,	0	٠,		ı
	0	30	13	12	53	03
	0	43	2-1	40	64	28
	0	50	18	50	63	45
用规定的特别的特别的	0	50	24	34	63	51
	I	00	13	08	54	10
						By

By Admiral Gardner, on board bis Majesty's ship Queen, 1793.	Varia. E.	Lat. N.	Long. W.
	0 1	0 ,	62 00
	Control of the Contro		63 30
			64 00
	2 00		64 09
	w	25 30	63 39
	0 20	13 18	51 50
	0 20	27 20	63 25
	0 45	13 29	50 35
	0 50	27 41	63 20
	1 00	13 34	49 26
	I 20	28 49	63 30
	1 30	30 10	62 25
	I 40		
	2 40		61 30
	2 58	14 10	
	3 04	32 21	59 51
	5 51	15 24	
	6 04	15 45	39 46
	6 30	33 58	
	9 00	THE RESERVE THE CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE	
	10.00		
	12 10		TOTAL MINER CONTRACTOR
	12 30	18 10	ALC: THE STREET STREET, STREET
	12 56	18 40	
	13 20		
	13 20	39 03	48 30
	13 40		28 15
	14 51		
	15 52	22 27	26 10
	16 19	27 34	25 25
*	17 54	24 14	24 55
	18 20	42 48	44 16
	18 36	24 34	24 10 By

By Admiral Gardner, on board bis Majesty's Ship Queen, 1793.		Varia. W.		Lat.		ng.
	0	,	0	,	0	.~
						40
					23	
					44	
PET EN 100 TE CONTROL TO 100 T	20	05	26	45	23	10
	20	00	28	00	22	40
	20	55	31	19	19.	20
	21	20	32	00	19	00
	22	13	43	25	42	12
	23	00	34	30	19	10
	23	14	36	00	18	40
the state of the state of the state of	25	30	44	39	31	00
	28	03	46	31	2 I	30
	28	50	47	02	19	51
		100	Marie Contract			30
	27	39	49	46	16	10
	26			1		08

By Admiral Murray, on board bis Majesty's ship Duke, 1793.							Lo W	
	0	· ,	0	,	0	,		
		00	100	Water Street				
	0	00	29	50	62	41		
	0	30	24	36	64	00		
	2	30	18	20	63	17		
	3	30 V.						
	2	30	14	02	48	58		
	A Section 1	50	The state of the s			-		
	19	45	39	09	47	06		
		00						
		15						
		00						

By Admiral Murray, o Majesty's ship Duke	, 1793.	W.		N.		v.
	ALLEY OF	601	0		0	11
	The second secon	4 00			March Control	
	I	5 00	40	56	44	59
	I	6 30	42	49	40	37
	1	8 00	44	00	36	25
	I	9.45	44	30	33	56
Section Assessment		1 15				
	2	1 30	46	34	16	02
	2	3 00	48	49	14	42
	2	5 30	49	29	II	10

Ducklos j i pri troj p

TABLES OF THE VARIATION

OF THE

MAGNETIC NEEDLE,

Observed at different Times in the Atlantic Ocean,
South of the Equator,

Longitude from the Meridian of London.

By whom observed in 1760, 1763, 1764, and 1765.		Varia.				
	0	,	0		0	•
Duclos Guyot, in 1763,		00				
		00	1.30		Relation to the second	
		30	15 10 700			
	2	00	E. C. D. L. S. Y.		-	
	4					
		00				
	6	00	25	I 2	33	48
	17	00	28	57	36	35
	10	00	25	56	45	12
	10	12	26	22	47	24
Byron, Nov. 11, 1764,	11	45	42	34	57	47
Duclos, in 1763,	12	00	34	39	40	22
	12	00				56
Byron, Nov. 4, 1764,	13	00	38	53	50	30
Duclos, in 1763,	13	00	33	40	49	23
	and the second second	30	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		12 THE TO SEE	
	115					33
TABLES	Section 1	00				

By whom observed in 1760 1763, 1764, and 1765.	o, Vari	ia.	Lat. S.	L	ong.
Duclos in 1763,	16	00/40	34	0	25
Ducios in 1703,	17	00 41	39	53	06
Byron, Nov. 10, 1764,		30 38	1 16	43	44
Duclos Guyot, in 1763,	19	0042	2 2 8	52	52
Byron, Jan. 11, 1765,	19 0		CAR WITH COMMON	48 63	
Nov. 12, 1764,	19 3	10 43	46	59	35
Nov. 15, Duclos Guyot, in 1763,	19 4	(9 E. C. S.	Contract of the Contract of th	62	•
2 40100 (24) (15)	21 0	0 47	05	MENE STON	04
Byron, Jan. 12, 1765,	22 0	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	CONTRACTOR STATE		16
	W.	75.	-/	٥,	14
Duclos, in 1763,			39		
			15		
Le Gentil, April 22, 1760,			44	-	
By whom objerved in 1766, 1767, 1768, 1769, and 1770.			S.		
Carteret, Oct. 31, 1766,	o I 2	4 12	56	329	44
Nov. 2,		017	22	328	122
Morning, Nov. 7, Evening, Nov. 7,	4 5	6 2 3	54	332	20
Nov. 8,	6 4	5 25	49	221	00
Nov. 11,	8 5	0 29	573	318	03
Cook, Nov. 1769, Dec. 25,	11 3	936	10	4	34
Carteret, Nov. 15, 1766,	12 00	34	123	13	49
Nov. 16,	112 36	34	383	12	32
Dec. 7, 1769, Cateret, Nov. 17, 1766,		34	44		
Cook, Feb. 1770,		141	46 3	6	15
L2				Co	ok,

By whom observed in 1766, 1767, 1768, 1769, and 1770.	Var E	ia.	L	at.	Lon E.	g
		,	0	, 1	0	,
Cook, March,	14	oc	14	47	13	39
Jan. 9,					5	
Carteret, Nov. 17, 1766,					312	
Nov. 18,	14	3c	3.5	37	310	41
Cook, Feb. 13, 1770,					6	
March 6,	15	IC	47	06	10	30
Feb. 17,	15	3°	45	It	7	00
Carteret, Nov. 20, 1766,	15	33	36	57	308	42
Nov. 18,					309	
Nov. 21,					309	
Cook, March 4, 1770,					. 8	
March 7,	16	29	47	06	12	30
Feb. 27,	16	34	47	43	9	30
Carteret, Nov. 28, 1766,	19	00	4I	14	303	43
Nov. 29,	19	02	42	08	301	49
Dec. 7.					296	
Nov. 29.					301	
Dec. 7,		20			299	
Dec. 8,					296	
Dec. 6,					-97	
Dec. 9,					295	
Dec. 5,		40			299	
Wallis, Dec. 8,	22	14	17	56	294	
11 111113 256. 83	N	1.	,	J.	1	, ,
Carteret, Oct. 31,	0	00	12	30	339	00
Bougainville, Jan. 14, 1767,	0	IC	10	30	329	20
Carteret, Oct. 30, 1766,					330	
Oct. 28,	I	50			331	
Bougainville, Jan. 11, 1767,		17			331	
Carteret Oct. 27, 1766.	3	52	1 7	03	331	41
Carteret, Oct. 27, 1766, Oct. 25,			1	14	333	07
Feb. 6, 1768,	1 8	32	0		342	
Bougainville, in 1766,	8	45	1	08	342	2 5 5
Carteret, Feb. 5, 1768,	8 8	58	1 2	. 01	34	2 56
Carreter 1 th. 31 1/6.	1	2	1 -		Cart	

By whom observed in 1766, 1767, 1768, 1769, and 1770.	Va	Varia. W.		at. S.	Long.
	10		0	,	0 1
Carteret, Feb. 3, 1769,	9	04			344 45
Feb. 4,	9				343 42
Feb. 2,	9	English Brown	6	45	345 47
Bougainville in 1766,	9		7	22	345 43
Wallis, March 23, 1768,	9	42250		58	346 26
March 24,	10	oc	- W. C. C. Z	28	346 00
Bougainville, Jan. 11, 1767,	10	00	10	30	329 55
in 1766,	10	25	7	37	347 12
	II	00	8	20	349 00
Carteret, Jan. 27, 1769,	II	40		36	351 05
Jan. 25,	II	47	12		352 25
Bougainville, in 1766,	11				352 02
	12	00	14	21	354 24
Carteret, Jan. 19, 1769,	12		14	22	353 26
Wallis, March 19, 1768,	12	47	15	57	354 41
March 15,	12				358 25
	13		16		358 30
Carteret, Jan. 19, 1769,	13	46	16		358 52
Bougainville, in 1766,	13		17		
Carteret, Jan. 18, 1769,	14	38	17		
Jan. 14,	16	1 2000	22		6 22
Cook, Dec. 9,	16	30	49	46	20 28
Bougainville, 1766,	16		25		
Carreret, Jan. 15, 1769,	16		21		
Bougainville, in 1766,	18	1,	44		305 46
	18				14 17
Carteret, Jan 9, 1769,	119				1338
in Nov. 1768,	119	30	34	24	19 00
Bougainville, in 1766,	119				304 13
	19				13 17
	119	56	45	33	303 08
	0	25	34	47	20 51
	0	40	32	47	
200	1		1		Cook

By whom observed in 1772, 1773, 1774, to 1780.	1	E.		S.	E.
Cook and Bayly, Sept. 11,]	0	,	0		0 /
1776, 5	0	00	14	11	347 04
Sept. 9,	0	00	Q	35	325 38
Sept. 7,	0				326 10
	0				326 10
Sept. 8,					326 10
Sept. 5,	0	06	6		327 00
Sept. 10,					325 41
Sept. 6,					326 23
Sept. 7,	0	08	8	43	326 10
Sept. 8,	0	08	9	35	324 38
Sept. 7,	0	08	8	43	332 10
Sept. 11,					325 41
Sept. 7,	0	13			332 10
	0				325 41
Sept. 10,	0	15	9	01	325 42
Sept. 11,	0	16	13	23	325 41
	0	18	13	23	325 41
Sept. 8,	0	20	9	35	328 38
Sept. 11,	0				325 41
Sept. 9,	0	24	II	01	325 41
Sept. 10,	0				325 41
Sept. 8,	0				325 38
Sept. 11,	0	29	14	11	325 41
Sept. 8,	0	30	9	01	325 42
Sept. 6,					326 23
Sept. 10,	0				325 41
Sept. 8,	0	34		OI	325 40
Nov. 2.	0	34	10	38	328 17
Sept. 5,	0	36	6	44	327 00
Sept. 11,	0	38	13	23	325 41
14 8-17 PM - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0	40	14	11	325 41
Sept. 13,	0	40	16	12	335 10
Sept. 23,	0	40	29	29	331 18
3			,	,	Cook

Cook and Bayly, Sept. 10, 1776, 3 Sept. 8,	By whom observed in 17	72, 10				Long E.
Sept. 8, Sept. 11, Sept. 8, Sept. 11, Sept. 8, Sept. 11, Sept. 13, Sept. 12, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 12, Sept. 12, Sept. 14, Sept. 22, Sept. 14, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 10, Sept. 26, Sept. 27, Sept. 11, Sept. 28, Sept. 29, Sept. 10, Sept. 20, Sept. 21, Sept. 22, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 26, Sept. 17, Sept. 18, Sept. 26, Sept. 19, Sept. 10, Sept. 27, Sept. 10, Sept. 28, Sept. 29, Sept. 10, Sept. 20, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 12, Sept. 13, Cook, Sept. 22, Cook and Bayly, Sept. 5, Cook, Sept. 24, Sept. 14, Sept. 16, Sept. 17, Sept. 17, Sept. 17, Sept. 18, Sept. 19, Se	Cook and Bayly, Sep	t. 10, 7	0 ,	0		60
Sept. 8, Sept. 11, Sept. 8, Sept. 11, Sept. 8, Sept. 13, Sept. 12, Sept. 14, Sept. 15, Sept. 16, Sept. 16, Sept. 17, Sept. 18, Sept. 19, Sept. 19, Sept. 19, Sept. 11, Sept. 22, Sept. 12, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 26, Sept. 11, Sept. 27, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 12, Sept. 13, Cook, Sept. 24, Sept. 14, Sep		- }	0 44	112	40	325
Sept. 11, Sept. 8, Sept. 13, Sept. 13, Sept. 12, Sept. 13, Sept. 14, Sept. 15, Sept. 16, Sept. 17, Sept. 18, Sept. 19, Sept. 19, Sept. 19, Sept. 19, Sept. 11, Sept. 22, Sept. 10, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 26, Sept. 27, Sept. 28, Sept. 29, Sept. 19, Sept. 29, Sept. 11, Sept. 20, Sept. 21, Sept. 22, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 26, Sept. 27, Sept. 28, Sept. 29, Sept. 29, Sept. 20, Sept. 20, Sept. 21, Sept. 22, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 26, Sept. 27, Sept. 28, Sept. 29, Sept. 29, Sept. 20, Sept. 20, Sept. 21, Sept. 22, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 26, Sept. 27, Sept. 28, Sept. 29, Sept. 29, Sept. 11, Sept. 20, Sept. 20, Sept. 21, Sept. 22, Sept. 22, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 26, Sept. 26, Sept. 27, Sept. 16, Sept. 29, Sept. 17, Sept. 18, Sept. 29, Sept. 19, Sept. 10, Sept. 20, Sept. 21, Sept. 10, Sept. 22, Sept. 11, Sept. 12, Sept. 13, Sept. 24, Sept. 14, Sept. 1			0 4	1 9	OI	325 40
Sept. 8, Sept. 11, Sept. 13, Sept. 12, Sept. 6, Sept. 12, Sept. 14, Sept. 15, Sept. 16, Sept. 17, Sept. 18, Sept. 19, Sept. 19, Sept. 19, Sept. 21, Sept. 22, Sept. 11, Sept. 22, Sept. 11, Sept. 22, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 16, Sept. 26, Sept. 27, Sept. 17, Sept. 28, Sept. 29, Sept. 29, Sept. 29, Sept. 20, Sept. 20, Sept. 21, Sept. 22, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 26, Sept. 27, Sept. 28, Sept. 29, Sept. 29, Sept. 20, Sept. 20, Sept. 21, Sept. 22, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 26, Sept. 27, Sept. 28, Sept. 29, Sept. 29, Sept. 20, Sept. 20, Sept. 21, Sept. 22, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 26, Sept. 26, Sept. 27, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 20, Sept. 21, Sept. 22, Sept. 11, Sept. 12, Sept. 13, Sept. 24, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 18 30 324 4		3-4	0 4	5 13	23	325 4
Sept. 11, Sept. 12, Sept. 12, Sept. 12, Sept. 12, Sept. 12, Sept. 12, Sept. 22, Sept. 12, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 12, Sept. 10, Sept. 12, Sept. 10, Sept. 12, Sept. 14, Sept. 22, Sept. 15, Sept. 16, Sept. 17, Sept. 18, Sept. 22, Sept. 19, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 10, Sept. 24, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 11, Sept. 25, Sept. 11, Sept. 26, Sept. 16, Sept. 17, Sept. 18, Sept. 18, Sept. 19, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 12, Sept. 13, Cook, Sept. 24, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 18, 18, 18, 23, 325, 325, 325, 325, 325, 325, 325,			0 4	5 9	01	325 4
Sept. 13, Sept. 12, Sept. 6, Sept. 12, Sept. 12, Sept. 22, Sept. 12, Sept. 8, Sept. 22, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 23, Sept. 22, Sept. 11, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 16, Sept. 26, Sept. 27, Sept. 17, Sept. 28, Sept. 29, Sept. 29, Sept. 20, Sept. 20, Sept. 21, Sept. 22, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 16, Sept. 26, Sept. 17, Sept. 18, Sept. 19, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 12, Sept. 13, Cook, Sept. 24, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 18, Sept. 18, Sept. 17, 30, 25, 335, 0			0 4	3 13	23	325 4
Sept. 12, Sept. 6, Sept. 12, Sept. 12, Sept. 12, Sept. 22, Sept. 12, Sept. 12, Sept. 8, Sept. 22, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 23, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 16, Sept. 26, Sept. 27, Sept. 28, Sept. 29, Sept. 11, Sept. 20, Sept. 21, Sept. 22, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 26, Sept. 27, Sept. 28, Sept. 29, Sept. 29, Sept. 20, Sept. 20, Sept. 21, Sept. 22, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 26, Sept. 27, Sept. 28, Sept. 29, Sept. 29, Sept. 20, Sept. 20, Sept. 21, Sept. 22, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 11, Sept. 26, Sept. 27, Sept. 10, Sept. 26, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 20, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 20, Sept. 21, Sept. 11, Sept. 12, Sept. 13, Cook, Sept. 22, Cook and Bayly, Sept. 5, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 18, Sept. 18, Sept. 14, Sept. 18, Sept. 18, Sept. 18, Sept. 14, Sept. 18, Sept. 19, Sept. 19, Sept. 10, Sept. 1			0.48	3/16	12	325 10
Sept. 6, Sept. 12, Sept. 22, Sept. 12, Sept. 8, Sept. 22, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 22, Sept. 11, Sept. 22, Sept. 11, Sept. 22, Sept. 11, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 11, Sept. 26, Sept. 27, Sept. 28, Sept. 29, Sept. 20, Sept. 20, Sept. 21, Sept. 22, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 26, Sept. 27, Sept. 10, Sept. 26, Sept. 11, Sept. 27, Sept. 10, Sept. 28, Sept. 10, Sept. 29, Sept. 10, Sept. 20, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 20, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 20, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 20, Sept. 21, Sept. 22, Cook and Bayly, Sept. 5, Cook, Sept. 24, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 18 18 30 324 4		7.4	0 50	15	23	325.59
Sept. 12, Sept. 22, Sept. 12, Sept. 12, Sept. 8, Sept. 22, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 12, Sept. 12, Sept. 10, Sept. 12, Sept. 12, Sept. 12, Sept. 12, Sept. 12, Sept. 12, Sept. 23, Sept. 22, Sept. 11, Sept. 22, Sept. 24, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 11, Sept. 26, Sept. 11, Sept. 27, Sept. 10, Sept. 28, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 12, Sept. 13, Cook, Sept. 22, Cook and Bayly, Sept. 5, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 18 18 30 324 4			0 5	1 7	18	326 10
Sept. 22, Sept. 12, Sept. 8, Sept. 22, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 12, Sept. 12, Sept. 10, Sept. 12, Sept. 12, Sept. 12, Sept. 12, Sept. 23, Sept. 22, Sept. 11, Sept. 22, Sept. 11, Sept. 22, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 11, Sept. 26, Sept. 27, Sept. 18, Sept. 28, Sept. 29, Sept. 20, Sept. 20, Sept. 21, Sept. 22, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 12, Sept. 13, Cook, Sept. 22, Cook and Bayly, Sept. 5, Cook, Sept. 24, Sept. 14, Sept. 16, Sept. 16, Sept. 17, Sept. 17, Sept. 18, Sept. 19, Sept. 19, Sept. 19, Sept. 10,			05	115	23	325 50
Sept. 12, Sept. 8, Sept. 22, Sept. 10, Sept. 5, Sept. 12, Sept. 12, Sept. 23, Sept. 22, Sept. 11, Sept. 22, Sept. 11, Sept. 22, Sept. 14, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 14, Sept. 15, Sept. 16, Sept. 26, Sept. 17, Sept. 18, Sept. 27, Sept. 19, Sept. 28, Sept. 29, Sept. 29, Sept. 20, Sept. 21, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 11, Sept. 26, Sept. 27, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 12, Sept. 13, Cook, Sept. 22, Cook and Bayly, Sept. 5, Cook, Sept. 24, Sept. 14, Sept. 18 18 30 324 4	Sept. 22.		0 5	20	IQ	329 59
Sept. 8, Sept. 22, Sept. 10, Sept. 5, Sept. 12, Sept. 23, Sept. 22, Sept. 11, Sept. 22, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 11, Sept. 26, Sept. 27, Sept. 11, Sept. 27, Sept. 28, Sept. 29, Sept. 29, Sept. 20, Sept. 21, Sept. 22, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 16, Sept. 17, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 12, Sept. 13, Cook, Sept. 24, Sept. 14, Sept. 18 30 324 4	Sept. 12.		0.5	115	22	325 5
Sept. 22, Sept. 10, Sept. 5, Sept. 12, Sept. 23, Sept. 22, Sept. 11, Sept. 22, Sept. 24, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 11, Sept. 26, Sept. 27, Sept. 27, Sept. 28, Sept. 29, Sept. 20, Sept. 20, Sept. 21, Sept. 22, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 26, Sept. 27, Sept. 11, Sept. 28, Sept. 29, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 12, Sept. 13, Cook, Sept. 22, Cook and Bayly, Sept. 5, Cook, Sept. 24, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 16, Sept. 17, Sept. 18, Sept. 18, Sept. 18, Sept. 19,			0 5	3 0	35	325 3
Sept. 10, Sept. 5, Sept. 12, Sept. 23, Sept. 22, Sept. 22, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 26, Sept. 27, Sept. 27, Sept. 28, Sept. 29, Sept. 20, Sept. 20, Sept. 21, Sept. 22, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 3, Sept. 4, Sept. 5, Sept. 10,			0 5	8 20	12	320 59
Sept. 5, Sept. 12, Sept. 23, Sept. 22, Sept. 11, Sept. 22, Sept. 22, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 25, Sept. 11, Sept. 26, Sept. 16, Sept. 17, Sept. 10, Sept. 1			0.50	112	10	325 4
Sept. 5, Sept. 12, Sept. 23, Sept. 22, Sept. 11, Sept. 22, Sept. 22, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 30, Sept. 3			0 50	112	10	325 4
Sept. 12, Sept. 23, Sept. 22, Sept. 11, Sept. 22, Sept. 22, Sept. 22, Sept. 9, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 23, Sept. 23, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 11, Sept. 5, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 13, Cook, Sept. 22, Cook and Bayly, Sept. 5, Cook, Sept. 24, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 16 Sept. 17, Sept. 18, Sept. 18, Sept. 19, Sept. 19, Sept. 19, Sept. 19, Sept. 19, Sept. 19, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 12, Sept. 13, Sept. 14, Sept. 15, Sept. 16 Sept. 17, Sept. 18, Sept. 18, Sept. 18, Sept. 18, Sept. 18, Sept. 19, Sep	Sent. c.		1 00	6	15	327 00
Sept. 23, Sept. 11, Sept. 22, Sept. 11, Sept. 22, Sept. 22, Sept. 9, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 23, Sept. 23, Sept. 23, Sept. 5, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 13, Cook, Sept. 22, Cook and Bayly, Sept. 5, Cook, Sept. 24, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 16 Sept. 17, Sept. 18 Sept. 18 Sept. 19, Sept. 19, Sept. 19, Sept. 19, Sept. 19, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 12, Sept. 13, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 18 Sept. 18 Sept. 14, Sept. 18 Sept. 18 Sept. 18 Sept. 19,	Sept. 12.		1 00	DIE	73	325 50
Sept. 22, Sept. 11, Sept. 22, Sept. 22, Sept. 9, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 23, Sept. 5, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 13, Cook, Sept. 22, Cook and Bayly, Sept. 5, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 16, Sept. 17, Sept. 18, Sept. 18, Sept. 19, Sept. 1	Sept. 22		1 00	20	20	221 18
Sept. 11, Sept. 22, Sept. 9, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 5, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 13, Cook, Sept. 22, Cook and Bayly, Sept. 5, Cook, Sept. 24, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 16 12 325 10	Sept. 22		1 01	20	12	320 50
Sept. 22, Sept. 9, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 23, Sept. 5, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 13, Cook, Sept. 22, Cook and Bayly, Sept. 5, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 16, Sept. 17, Sept. 18, Sept. 19, Sept. 1	Sept 11		1 0	12	22	205 41
Sept. 9, Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 23, Sept. 5, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 13, Cook, Sept. 22, Cook and Bayly, Sept. 5, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 16 Sept. 17, Sept. 18 18 30 324 4	Sept 22		1 0	20	23	220 50
Sept. 24, Sept. 23, Sept. 5, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 13, Cook, Sept. 22, Cook and Bayly, Sept. 5, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 16 Sept. 17, Sept. 18 Sept. 18 Sept. 19, Sept. 19, Sept. 19, Sept. 19, Sept. 19, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 18 Sept. 18 Sept. 14, Sept. 18 Sept. 14, Sept. 18 Sept. 14, Sept. 18 Sept. 18 Sept. 14, Sept. 18 Sept. 18 Sept. 14, Sept. 18 Sept	Sept 0		10	129	2	225 41
Sept. 23, Sept. 5, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 13, Cook, Sept. 22, Cook and Bayly, Sept. 5, Cook, Sept. 24, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 16	Sept 24		1 0	120	25	204 02
Sept. 5, Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 13, Cook, Sept. 22, Cook and Bayly, Sept. 5, Cook, Sept. 24, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 16 45 327 10 11 12 12 40 325 4 11 15 16 12 325 10 11 15 16 12 325 10 11 15 16 12 325 10 11 15 16 47 327 00 11 18 18 30 324 4	Sept co		1 0	30	25	221 18
Sept. 11, Sept. 10, Sept. 10, Sept. 5, Sept. 13, Cook, Sept. 22, Cook and Bayly, Sept. 5, Cook, Sept. 24, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, Sept. 16, Sept. 17, Sept. 18,	Sept 5		1 0	1-9	-9	227 00
Sept. 10, Sept. 5, Sept. 13, Cook, Sept. 22, Cook and Bayly, Sept. 5, Cook, Sept. 24, Sept. 14, Sept. 10, Sept. 12	Sept II		10		451	225 41
Sept. 5, Sept. 13, Cook, Sept. 22, Cook and Bayly, Sept. 5, Cook, Sept. 24, Sept. 14, Sept. 14, I 14 6 45 327 10 11 15 16 12 325 10 11 16 6 47 327 00 11 17 30 25 335 0 11 18 18 30 324 4			1,00	14	11	225 41
Cook, Sept. 13, Cook, Sept. 22, Cook and Bayly, Sept. 5, Cook, Sept. 24, Sept. 14, I 15 16 12 325 10 11 15 29 12 329 50 11 16 6 47 327 00 11 17 30 25 335 0 1 18 18 30 324 4			1 1.	16	40	325 1
Cook, Sept. 22, Cook and Bayly, Sept. 5, Cook, Sept. 24, Sept. 14, I 15 29 12 329 5 I 16 6 47 327 0 I 17 30 25 335 0 I 18 18 30 324 4	Sept. 5,		1 12	1.6	45	32/
Cook and Bayly, Sept. 5, 1 16 6 47 327 00 Cook, Sept. 24, 1 17 30 25 335 0 1 18 18 30 324 4	Cook Sept 33		1 1	10	12	325
Cook, Sept. 24, Sept. 14, 1 1818 30324 4	Cook and Bauly Cont					
Sept. 14, 1 1818 30324 4	Cook Sent and Dayly, Sept.	5,				
	Sept. 24,					
	Sept. 14,		1 11	110	30	324 40 Cook

By whom observed in 1772,	10 V	E.	1	S S		ong. E.
	10	,	0	,		
Cook, Sept. 10,					325	
Sept. 12,	ACCEPTED TO A SECOND		120 May 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		325	
Sept. 22,	1	20	129	12	329	59
Sept. 13, 1776,	ALVA STREET, STREET		E DE MESTE ALL UN		325	
Cook and Bayly, 27,] 1	22	129	12	329	
Cook, Sept. 23,	1	22	29	29	331	18
Sept. 22,	1	23	29	I 2	329	59
Furneau, Feb. 22, 1773,	1	26	53	12	347	30
Cook and Bayly, Sept. 14,	} 1	30	17	40	324	42
Sept. 23,	1	31	29	29	331	18
Sept. 21,	2.00 May 2017				328	
Sept. 23,					331	
Sept. 14,					324	
Sept. 24,	300				324	
Principal and a few and a	1				334	
Sept. 5,	JACOB BLANCO				327	
Sept. 20,					327	
Sept. 12,					325	
Sept. 22,					329	
Sept II	1		A CONTRACTOR OF		325	
Sept. 11,	I				325	
Sept. 13,	I		18		324	
Sept. 14,	I	45	16	12	325	10
Sept. 13,	I		16			THE PARTY
Sept. 16,					324	
C	I	4/	20	40	324	
Sept. 13,	I				325	
Sept. 23,	I				331	
Sep. 12,					325	
						50
Sept. 22,	1				329	59
	I				_	30
Sept. 20,	I				327	
Sept. 215	f I	58	27	441	327 Co	23 10k

By whom observed in 1772, to 1780.	Varia. E.	Lat. S.	Long. E.
Carlo & Davily Cont. on 1976	• 1	0000	0 ,
Cook & Bayly, Sept. 23, 1776,			331 18
Sept. 21,			327 34
Sept. 13,			329 10
Sept. 22,			329 30
Sept. 13,			325 10
Sept. 17,			324 22
Sept. 16,			324 21
Sept. 14,	1.05 AN 012/500/1600/85	The special of the second second second	324 42
Cook, Sept. 14,			324 42
Sept. 21,	2 I1	28 19	328 10
Sept. 22,	2 12	28 36	329 30
Sept. 21,			328 10
Sept. 20,			327 23
Sept. 13,			325 10
Sept. 14,			324 40
	2 16	18 30	324 40
Sept. 16,	2 20	20 46	324 23
Cook and Bayly, Sept. 22,	2 22	28 36	329 30
Sept. 13,	2 23	16 12	325 10
Sept. 16,			324 21
Sept. 17,			324 22
Sept. 20,			327 23
Sept. 16,			324 21
Sept. 21,			328 10
Sept. 17,			324 22
Cook, Sept. 21,	2 28	28 10	328 10
Sept. 22,			329 30
Sept. 24,	THE RESERVE THE PARTY OF THE PA		334 02
Sept. 14,	2 38	17 40	324 42
Sept 10	2 39	26 4	326 03
Sept. 17,			324 22
Sept. 17,			324 28
Sept. 16,			
Sept. 20,	2 44	27 44	328 16
	2 44	1-1 44	1327 28

By whom observed in 1772 to 1780.		Lat.	Long. E.
	0 1	10,	0 ,
Cook, Sept. 16, 1776,			324 21
Sept. 13,	2 45	16 13	325 10
Sept. 20,			328 16
Nov. 16,	2 49	20 46	324 23
Sept. 19,	2 49	26 47	326 03
Sept. 17,	2 50	24 17	324 22
Sept. 20,	2-50	27 29	326 40
Sept. 16,			324 23
Cook and Bayly, Sept. 14,	2 52	18 30	324 40
		PARTY TO SEE A SECURIOR OF	324 40
Sept. 20,			327 23
Sept. 17,	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN		324 42
Sept. 14,			324 40
Sept. 20,			328 16
Sept. 19,			326 03
Sept. 20,	3 00		328 16
Sept. 14,			324 40
Sept. 16,	3 06	- 1 - C-2 U STA 20 SECTION AND A SECTION AND	324 21
Sept. 22,	3 12		330 30
Sept. 20,			328 16
Sept. 19,		26 47	
Sept. 16,	3 14	21 37	324 21
	2 16	20 46	324 23
Sept. 22,			329 30
Sept. 17,	3 16		324 22
Cook, Sept. 19,	3 16		326 03
	3 17		328 16
		26 47	
		25 54	
	13 22	26 47	
Sept. 17,	3 23	24 17	
Sept. 17,		21 37	
Cook and Bayly, Sept. 20,	3 24	27 14	208 16
Cook and Dayly, Sept. 20,	3 25	27 14	228 16
	3 20	12/ 14	328 16 Cook

By whom observed in 1772, to 1780.	Va H	ria.	L	at.	Lo	ng.
C. L. S. D. J. Cont. on True	0		0,0	'	0	•
Cook & Bayly, Sept. 22, 1776,		27	28	30	329	30
Sept. 15,	3	32			324	
Cook, Sept. 19,	3				325	
Sept. 19,	3				324	
	3				325	
Sept 15,	3				324	
Sept. 19,	4				326	
Sept. 16,	4				324	
Feb. 5, 1775,	5	18	57	08	337	56
Sept. 15, 1776,	5	26	20	08	324	29
Feb. 26, 1774,	5	53	36	37	354	37-
Furneau, Feb. 15, 1773,		30	53	14	358	32
Cook, Feb. 25, 1774,	6	38	37	52	353	52
Feb. 24,	8				352	
Furneau, Feb. 26, 1773,	9	20				50
Cook, Jan. 26, 1775,					329	
Feb. 1,		1 I			333	
Furneau, Feb. 27, 1773,	S. 1577 Fr. 74	00	ATTENDED TO THE			41
Cook, Dec. 14, 1773,		12			297	
Furneau, March 7, 1773,		32			14	56
March 3,	16		53		12	AND THE RESERVE
Cook, Jan. 1, 1775,	19		54	25	315	
Furneau, March 17, 1773,		00		13	18	
Cook, Jan. 4, 1775,	2.1	28	57	00	301	
4, -1/3,	W	7	31	-)	3	TT
Cook and Bayly, Sept. 8,7						
1776, S	0	2	9	01	325	30
31703	0	02	0	25	325	28
Sept. 6,	0	00	7	18	326	22
Sept 24						
Sept. 24,	0	06	50	25	334	40
Sept. 5,	0	06	0	50	327	40
Sept. 6,	0				326	
Sept. 9,		71	7	50	326	
M 2		4/0			C	ok

By whom observed in 1772, to 1780.	Varia. W.	Lat. S.	Long. E.
Cook & Bouly Cont 0	0 1		0 ,
Cook & Bayly, Sept. 8, 1776		11 01	325 41
c	11		325 28
Sept. 9,			325 41
Sept. 5,			327 00
Sept. 6,			326 10
Cook, Sept 8,			325 28
Sept. 11,			325 41
Sepr. 13,	18	10 38	328 17
Sept. 11,	19	14 11	322 46
Sept. 7,	21	8 43	325 41
Cook and Bayly, Sept. 6,	21	7 50	326 10
Sept. 7,	21	7 50	326 10
Sept. 5,	21	6 00	327 40
			326 10
Sept. 8,			325 38
Sept. 24,			334 12
Sept. 9,			325 41
Sept. 8,			325 42
Sept. 6,			326 10
Sept. 11,			325 41
Sept. 24,			334 12
Sept. 14,			325 41
Sept. 9,			325 41
Sept. 7,			326 10
Rosnevet, in 1773,			337 20
Cook, Sept. 9, 1776,	33	8 42	326 10
Sept. 11,	34	12 93	320 10
Sept. 9,			325 41
Sept 6			325 41
Sept. 6,			323 23
Sent of			326 10
Sept. 24,			334 02
Sept. 5,			325 41
Sept. 10,			325 41
Sept. 11,	1 44	13 23	325 41
			Cook,

By whom observed in 1772, to 1780.	bserved in 1772, Varia. W.		Long. E.
Carlo San and	0	0 1	0 1
Cook, Sept. 9, 1776,			325 41
			325 41
Sept. 5,			327 00
Sept. 9,	50	10 04	325 41
Sept. 6,	52	7 18	326 23
			326 00
Sept. 24,			334 02
Rosnevet, in 1773,	1 00	20 20	336 12
			338 37
Furneau, Feb. 10, 1775,			349 56
Cook, Sept. 7, 1776,			326 10
Sept. 9,			325 41
Rosnevet, in 1773,	1 09	19 41	336 08
Cook, Sept. 4, 1776,	I 12	5 34	328 23
Sept. 5,	1 18	6 45	327 00
Sept. 6,	I 20	7 50	326 10
Sept. 12,			325 50
Sept. 4,	I 22	5 34	328 23
Sept. 3,	I 24	5 34	328 23
Rosnevet, in 1773,	1 31	121 46	365 53
Bayly, Sept. 9, 1776,			325 41
Rosnevet, in 1773,			340 04
Bayly, Sept. 24, 1776,			333 52
Sept. 4,	I 42		328 36
Cook, Sept. 13,	I 44	16 12	325 10
Sept. 3,	1 48	4 22	330 01
Sept. 6,			326 23
Rosnevet, in 1773,			340 41
-773			335 42
Furneau, Feb. 20, 1773,			341 23
Cook, Sept. 3, 1776,	2 02	4 22	330 01
3, 1/10,	2 02	1 2 2 2	33001
Sept. 4,	2 03	1 6 00	328 50
Sept. 3,	2 05		330 16
~ Pr. 33	1 - 01	1331	Cook,

Ry makes 20	TISE ON MAGNETISM
to 1780.	1772, Varia. Lat. Long W. S. E.
Cook S	
Cook, Sept. 4, 1776,	0,0,0,
Dept. IA	2 11 5 00 328 50
	1 2 11 17 40 324 42
AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	1 4 14 3 37 330 16
Cook, Sept. 14,	1 4 10/22 17/22600
Sent 2	1 2 10/18 20/32110
Sept. 2,	2 20 2 48 330 53
Oct. 25,	2 24 Equator. 331 00
Sept. 3,	2 27 4 2222001
	11 7 7211001
Bayly, Oct. 9,	2 29 3 37 330 16
Sept. 4,	2 30/28 581339 22
Sept. 3,	1 2 11 5 001228 10
Name of the Control o	1 2 301 4 20102001
Sept 28	1 4 40 4 22 230 OT
Sept. 28,	2 46 33 43 344 03
Sept. 2,	2 49 2 48 330 53
Cook C.	2 50 2 48 330 53
Cook, Sept. 2,	2 50 2 48 330 53 2 52 2 48 230 56
Daviv. Oct 6	
Rosnevet, in 1773,	2 54 24 58 336 22
COUR. SPOT 2 INTE	1 2 55128 311344 16
Bayly, Sept. 1,	1 2 35 3 37 330 16
LOOK. Sent a	1 2 50 1 12 22 1 22
Rosnevet, in 1773,	1 2 50 4 22 23001
Cook Sept	3 01 27 32 342 04
Cook, Sept. 1, 1776, Bayly, Oct. 1,	3 01 1 13 331 52
m) 1), Oct. 1.	3 01/26 77/23
Oct. 9,	3 01 20 17 325 13
Sent r	3 02 29 05 329 30
1110 1011 1772	13 04 1 13 331 52
ayly, Sept. 29, 1776,	3 05 10 10 336 37
, ,,,,,,,	3 5 33 48 344 00
Oct. 11,	3 05 33 56 344 16
Sept -	3 06 28 40 340 20
Sept. 2,	3 °9 I 50 330 20
Sept. 9,	3 09 1 50 330 20 3 09 3 37 330 16
Sept. 1,	1 0 0 00
	13 12 1 13 332 02
	Cook

B, whom observed in 1772	Va V	Varia. W.		Varia.		Lat. S.		Long. E.	
	10	1,	0		0				
Cook, Sept. 2, 1776,	3	12			330				
	3	14			330				
Sept. 3,	3	15	3	37	330	16			
Sept. 28,	3				344				
Rosnevet, in 1773,	3	23	30	50	348	02			
Cook, Feb. 12, 1775,	3	23	58	19	353	47			
Sept. 2, 1776,	3	23	I	50	330	20			
Sept. 3,	3	23	3	37	330	16			
Bayly, Sept. 29,	3	25			335				
Sept. 28,	3	26	33	43	344	03			
Cook, Sept. 2,	3				330				
Sept. 1,	3				331				
Bayly, Sept. 2,	3	27			330				
Sept. 30,	3	30	20	00	335	10			
Rosnevet, in 1773,	3				337				
Bayly, Sept. 30, 1776,	3				335				
Sept. 1,	3				331				
Sept. 2,	3				330				
Sept. 1,	13	39			331				
Rosnevet, in 1773,	3		29		345				
Bayly, Sept. 29, 1776,	3	40	33	48	343	00			
Sept. 2,	3	43			330				
Sept. 1,	3	45			331				
Sept. 2,	3	41		50	330	20			
Sept. 3,	3		3	37	330	16			
Cook, Sept. 28,	3				344				
Sept. 3,	4				330				
Rosnevet, in 1773,	14	05	32	26	354	. 17			
	4	08	12	15	537	40			
Cook, Sept. 1, 1776,	4	22	1	13	331	72			
Sept. 29,	4	24	33	48	344	00			
	4				344				
Sept. 2,	4				330				
Sept. 28,					344				
			.00	10	Co	ok,			

By whom observed in 1772 to 1780.		Varia. W.		at.	Long. E.	
	10		0	-	0 1	
Cook, Sept. 28, 1776,	4	42	33	43	344 03	
	4		33		344 03	
Sept. 29,	14	44	33		344 16	
	14	44	33		344 16	
Bayly, Oct. 13,	4		30		344 20	
Cook, Sept. 29,	4	4.5	32		344 08	
Rosnevet, in 1773,	4	53	31	39	35048	
Bayly, Sept. 5, 1776,	5	06	13	34	336 36	
Sept. 29,	5	07	33	48	344 00	
	5	07	33		344 16	
Oct. 3,	1 5	20	35	27	351 00	
Sept. 29,	5		33	48	344 00	
	5		33		344 16	
Oct. 3,	1 5		35	37	351 00	
	5 5		35		35100	
Oct. 4,	1 5	46	35	45	351 10	
Sept. 29,	5		33		344 00	
	5		33		344 16	
Off. 3,	5		35	37	351 00	
	5	53		43	350 50	
Oct. 1,	6		34	12	34900	
Oct. 16,	6		31	42	35016	
Sept. 25,	6		II	04	337 40	
Oct. 1,	6		34	16	348 14	
Rosnevet, in 1773,	6	20	9	52	338 13	
Bayly, Oct. 16, 1776,	6	20	31		349 40	
Oct. 3,	6	27			35100	
Oct. 13,	6				349 00	
Oct. 3,	6	28	35	37	35100	
Cook, Oct. 3,	6	29	35	41	351 05	
Oct. 4,	6	29	35	45	351 10	
Furneau, Jan. 16, 1773,	6	32	54	04	336 16	
Cook, Oct. 3, 1776,	6	32	34	43	35050	
Oct. 4,	6	34	35	45	35110	
					Cook	

Ro Ba

By whom observed in 1772, to 1780.	Va	-W.		Varia. Lat. W. S.		Long. E.	
Cook and Bayly, Oct. 1, 1776,	6	36	34	12	349		
	6	37	34	12	349	00	
Oct. 3,	6	38	35	37	351	00	
Oct. 4,	6	40	35	45	351	10	
Oct. 3,	6	46			351		
Oct. 4,	6	49			351		
Oct. 1,	6				348		
	7	00		16	348	14	
	7	02		16	348	14	
Oct. 4,	7	05			351		
Oct. 1,	7	IO			349		
Oct. 8,	7	09			353		
Oct. 3,	7	II			350		
Oct. 4,	10/4	12			351		
Oct. 4,	77	16			351		
Rauly Jan o 1580	7	17			334		
Bayly, Jan. 9, 1780,					351		
Oct. 4, 1776,	7				348		
Oct. 1,	7						
0.0	7				348		
Oct. 4,	7	23			351		
Oct. 7,	7	24			352		
Cook, Oct. 4,	7	343			351		
					351		
Oct. 7,	7				349		
Oct. 4,		403	35	49	351	16	
Cook and Bayly, Oct. 1,					348		
Bayly, Sept. 23, 1780,	7	43	7	05	340	07	
Oct. 1, 1776,			4	12	349	00	
Oct. 4,		493			351		
Oct. 1,	7	503	4		349		
Oct. 4,		553	4	49	351	16	
Oct. I,		573	4	12	349		
Rosnevet, in 1.773,		00	5		339		
Bayly, Oct. 8, 1776,	8	1613	5	32	353	05	
N				Ro	lnev	et,	

By whom observed in 1772,	Varia. W.		Lat. S.		Long.	
Defense in	0	20	0	10	0 /	
Rosnevet, in 1773,	0	20	01	10	341 27	
Cook, Oct. 7, 1776,					352 30	
Bayly, June 7, 1780,	0	32	5	12	336 42	
Cook and Bayly, May 28,	0	32	12	00	344 38	
Cook and Bayly, Oct. 7,1776,					352 30	
	8	34	35	30	35 ² 35	
	8	35	35	,19	352 30	
AND REPORT OF THE RESERVE	8	42	35	19	352 30	
	8	43	35	30	352 35	
	8	47	35	19	352 30	
Oct. 8,					353 05	
Oct. 3,					353 05	
Bougainville, in 1776,	9	00	33	51	344 05	
Cook, Oct. 7,					352 50	
81 12 6 12 6 13 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9	01	35	32	353 05	
or action see					353 05	
Bayly, June 4, 1780,	9	08	39	00	340 01	
Cook and Bayly, Oct. 7, }	9		35		35235	
-7/10,	9	18	35	30	352 35	
	9				35 ² 35	
					352 30	
Oct. 8,	9				353 05	
Oct. 7,						
Oct. 8,	9				352 35	
Cook, Oct. 9,					353 05	
Rosneyet in 1972					353 05	
Rofnevet, in 1773,	9	56	31	54	357 56	
Cook, May 31, 1780,	9	50	12	-	344 38	
Bayly, Sept. 12, 1776,		58		5/	342 02	
Cook and Bayly, Oct. 7,	10	00	35	30	352 35	
Oct. 9,	10	02	35	25	357 06	
Rosnevet, in 1773,		10	1000	142 100	00 59	
	110	10	34	05	5 01 Cook	

By whom observed in to 1780.	1772,	Varia. W.	Lat. S.	Long. E.
Cook and Bayly, May	20.1	0 1	0 '	0 1
1780,	-,}	10, 13	12 00	344 38
00(344 38
Oct. 9, 1776,				357 06
Furneau, Feb. 12, 1773, Cook and Bayly, Oct.	77			323 50
1776,	'' }	10 31	35 19	352 30
Bayly, May 30, 1780,		10 33	13 34	345 10
Cook, Oct. 9, 1776,		10 25	25.26	357.06
		10 40	25 26	35706
Bayly, May 31, 1780,		10 40	12 04	344 12
0.0			12 00	
Oct. 9, 1776,			35 26	
June 2, 1780,			10.45	
Oct. 9, 1776,		0 502	25 26 3	357 06
May 30, 1780,		0 57	2 54 5	44 50
March 27,	1	1 03 1	5 45 3	4730
Oct. 9, 1776,			5 26 3	
May 28, 1780,			4 24 3	
May 27,	1.	1 101	5 05 3	47 12
May 28,			4 24 3	
May 24, Cook, May 28,	1	1 4111	8 27 3	5100
Cook and Bayly, May 28,	1,	T 5211	4 24 3	16 26
Dayly, May 20,	I,	2 001	4 24 3	46 26
Dec. 2, 1772,	1,	2 08 6	4 21 34	40 15
Feb. 16, 1775,	I.	2 155	5 2.6	622
Bayly, May 23, 1780,	12	Control of the Park Control of	4635	
Cook, May 28,	12	/ -	1 24 34	
Feb. 18, 1775,	113	-		9 16
Rosnevet, in 1773,	13			758
Cook and Bayly, May 19	.71		,) [
1780,	13	49 24	40	06
N	12		B	ayly,

By whom observed in 1772, to 1780.	W. S. C.
Rayly Cant as xx	01010
Bayly, Sept. 22, 1776,	13 56 33 46 30
May 19, 1780,	14 12 24 40 0
May 21,	14 18 22 26 356 3
Rosnevet, in 1773,	14 28 34 16 14 4
May 21, 1780,	14 30 24 40 0
	14 35 24 40 0
May 19,	14 47 24 40 0
Oct. 24, 1776,	15 08 33 55 42
Dec. 5, 1772,	15 15 47 10 18 1
Furneau, Feb. 9, 1774,	15 36 57 20 317 4
Bayly, May, 19, 1780.	15 43 24 37 1
Bougainville, in 1776.	16 30 25 51 70
Cook, May 19, 1780,	17 13 24 40 0
Furneau, in 1773.	17 15 41 48 183
Bayly, Oct. 28, 1776,	17 16 33 57 11 4
May 17, 1780,	17 16 26 40 54
Rolnevet, in 1773.	17 37 34 08 180
Bayly, Dec. 4, 1772,	17 51 45 46 183
Dec. 6,	18 11 48 41 16 5
Dec. 3,	18 16 44 28 18 4
Nov. 27,	18 3040 04 17 2
July 21, 1780,	18 33 38 10 323 2
Cook, Oct. 14, 1776,	18 37 28 49 351 5
	18 51 34 57 351 5
	18 55 34 57 351 5
Bayly, July 21, 1780,	18 55 38 10 323 2
Oct. 14, 1776,	19 1434 59351 5
Rosnevet, in 1773,	, , , , , , , , , ,
Bayly, July 21, 1780,	19 15 34 04 19 3
Bayly, July 21, 1,80,	19 11 38 10 323 2
Furnam Fab a var	19 17 38 10 323 2
Furneau, Feb. 7, 1774,	19 20 59 16 312 1
Cook, Oct. 14, 1776,	19. 28 34 57 90
Furneau, Feb. 4, 1774,	19 30 60 20 307 1
Bayly, May 14, 1780,	119 58 30 08 111

By whom observed in 1772 to 1780.	Varia W.	Lat. S.	Long. E.
Rosnevet, May 20, 1773, Bayly, July 21, 1780,	20 I	5 34 16	20 53 333 28
Rofnevet, in 1773, Bayly, May 12, 1780, Nov. 7, 1776, Aug. 2, 1780,	20 5 21 1 21 2	6 32 43 5 34 13 6 44 50	22 18 17 00 17 20 337 00
Rosnevet, in 1773, Cook, Aug. 2, 1780,	22 0	035 2	0 537 00 7 18 26 0 337 00
Dec. 23, 1772, Furneau, Feb. 3, 1773,	123 5 124 8	30 60 0	6 338 57 4 302 47

OF THE

MAGNETIC NEEDLE,

Observed at different Times in the Indian Ocean,

North of the Equator.

By whom observed in 1767, Var to 1780.					Long, E.
	0	•	,0		0,
Bayly, Jan. 14, 1780,					114 20
Nov. 20, 1769,					131 34
Carteret, Nov. 14, 1767,	0	06	I	57	1 22 34
Cook and Bayly, Nov. 19, 3	0	24	22	14	131 36
Feb. 1, 1780,	0	25	1	04	106 03
Bayly, Nov. 21, 1779,	0	31	21	19	129 12
Jan. 20, 1780.	0	31	4	43	105 23
Feb. 1,					106 03
Feb. 1, Cook, Feb. 1,	0	34	I	04	106 03
Bayly, Jan. 30,					105 25
Nov. 19, 1779,					131 36
Carteret, Nov. 7, 1767,					125 53
Cook, Nov. 19, 1779,		1			131 36
Feb. 1, 1780,					106 03
					106 03
Carteret, Nov. 6, 1767,	0	48	5	34	126 10
Cook, Feb. 1, 1780,				-	126 10
				_	Cook,

By whom observed in 1767,				Lat. N.		
Cook, Nov. 8,	0	,	0	20	0	i
Marion and Crozet, Nov.			1			F-12
29, 1772, }	I	00	12	44	123	58
Bayly, Nov. 28, 1779,	I	00	20	49	117	06
Nov. 18,						36
A Color of the A						10
Jan. 31, 1780,						45
Carteret, Oct. 27, 1767,						55
Sept. 30,				25		
Oct. 27,				15		
Sept. 27,				50		
Bougainville, in 1766,				12		
Carteret, Nov. 27, 1767,				13		
Od. 27,				15		
Cook, Nov. 16, 1779,				03		
Carteret, Oct. 12, 1767,				49		
	2	N 25.435-1978	THE PERSON N	12		
Bayly, Nov. 16, 1779,	2			57	1-10-Met 1000 A	1000
Oct. 16,				55		
Cook, Nov. 16,	100			52		
Carteret, Sept. 24,		08		05		The state of the s
Oct. 3,		-		41		
Oct. 9,	3			03		
Sept. 24,	3	14	4	41	133	21
Oct. 6,	3	33	4	21	133	15
Oct. 8,	3	28	3	53	134	43
C-1 1D 1 In -(3		1.				
Cook and Bayly, Jan. 16,	0	00	15	01	114	15
Bayly, Jan. 31,	0	03	I	36	100	40
Jan. 30,	0	04	3	211	123	33
Jan. 16,	0	10	5	03	13	41
Jan. 30,	0	II	3	21	95	22
Cook, Nov. 21, 1779,	0	14	21	36 1 03 1 21 1 1 8 1	29	16
					Coc	ok,

By whom observed in 1767, to 1780.	Var W	ia.	L]	at. N.	Lor	ng. E.
Cook, Feb. 1, 1780,	0	16	0	O'A	106	00
Carteret, Nov. 26, 1767,					118	
			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	R - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 1	114	2
Bayly, Dec. 1, 1779,		0.000,000	1000 1000 1000		107	100 200 200
Jan. 19, 1780,	TO SELECT		STREET	-	114	_
Cook, Jan. 16,	NOUS WAY DOWN	- 1 mg			129	
Bayly, Nov. 21, 1779,						
Cook, Jan. 30, 1780,					105	
Jan. 16,					129	
Jan. 20,					129	
Jan. 16,					114	
Byron, Nov. 7, 1767,					103	
Cook, Nov. 21, 1779,					129	
Feb. 1, 1780,	0	46	I	04	106	03
Cook and Bayly, Jan. 30,	0	50	3	21	105	33
Cook, Jan. 16,	0	52	15	OI	114	15
Jan. 30,					129	
Nov. 21, 1779,					129	
Bayly, Jan. 28, 1780,					106	
Nov. 21, 1779,					129	
Cook, Nov. 19,		-			131	

OF THE

MAGNETIC NEEDLE,

Observed at different Times in the Indian Ocean, South of the Equator.

By whom observed in 1766 to 1773,	S, Varia. Lat. Long E. S. E.
Downing in and	0 10 10 ,
Bougainville, in 1766,	0 22 4 29 127 48
	0 33 2 54 130 39
	0 40 1 52 132 48
Furneau, March 6, 1773,	0 55 43 56 139 12
Bougainville, in 1766,	1 55 0 17 134 53
Cook, Aug. 27, 1770,	2 30 9 56 139 30
Bougainville, in 1766,	3 05 1 16 140 17
Cook, Jan. 18, 1770,	3 06 10 36 138 54
Bayly, Aug. 17, 1769,	4 09 12 38 137 15
Bougainville, in 1766,	4 28 2 10 141 34
Bayly, June 5, 1770,	5 35 19 12 133 00
April 24,	7 54 35 19 130 12
March 7,	7 56133 22128 30
May 6,	8 00 33 50 125 30
May 10,	8 00 33 02 128 00
April 18	100
April 18,	8 36 25 34 127 15
April 25,	8 48 34 29 128 34
April 5,	9 00/19 12/133 00
0	Bayly,

By whom observed in 1766 to 1773.	Varia. E.		
Davida Managara	0 /		0 1, 1
Bayly, May 11,			128 00
April 20,	10 42	36 18	130 25
April 30,			128 57
April 10,	11 25	38 51	123 13
April 14,	11 30	39 30	124 32
April 13,			124 30
April 11,	13 48	38 30	123 30
Jan. 29, 1774,	23 34	70 00	107 57
Feb. 4,	25 42	65 42	100 14
ISSES, SERVED STATES	W.		
Wallis, Nov. 26, 1767,	0 00	4 10	175 44
Carteret, Nov. 27,			118 15
Bougainville, in 1766,	0 49		124 45
Bayly, March 16, 1773,			135 44
Carteret, Sept. 30, 1768,	0 51	7 41	102 06
May 29, 1768,	0 56		110 53
In 1768,	1 00	5 31	117 47
Wallis, Dec. 16, 1767,	1 00	6 41	117 47
Bougainville, in 1766,	I IC		123 31
Cook, Sept. 13, 1770,	1 10	9 45	126 13
Carteret, in Dec. 1767,	1 16		11828
Bougainville, in 1766,	1 17	6 26	11453
Wallis, Dec. 1, 1767,	1 24	6 08	106 00
Bougainville, in 1766,	I 28	6 25	11747
Furneau, March 1, 1773,	1 30	44 00	135 45
Bougainville, in 1766,	2 0	8.35	101 04
Carteret, Oct. 2, 1768,	2 06	10 37	97 49
Cook, Sept. 22, 1770,	2 44	11 10	11012
Bougainville, in 1766,			94 40
Cook, March 1771,	13 00	6 40	73 42
Sept. 26,1770,	3 10	10 47	11038
Carteret, Oct. 4, 1768,	3 12		94 26
Oct. 12,			77 10
Furneau, March 4, 1773,			132 50
			inville,

By whom observed in 1766, to	Varia. W.	Lat.	Long. E.
Bougainville, in 1766,	3 55	18 24	81 57
Bayly, March 6, 1773,	4 03		
Bougainville, in 1766,	4 45		79 10
Bayly, Sept. 8, 1770,			79 43 122 37
Cook, Oct. 14, 1768,	6 26	21 47	A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE
Furneau, March 3, 1773,	6 35	CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF	73 17 130 51
Bougainville, in 1766,	6 43	10 48	70 43
2008			68 50
Bayly, Jan. 17, 1766,	A CAS CONTRACTOR		128 18
Bougainville,	8 55		67 02
	9 40		62 54
Cook, March 12, 1773,			132 11
Furneau, March 1,	10 20		125 30
Cook, in 1771,	10 20		65 30
In March,	10 20	A PARK NAVA STREET	115 30
Carteret, Oct. 17, 1768,		24 23	
Oct. 20,		24 59	
Bougainville, in 1768,	11 48		60 03
Carteret, Oct. 18,	11 50		6751
Cook, March 11, 1773,		58 07	130 50
March, 1771,	12 20		122 30
Carteret, Oct. 25, 1768,	12 39		64 0.5
Oct. 19,	12 49		67 28
Oct. 20,	12 54	24 50	67 05
Oct. 24,	12 54	23 21	
Bougainville, 1766,	13 22 1		
Rosnevet, in 1773, and 1774,	13 40 2	20 25	57 04
Carteret, Oct. 26, 1768,	13 42 3	23 32	63 12
Rosnevet, in 1773,	15 30 2	20 21	56 36
Furneau, Feb. 28,	15 47 3	0 20 1	22 19
Carteret, Oct. 28, 1768,	16 10 2	4 52	60 44
Rosnevet, in 1773,	16 20 2	6 00	62 33
Cook, Dec. 10, 1772,	16 29	1-04	20 53
Jan. 14, 1771,	16 5014	6 15 1	1521
O 2		Bougai	

By whom observed in 1766, to 1773.			at.	Long. E.
		, 0	,	0 ,
Bougainville, in 1776,		0 23	10	54 53
Rosnevet, in 1773,	17 0	0 21	35	56 49
Cook, March 1771,	17 0	0 24	00	122 30
Dec. 11, 1772,	17 0	9 51	51	21 33
Rosnevet, in 1773,		6 28	30	
Carteret, Oct. 30, 1768,	18 I	8 25		
Rosnevet, in 1773,		117	28	
Bougainville, in 1766,	Print to the Paris of the Print	0 24	0.000	- 0
Rosnevet, in 1773,		3 25		20, 33
		5 19		
Cook, Jan. 14, 1771,		5 46		
Rosnevet, in 1773,		3 18	48	
173,		5 21		
		8 22		
Cook, Dec. 28, 1772,		0 58		
Rosnevet, in 1773,		0 23	01	
reomever, in 1//3,	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	Photo System is		1 - 11
Carteret, Nov. 1, 1768,		0 20		51 38
Carteret, Nov. 1, 1/00,		2 27	05	
Cook and Pauly in Table	20 2	20/27	05	53 22
Cook and Bayly in Table Bay, at the C. of G. H.	20- 3	30		
Rosnevet, in 1773,	20 4	10/30	44	64 35
Cook, Dec. 17, 1772,		50 55		
Rosnevet, in 1773,		3 24		
Carteret, Nov. 3, 1768,		8 27		
Bayly, Jan. 10, 1771,		9/48		THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE
Carteret, Nov. 5, 1768,				49 31
Bougainville, in 1766,	THE REAL PROPERTY.	10/25	27	22 50
Carteret, Nov. 4, 1768,	21	527	12	50.40
Nov. 3,	21 3	22 27	40	50 40
Cook, Dec. 19, 1772,	21	6154	17	25 40
Bougainville, in 1766,	21.	0:24	27	25 49 25 13
Furneau, Feb. 26, 1773,	21	34	34	116 02
Carteret, Nov. 23, 1768,	21	2012	22	26 16
Carteret, 110v. 23, 1/00,	21	19'34	5/	26 16
		DO	ug	ainvill

By whom observed in 17 to 1773.	66, Varia	a. Lat. S.	Long. E.
D : 111	0 ,	10 1	0 .
Bougainville, in 1776,		0 27 16	
Carteret, Nov. 24, 1768,		434 52	CARLES TO A CARLES AND A CARLES
Cook, Dec. 21, 1772,		7 53 50	
Rosnevet, in 1773,		5 27 28	
Carteret, Nov. 21, 1768,	22 I	8 35 46	27 30
Bougainville, in 1766,		035 31	27 33
Carteret, Nov. 19, 1768,	22 3	235 17	
Nov. 6,		8 28 58	
Nov. 20,		6 35 42	
Nov. 22,	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	035 04	CANADA CA
Rosnevet, in 1773,		0 35 19	
		5 34 28	
	THE RESERVE TO STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	036 04	
	23 3		
Bougainville, in 1766,	23 4		
Rosnevet, in 1773,	24 0		
Cook, in 1771,	24 0	14.	THE RESERVE TO SERVE THE PARTY OF THE PARTY
Jan. 1, 1773,	24 1		
Rosnevet, in 1773,	24 2		
27/3,	24 30		
Carteret, Dec. 10, 1768,	24 3		
Nov. 7,		29 59	44 25
Posneyet in 1770	24 5		44 25
Rosnevet, in 1773,		5 26 25	48 11
Funnasy Esta as		39 24	65 35
Furneau, Feb. 23,		52 18	104 44
Carteret, Nov. 12, 1768,	25 02	32 39	37 47
Nov. 13,	25 0	33 21	35 57
D.C.	25 08	32 02	39 17
Rosnevet, in 1773,	25 30	29 42	43 40
Carteret, Nov. 10, 1768,	25 32	33 21 33 20 32 02 0 29 42 2 30 37	41 18
	25 39	30 12	40 20
Bougainville, in 1766,	25 45	30 41	38 25
Carteret, Nov. 9, 1768,		30 19	42 07
		Ro	ofnevet,

By whom observed in 1776 to 1773.			La		E.	
r with a direction	10	,	0	,	0 ,	
Rosnevet. in 1773,	25		32			
Cook, in 1771,			29			
In March,			29			
Rosnevet, in 1773,	26		30			
e same services and the	120	15	37		42 13	
* [14] [14] [14] [14] [14] [15]			28			
The Wall of the Wall			40			
	26		43	50	41 0	
Anna da sola de la como de la com	27		34			
D 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	27		35		THE RESERVE THE PARTY OF THE PA	
Bayly, Jan. 11, 1773,			63			
Rosnevet,			25	STORES INTO		
of the second second			43		EAST-USAK STANASHEED	
P. P. Handle Co., The Control of the	CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE P	15 PS SWILL SHAPE	35	Mary Anna Page		
Coale lan a remai			61		100	
Cook, Jan. 9, 1773,	ACCURATE STATE OF THE PARTY OF		34		273	
Cook, in 1771, Oct. 12,			46			
하루데요 하는 생각 회에 있는 경험에 가장 하면 가장 하는 사람들이 얼마나 하는 것이 되는 것이다. 그는 것이 없는 것이다.			63			
Jan. 14, 1773, March, 8,	28	20 1000	59		1213	
	29		33			
Rosnevet, in 1773,					583	
Bayly, Feb. 1, 1773, Feb. 10,			50			
Furneau, Feb. 21, 1773,	29				1103	
Rofnevet,	-	STATE OF THE PARTY	46			
			70		400	
Bayly, Jan. 17,	20	00	10		433	
Rofnevet,	30		54	28	52 1	
Bayly, Jan. 22, Feb. 5,	3.0	26	10	08	584	
Furneau, Feb. 20,	30	16	52	22		
Jan. 31,	-30		50		57 1	
Rofnever,			3 47	58	67 2	
Komever,	31	00	040	30	57.5	
- 4, st 41 - 0,	131		048	0	68 6	
	2.		17.		Rosnev	

By whom observed in 1776, to 1773.	Varia W.	Lat.	Long. E.
Defeaset in AHE2	0 ,	0 /	6806
Rosnevet, in 1773,		62 48	
Cook, Jan. 21, 1773,		AND RESERVOIRS AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF T	
Feb. 7,		48 51	
March 6,		60 04	
Rosnevet, in 1773,		48 18	
			6804
		48 53	62 44
Bayly, Feb. 12, 1773,	32 05		
Jan. 27,		56 28	
Feb. 6,		48 06	
Furneau, Feb. 13, 1773,	32 30		71 53
Cook, Feb. 13,		53 54	
Jan. 23,		60 04	4715
Jan. 24,	33 52	58 24	
Furneau, Feb. 13, 1773,	34 14	51 40	7522
Cook, Feb. 14, 1774,	34 18	55 23	75 18
Furneau, Feb. 16, 1773,	35 00	52 12	
Cook, Feb. 15, 1773,		56 52	7918
Feb. 18,		57 57	
March 3,		60 17	
Feb. 20,			9214
Feb. 22,	40 51		
Feb. 25,		60 49	

OF THE

MAGNETIC NEEDLE,

Observed at different Times in the Indian Ocean, South of the Equator.

By whom observed in 1774, to 1780.	Varia. E.	Lat. S.	Long. E.
Bayly, Feb. 26, 1780,	0 1	0 1	105 24
Feb. 23,			104 06
Jan. 18, 1777,		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	132 25
Sept. 23, 1776,			137 15
Sept. 27,			140 26
Sept. 273		0 3 2	140 20
Bayly, Feb. 2, 1780,		1000	106 00
			106 02
Feb. 25,		The second second	101 51
Feb. 1,			105 55
Cook, Feb. 16,			105 41
Bayly, Feb. 18,			105 41
Feb. 26,			100 20
Feb. 16,			105 41
Cook, Feb. 5,		_	106 55
Feb. 16,			105 41
			10541
Bayly, March 2,			89 55
**			Bayly,

By whom observed in 17 to 1780.	74, Varia. Lat. Long. S. E.
Bayly, Feb. 28, 1780,	1 51 15 45 98 03
Feb. 16,	1 52 6 36 105 41
Marsh a	2 22 18 10 87 12
March 3,	2 03 18 19 87 53
Cook, Feb. 29,	
March 3,	3 11 18 25 84 44
	3 15 18 25 84 44
	3 16 18 25 84 44
	3 22 18 25 84 44
Feb. 29,	3 26 15 58 9530
Cook and Bayly, Feb. 29,	3 36 15 58 95 30
Bayly, Jan. 18, 1777,	4 07 44 18 132 50
Cook,	5 24 44 18 132 50 5 36 44 18 132 50
Bayly, March 9, 1780,	5 45 20 36 73 00
Cook, Jan. 18, 1777,	5 45 20 36 73 00 6 20 44 18 132 50
Cook and Bayly, Jan. 17,	6 32 44 14 129 09
Furneau, Jan. 17,	6 51 44 18 128 18
Jan. 18,	7 21 44 18 132 50
March 12, 1780,	7 38 21 10 68 50
Bayly, March 11,	
March 12,	7 52 ² 1 04 69 50 8 26 ² 1 10 68 50
Cook, Jan. 17, 1777,	8 41 44 18 128 18
March 12, 1779,	8 5721 10 68 50
March 12, 1780,	
Wiaich 12, 1/80,	
Jan. 17, 1777,	
March 12, 1780,	9 23 44 18 128 18 9 26 21 10 68 50
	9 26 44 18 128 18
Jan. 17, 1777,	9 20 44 10 120 10
March 12, 1780,	9 49 21 00 68 50
March 17, 1777,	10 02 44 18 128 18
Bayly, March 13, 1780,	10 11 21 31 68 20
March 15,	12 45 23 09 61 50
Cook, March 17, 1780,	14 43 25 00 59 15
Jan. 14, 1777,	114 48146 15/115 20
P	Ccok,

By whom observed in 1774,	Var W	ia.	La	st.	Long. E.
Cook, Jan. 14, 1777,	0		o 46	16	115 20
Cook, Jan. 14, 1///,	1,5	51	46	15	
ALCO DE COMO DE LA COM					115 20
Bayly, Jan. 13, 1777,					11335
March 19, 1780,			1		55 18
Jan. 13, 1777,	17				59 10
March 18, 1780,	18				59 10
Jan. 13, 1777,	18		47		11050
March 18, 1780,	18				59 10
Cook, Jan. 13, 1777,				(A.S.) 1/3	11050
Oct. 31,	18		26		
Jan. 13,	18		+7		11050
	18		+7		11050
March 18, 1780,			25		1 22
	119	04	25	09	59 10
			25		59 1
			25		
March 11, 1775,	20	48	140	56	25 1
Bayly, March 21, 1780,	21	28	27	51	
Cook, March 10, 1775,	21	33	42		
Dec. 5, 1776,	21		38		
	22		38		
March 3, 1775,			45		
Dec. 12, 1776,	Company of the second		46		10
Bayly, Dec. 5,	7		39		
Cook, Jan. 10, 1777,			48		
Dec. 5, 1776,			A STATE OF		23 5
Dec. 10,					33 1
March 1, 1775,					32 5
Dec. 5, 1776,	23	36	18	52	235
Jan. 10, 1777,	22	25	18	21	1073
Dec. 10, 1776,	22	56	144	0	33 1
Bayly, April 5, 1780,	23	75	25	16	221
Cook, Jan. 9, 1777,					
Dec. 5, 1776,					103 4
200. 3, 1/10,	1-4	. 00	38	52	Bayly

By whom observed in 1774,	Van	ria.	La S	it.	Long. E.
D 1 A C:1	0		0	41	0 ,
Bayly, April 3, 1780,		21	-	19	TOPS OF STREET AS
Dec. 10, 1776,	1 100	30	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	08	00
Cook, Dec. 10,	1 7	44	0.00	08	100
	All Calls Taxes	46	1. 1. 6	08	00
Bayly, April 2, 1780,	1 1 1 3 A CO.	50	F. S. C. R. L. C. L. L.	41	The National Property of the Control
March 20,		53	1.5 Sept. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17		32 49
Dec. 10, 1776,	1000	54	3 0	08	00
Jan. 8, 1777,	25	45.50	A CONTRACTOR OF	5. Fe 1	100 46
March 24, 1780,	1	17			44 00
Dec. 12, 1776,		24	C 18 9 . 1 5		
Dec. 10,	25	29	47	18	100 46
Cook, Jan. 8, 1777,	25	30	47	18	100 46
Cook & Bayly, Dec. 10, 1776,	25	30	44	08	33 10
Cook, March 30, 1780,	25	34	31	12	The contract of the contract o
Bayly, March 24,	25		2000	33	41 24
Cook,	25	35			44 00
Bayly,		39		12	
Cook and Bayly, March 30,		40		12	The second second second
Dec. 12, 1776,		43	100	37	
Bayly, April 1, 1780,	25		33	18	
Jan. 8, 1777,	25		47	18	
Cook & Bayly, Dec. 10, 1776,	25	56		08	
Cook, Dec. 12,	26	00		37	00
Bayly, March 23, 1780,		02		03	
Cook and Bayly, Dec. 5, 1776,				52	The state of the s
Jan. 1, 1777,	26	09	48	30	
Dec. 12, 1776,		09		37	
Cook and Bayly, Dec. 12,	26	a till framework	16	37	
March 30, 1780,	MATERIAL PROPERTY.	14			
Cook,	26		31		
March 28,	1000000	16			44.00
Dec. 12, 1776,		18			
Bayly, March 28, 1780,	26	18	21	31	34 50
March 26,	26	28	30	56	37 50
P. 2	120	20	.50	20	Bayly,

By whom observed in 1774 to 1780.	Va V	Varia. W.		at. S.	Long, E.	
	10	,	0	,	6 .	
Bayly, March 24, 1780,	26		29	40		
Dec. 10, 1776,	26		44	Oliver A	30 5	
March 30, 1780,	127		31		32 30	
	27	12	31	12	32 30	
Oct. 27, 1776,	27		48		69 40	
March 30, 1780,	27	16	31	12	32 30	
Cook, Oct. 12, 1776,	27	-19		37	38 20	
March 24, 1780,	27		29	40	44 00	
Oct. 27, 1776,	27		29	40		
	27	D 30	48	41		
	27		48	4.1		
Dec. 27, 1776,	27	W	48	41		
Feb. 2,	27		48	36	600	
Bayly, Jan. 4, 1777,	28		48	30	84 50	
Cook & Bayly, Oct. 28, 1776	2 3 4 5 5 6	9 1 1 5	48		60 4	
Cook & Bayly, Oct. 20, 1//0	28		40.00	41	69 40	
In t tens	28	_	48	41	69 40	
Jan. 1, 1777,	28	-	48	31	79 3	
Feb. 4,	A STATE OF LABOR OF L	-	49		59 2	
Bayly, Jan. 1,	28		48		8030	
Dec. 14, 1776,	29	2 .	48	00	45 I	
Jan. 1, 1777,	29	10-10-10-1	48	31	7939	
Dec. 27, 1776,	129		48	41		
Jan. 3, 1777,	29	37	48	16	860	
Oct. 31, 1776,	29	45	48	41	77 2	
Jan 3, 1777,	29	59	48	16	8600	
	30	08	48	16	86 0	
Oct. 14, 1776,	30	23	47	56	44 5	
March 24, 1780,	30	28	29	40		
Oct. 27, 1776,	30	28	48	41		
Jan. 3, 1777,		33				
Dec. 27, 1776,				41	the second of the	
Oct. 14, 1777,	30			56		
Dec. 31, 1776,	30	20	18			
Cook and Bayly, Oct. 27,				41		
Door and Dayry, Oct. 2/3	130	43	48	41	69 2 Coo	

By whom observed in 1774, to 1780.	Varia. W.	Lat. S.	Long. E.
Cook and Bayly, Oct. 14, }	30 45	47 56	44 59
Jan. 1, 1777,	30 48	47 56 48 31	44 57 79 39
Cook, Dec. 14,	30 59 31 07 31 24	47 56	
Dec. 14, 1776, Dec. 31,	31 31	47 56 48 41	44 57 77 29
Jan. 3, 1777, Bayly, Dec. 24, 1776,	31 40 31 44 31 51	48 16	86 00
Dec. 31,	32 17 32 18	48 16	86 00

OF THE

MAGNETIC NEEDLE,

Observed at different Times in the Pacific Ocean,

North of the Equator.

By whom observed in 1767,	Varia. Lat. E. N.	
Paula Oct of The	0 10	0 ,
Bayly, Oct. 25, 1779,	0 23 40 02	
Cook, Nov. 19,	0 41 24 14	
Bayly, Oct. 31,	0 48 34 24	
Cook, Nov. 19,	1 07 35 24	142 30
Bayly, Oct. 25,	1 08 40 09	144 24
Oct. 26,	1 21 39 28	
Oct. 31,	1 21 35 24	
Oct. 27,	1 23 38 17	
Oct. 31,	1 29 35 24	
Oct. 22,	1 30 40 29	
Cook, Oct. 31,	1 31 35 24	
Bayly,	1 36 35 24	
Cook, Oct. 22,	1 38 40 29	
Bayly, Oct. 29,	I 42 37 42	
Cook, Oct. 26,	1 48 39 28	
Oct. 31,	2 03 35 34	
Oct. 22,	2 11 40 29	
Oct. 16,	2 15 39 28	
dala da j	3.57 = 0	Bayly,

By whom observed in 1767, to 1779.	Varia. E.	Lat.	Long. E.
Bayly, Oct. 22, 1779,	0 16	0 ,	0 1
Dayly, Oct. 22, 1//9,			148 39
Oct. 31,	2 17	35 34	142 30
Cook and Bayly, Oct. 30,	2 18	36 32	142 20
Cook Now to	2 23	36 32	142 20
Cook, Nov. 13,	2 26	24 42	143 37
Bayly, Oct. 31,	2 28	35 40	142 34
Nov. 13,	2 29	24 42	143 37
Oct. 30,	2 29	36 32	142 20
Nov. 16,	2 29	24 57	139 13
Nov. 13,	2 31	2+ 42	143 37
Oct. 22,	2 34	40 29	148 39
Bayly, Nov. 15,	2 35	25 06	141 36
Nov. 13,	2 36	24 42	143 36
Cook, Nov. 13,	2 51	24 42	143 37
Bayly, Nov 5,	2 55	35 03	144 20
Cook, Oct. 21,	3 04	41 11	149 20
	3 06	4.I II	149 20
Nov. 13,	3 09	24 42	143 37
Cook, Nov. 13,	3 12	24 42	143 47
Bayly, Nov. 14.	3 14	24 34	142 32
Nov. 12,	3 16	26 17	14841
Nov. 4,	3 18	35 42	147 26
Cook, Oct. 21,	3 21	41 11	149 30
Nov. 5,	3 23	35 03	144 20
Bayly, Nov. 13,	3 25	24 43	143 00
Nov. 5,	3 29	35 03	144 20
Oct. 22,	3 35	40 29	148 20
Nov. 5,		25 03	11120
Nov. 13,	2 36	35 03 24 42	142 27
Nov. 5,	2 38	35 03	1433/
Cook, Nov. 5,	3 35 3 36 3 38 3 40	26 17	144 20
	3 40		
Nov. 12,	3 40	35 03	44 20
Bayly, Nov. 5,	2 44	26 17	144 40
	3 401	35 03	47 34 Paris
The state of the s			Bayly,

By whom observed in 176	7, Varia Lat. Long E. N. E.
Bayly, Nov. 14,	10 , 00 , 00 ,
	3 49 24 51 142 08
Oct. 17, Oct. 21,	3 53 44 29 153 50
Oct. 21,	4 00 42 20 150 11
Oct. 13,	4 10 49 37 157 17
Vic. 21,	4 12 41 11 149 20
Nov. 12,	4 12 26 17 144 41
Nov. 5,	4 13 35 03 144 20
April 30,	4 14 52 58 159 20
Oct. 22,	4 15 40 29 148 39
Oct. 17,	4 18 44 29 153 50
Oct. 15,	4 20 46 16 156 00
0.2	4 21 45 29 158 15
Oct. 14,	4 30 47 57 155 55
Nov. 5,	4 32 35 03 144 20
Oct. 15,	4 3(16 16 156 00
Oct. 17,	4 37 44 29 153 50
Nov. 13,	4 39 25 35 143 37
Cook, Oct. 15,	4 40 46 16 156 00
Oct. 14,	4 42 46 44 156 00
Bayly,	4 42 46 44 156 00
Dec. 23, 1777,	4 42 1 01 202 55
June 18, 1779,	4 43 52 43 159 29
Oct. 15,	4 44 46 16 156 00
Oct. 17,	4 50 44 30 1 56 04
	4 51 44 29 153 50
Cook,	4 55 44 29 153 50
Bayly, Dec. 27, 1777,	4 58 I 58 202 59
Oct. 15, 1779,	5 00 46 16 156 00
Cook and Bayly, Oct. 15;}	
1779	5 00 45 29 158 15
Oct. 17,	5 00 45 02 156 08
Oct. 15,	5 01 45 29 158 15
Oct. 12,	5 06 50 03 157 32
Oct. 17,	5 07 44 29 153 50
	Bayly,

By whom observed in 1767, to 1779.	Varia.	N.	Long. E.
-119		0 .	0 1
	5 07		155 07
Bayly, Oct. 15,		53 14	162 20
Aug. 21,		55 -4	207 10
Jan. 10, 1778,	5 10	9 42	205 10
Oct. 12, 1779,		50 50	157 50
Oct. 17,			153 50
June 18,	5 11	52 43	159 29
Oct. 17,		44 29	153 50
	5 15	45 29	156 06
Oct. 15,	5 15	16 10	144 05
Wallis, Oct. 17, 1767,	1		
Cook and Bayly, Dec. 27,	5 17	I 58	202 59
1777,		100	16034
April 17, 1779,			
Bayly, Oct. 12,		50 5	157 40
Dec. 24, 1777,	5 1	8 1 5	202 55
Dec. 25,	5 I	8 1 5'	7 202 55
Oct. 12, 1779,	5 2	0 50 0	3 157 32
	5 2	2 1 5	7 203 00
Dec. 26, 1777,	5 I 5 I 5 2 5 2 5 2	2 50 5	7 157 50
Oct. 12, 1779,		1 5 2	5 203 30
Jan. 5, 1778,	5 2 5 2	4 3 3	OILL IC
Cook, Oct. 15, 1779,	5 2	41-5 4	9 155 10
Oct. 12,	5 2		5 157 39
Bayly, Jan. 10, 1778,	5 2 5 3 5 3 5 3	5 9 4	2 205 10
Jan. 8,	1 5 2	16 7 5	9 205 I
April 14, 1779,	153	26 46 4	8 1570
	153	27 52 5	7159^{2} 6205^{2}
May 3,	1 2	31 19 2	6 205 2
Cook and Bayly, Jan. 1,	13	22 50	57 157 5
Oct. 12,			
Bayly, Dec. 24, 25, and 26	3 5	3450	3 1573
1777,	11		THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE
	15	3451	56 202 5
	5	3550	03 157 3
Cook Dec an	5 5 5 5	36 I	03 157 3 58 202 5
Cook, Dec. 27,	15	37 50	03 1573
Oct. 12, 1779,	12	41 0	42 205
Jan. 10, 1778,	, ,	+ ,	Coo

By whom observed in 1767, to 1779.		ria. E.	L	at.	Lo	ng.
Carl OS	ò	•	0	,	ð	,
Cook, Oct. 12, 1779,	5				157	
April 15,	5				160	
Dec. 27, 1777,	5				158	
Jan. 5, 1778,	5	46	5	35	203	30
Aug. 21, 1779,	5	48	53	14	162	20
Jan. 5, 1778,	5				203	
May 3,	5	50			159	
Dec. 26, 1777,	5	50			203	
Bayly, Jan. 7, 1778,	5	51			205	
Oct. 15, 1779,	5	51	45	29	155	10
Aug. 21,	5	53	53	14	162	20
Jan 8, 1778,	5	54	7	48	205	54
Jan. 12,	5	55	13	55	203	26
Oct. 15, 1779,	5	55	145	20	1 5 5	10
Cook, Oct. 14,	5	56	16	18	155	00
Jan. 12, 1778,	3	56	12	10	203	26
April 30, and 7						
May 3,1770, - }	5	57	52	57	159	20
Bayly, April 29, 1779,	6	00	52	46	159	45
					160	
Cook and Bayly, Oct. 11,					158	
May 3,					159	
April 30,					159	
May 20,					159	
Cook, Oct. 12,					157	
Dec. 26, 1767,	6	06	130	5/	203	200
May 21, 1779,	6	06	10	5/	159	1.0
April 30,	6	07	52	50	159	20
Aug. 21,	6	07	52	50	159	20
Oct. 14,	6	0/.	52	50	159	20
Bayly, Dec. 22, 1777,	6	07	40	40	157	20
Cook, Jan. 5, 1778,	0	00	0	24	203	30
Bayly April ac 1770,	0	00	5	35	203	30
Bayly, April 30, 1779,	0	09	52	38	159	20
April 27,	0	091	52	22	160	53
					Bay	ıy,

By whom observed in 1767, to 1779.	Va	ria. E.	L	at.	Lon	g.
	0		0	-0	0	
Bayly, April 28, 1779,	6				159	
May 3,	6				160	
Dec. 22, 1777,	6				203	
Jan. 5, 1778,	6				203	
Oct. 12, 1779,	6	14	50	03	157	32
Oct. 14,	6				157	
May 18,	6	16	52	28	159	15
Cook, Aug. 21,	6				162	
Oct. 17,	6	18	I	58	202	59
Dec. 27, 1777,	6	19	I	56	202	57
Dec. 23,	6				203	
Oct. 15, 1779,	6				155	
Dec. 23, 1777,	6				203	
Oct. 12,	6				157	
Dec. 23,	6				202	
Bayly on April 31, and May?						
21,1779, 5	6	22	52	28	159	15
Cook, Jan. 5, 1778,	6	22	5	35	303	05
Jan. 11, 1779,	6				204	
April 15,	6				160	
Bayly, Jan. 5,	6				303	
Dec. 27, 1777,	6				202	
April 30, 1779,	6	27	12	58	159	20
Cook, Jan. 12,1778,	6	27	12	5 5	203	20
	6		1	22	202	56
Dec. 27, 1777,	6				159	
Aug. 30, 1779,	6				158	
Bayly, Oct. 11,	6	28	51	28	1591	22
May 16,		20	54	18	202	5
Dec. 27, 1777,	6					
April 18,1779,					161	
May 18,	0	30	52	20	159	15
Cook, Dec. 22, 1777,	6	31	0	29	203	14
April 17, 1779,					160	
Dec. 22, 1777,	6	31	0	29	203	
Q 2					Coo	K,

By whom observed in 1767, to 1779.		ria. E.	I	Vat.	Lo	ng.
	0	,	0	•	0	•
Cook, Jan. 7, 1778,	6				205	
Jan. 8,					205	
					205	
Bayly, May 3, 1779,					160	
April 15,					160	
Jan. 1,					205	
Jan. 7, 1778,	6	38	7	40	205	20
Jan. 8,					205	
May 3, 1779,					159	
Jan. 7, 1778,					205	
Cook, Dec. 22, 1777,					203	
Oct. 12, 1779,					157	
					157	
Jan. 7, 1778,	0	4.6	7	40	205	10
Cook and Bayly, Dec. 22,]	6	47	0	20	203	04
1777, 5	6		115.61			
Bayly, March 15, 1779,	1 .				160	
Cook, Jan. 8, 1778,	6				205	
		49	7	48	205	44
Jan. 7, 1779,	6				205	
Jan. 1,					205	
April 15,	6				160	
Bayly, April 21,					162	
Aug. 21,	6	52	53	14	162	10
Jan. 7, 1778,	6	53	7	4C	205	20
Aug. 21, 1779,	6	53	53	14	162	10
Jan. 12,	6	53	13	55	203	36
Dec. 23, 1777,	6	55	1	01	203	10
Jan. 11, 1778,	6	56	12	00	204	51
Oct. 11, 1779,	6	56	51	57	159	00
Jan. 15, 1778,	6	59	18	01	201	35
Dec. 23, 1777,	6	59	I	01	203	OF
Marion and Crozet, Sept. 3	7	00			144	
1772, 5	1		-0	20		
William Control					Co	ok,

By whom observed in 1767, to 1779.	H			V.	I	ing.
	1	1	-		1	T A STATE OF
Cook, Jan. 11, 1778,	0	00	12		204	-
Cook and Bayly, Dec. 27,	7	OI	10	17	205	31
Jan. 12,	1	03	19	- 2	203	26
Dec. 22, 1777,	7				203	
Cook, Jan. 1,1779,		10	10	29	205	20
Dec. 23,	7	TI	1	01	203	01
Dec. 27,	7				202	
Bayly, Aug. 21,	1					
Dujij, 11ug. 21,					162	
Dec. 27, 1778,	7	16	33	50	162	10
Jan. 1, 1779,	7	17	19	26	205	21
Cook and Bayly, Jan. 11, 7	1		1		205	
1778, }	7	18	12	00	204	51
Dec. 27,		1				
Bayly, April 18, 1779,	7				205	
June 17	1	THE RESERVE	100		161	
June 17, Cook, Jan. 11, 1778,	7				160	
	7				204	
April 18, 1779,	7	1000			161	
Dec. 27, 1777,	7	29	10000	-	202	-
Dec. 27, 1778,	7			_	205	
P1 - D	7			_	205	
Bayly, Dec. 27, 1777,	7				202	
Jan. 10, 1779,	7				204	
Jan. 11, 1778,	7				204	
Jan. 1, 1779,	7	36	19	26	205	23
March 18,	7				161	
Jan. 4, 1778,					206	
March 27, 1779,	7	46	43	43	160	34
Jan. 4 and 5, 1778,	7	47	19	29	206	10
Jan. 5,	7	46	19	05	205	31
Dec. 27,	77777				205	
Jan. 1, 1779,	7	49	19	26	205	23
April 16,	7.	52	42	50	1.60	41
Jan. 8, 1778,	7	55	7	48	205	34
					Bay	lv

By whom observed in 1767, to 1779.	Va	aria. E.			Long.
Danla Jan a 1550	0		0	,	0 1
Bayly, Jan. 3, 1778,	7	- '	C 11 A A	-	207 06
April 19, 1779,	7	50	49	40	16131
April 7,	8	03	30	30	168 46
Nov. 29, 1778,	8				204 50
April 18, 1779,	0	10	40	20	161 51
Cook and Bayly, Jan. 13,	8	11	21	56	200 42
1778, 5	8		1		
March 18, 1779,	8				19538
Jan. 2, 1778,	0	13	20	0:	205 07
Cook and Bayly, Nov. 30, 1778,	8	13	20	05	205 07
Bayly, June 17, 1779,	8	13	52	45	159 41
Jan. 1, 2, and 3,	8				207 10
Jan. 15, 1778,	8				201 46
Jan. 1, 1779,	8				207 15
Nov. 23, 1778,					200 42
Nov. 3 and 29,					204.59
Jan. 15,					202 28
Jan. 1, 1779,	8				207 15
Jan. 15, 1778,	8	28	18	42	202 30
Cook, June 18, 1779,	8				20141
Jan. 23,	8			-	200 42
June 18,	8				159 29
Nov. 29, 1778,	8				204.51
Jan. 15,	8	3.3	18	01	201 45
March 18, 1779,	8				195 38
Jan. 27, 1778,	8	39	21	22	200 44
June 18, 1779,	8	- 1		The state of the s	159 29
Nov. 29, 1778,					204 50
Jan. 19, 1778,	8	46	21		200 42
June 18, 1779,	8	46	52	43	159 29
Jan. 15, 1778,	8	47	18	01	201 45
Jan. 27,	8	49	21	22	200 34
Jan. 19,	8	52	21	56	20040
					Cook,

By whom observed in 1767, to 1779.	Varia E.		L	at.	Lot	ng.
C 1 I 0	8	,			0	,
Cook, Jan. 20, 1778,	8	52			200	
April 7, 1779,	8				168	
Cook and Bayly, March 18,	8				195	
June 18,	8				159	
Jan. 15, 1778,	8				201	
Cook, April 7, 1779,	8 8	55	10	30	201	41
T- A:1					201	
In April,	8	-	100 M		168	
June 18,	8				159	
Bayly, Feb. 25,	8				203	
Jan. 15, 1778,	9	00	18	01	201	45
Jan. 16,					201	
June 20, 1-79,					163	
Jan. 17, 1778,					201	
April 7, 1779,		02	30	30	168	40
June 18,	9				150	
April 7,	9				168	
June 18,	9	06	52	43	159	29
Cook, March 18,	9				195	
April 20,	9	10	49	54	161	32
Bayly, No. 29, 1778,	9				204	
Jan. 27, 1778,	9	13	21	22	200	34
Feb. 24, 1779,	9				203	
Cook, Nov. 29, 1778,	9	14	21	16	204	50
June 20, 1779,	9				163	
	9	15	55	49	164	20
April 7,	9		30	30	168	46
Bayly, Jan. 28, 1778,	9	16	2 L	35	200	30
Nov. 29,	9		21	16	204	50
March 17, 1779,	9	20	21	13	197	12
June 20,	9	20	55	34	164	00
Jan. 25, 1778,	9	21	21	26	200	30
June 21, 1779,	9	21	56	10	164	42
Cook, Jan. 15, 1778,	9				201	
						ook

By whom observed in 1767, to 1779.		ria. E.		Lat.	Long E.
	0		0	,	0 .
Cook and Bayly, April 7,]	9	22	30	30	16846
1779, 5					
April 20,			49	54	161 32
Jan. 27, 1778,	9				200 34
	9				201 05
Bayly, June 20, 1779,	9	24	55	13	163 36
Jan. 15, 1778,					201 41
Feb. 2,	9				200 30
Feb. 4,	9				19939
June 8, 1779,	9	26	49	54	161 33
March 18,	9	26	21	12	195 38
Aug. 16,	9	29	53	54	17102
Jan. 18, 1778,	9	29	21	20	201 05
April 18, 1779,	9	32	21	12	195 38
June 18, 1778,	9	33	52	4.3	159 29
Jan. 18,	9				200 45
Feb. 4,	9				199 39
June 20, 1779,	9	35	55	13	163 36
June 18,	9	36	52	43	159 29
Jan. 26, 1778,	9	37	21		200 30
June 21, 1779,	9		56		164 42
June 17, 1778,	9				201 19
April 20, 1779,	9	41	49	54	161 32
June 18,	9				159 29
Cook, Jan. 17, 1778,	9				201 19
June 18, 1779,	9				159 29
April 2,	9				161 32
Bayly, Feb. 3, 1778,	9	44	24	13	199 40
Jan. 8, 1779,	9	AA	18	58	204 30
March 17,	9	45	21	13	159 38
Cook, Jan. 20,	9	45	55	13	159 38 163 36 168 34
Aug. 17, 1779,	9	47	21	42	168 34
Bayly, March 18,	9	51	21	13	196 40
Cook, Jan. 17, 1778,	0	51	21	08	201 19
13 - 110	7	2.		-0	Cook,

By whom observed in 1767, to 1779.		ria. E.		Lat. N.	Long E.
	0		0	,	164 4
Cook, June 21, 1779,	9	52	56	01	164 4
Jan. 23, 1778,					200 50
Aug. 17, 1779,		200			168 34
June 21,	9				164 42
Aug. 17,	9				164 42
Jan. 15, 1778,					201 41
Bayly, Aug. 17, 1779,					168 41
Nov. 29,					204 50
Marion and Crozet, in 1772,	10	00	18	00	179 38
Bayly, April 8, 1779,	10	03	30	51	167 31
Jan. 6,	10	03	19	25	204 20
March 16,	10	03	2 Į	Qo	199 11
Cook, March 17,	10	03	21	13	197 12
Nov. 29, 1778,	10	07	21	16	204 50
June 21, 1779,		08			164 42
Jan. 17, 1778,	10	09	21		201 19
Jan. 28,					200 30
Jan. 15,					201 45
Jan. 17,					201 19
Jan. 6, 1779,	10	11	18	57	204 45
Bayly, June 21,	10	II	56	06	164 33
Jan. 19, 1778,					200 58
Feb. 3,					200 20
March 5, 1779,	10	14	21	57	200 31
April 7,	10	15	30	08	168 51
March 5,		- 1			200 31
Jan. 27, 1778,		- 1			200 34
Ian 12 1770.	10	16	IO	03	201 42
April 7,	10	16	30	08	168 51
March 17,	10	16	21	13	107 12
Feb. 3, 1-78,	24	13	24	13	200 20
Cook and Bayly, March 18,	10	19	21	12	168 5 I 197 I 2 200 20 195 38
1779, J	10	00	2.1	2	200.24
Jan. 27, 1778, R	10	201	.21	4.21	Cook

By whom observed in 17 to 1779.	E. N. E.
	10,000
Cook and Bayly, Mar. 17, 17	79,10 20 21 13 197 19
Feb. 14, 1778,	10 22 31 39 206 33
March 17, 1779,	10 24 21 13 197 13
April 20,	10 24 49 54 161 32
Bayly, Feb. 28,	10 25 21 59 201 0
March 5,	10 28 21 57 200 3
Cook, Jan. 15,	10 29 18 01 201 4
Aug. 17,	10 30 53 42 168 3
March 5,	10 32 21 57 200 3
June 20,	10 36 55 13 163 3
June 15, 1778,	1037 1801 201 4
Bayly, March 10, 1779,	10 37 20 56 194 4
March 17,	103921161971
Jan. 28, 1778,	10402136 200 2
March 5, 1779,	10 40 21 57 200 3
March 2,	10412041 193 1
March 21,	1041 2032 192 4
Feb. 14, 1778,	10413139206 3
Aug. 12, 1779,	10 42 56 12 175 3
March 5,	10 42 21 57 200 3
June 20,	10 43 55 13 163 8
July 11,	1043 57 14 173
Feb. 27, 1779,	10 46 22 13 202 2
March 24,	10 46 19 57 186 1
March 12,	10 50 21 49 200 4
Cook, Aug. 12,	10515612175
March 24,	1051 1954 186
March 12,	10 54 21 49 200 4
March 21,	10 54 20 34 192
March 12,	10 59 21 49 200
March 20,	10 59 20 41 168
March 27,	10 59 19 51 182
Bayly, April 9,	111 00 30 27 168
August 10,	11100 57 33 176
	Coo

By whom observed in 176 to 1779.	7, Varia E.	Lat.	Long E.
	10 ,	10 1	01
Cook, March 20,			193 18
Feb. 17, 1778,	11 02	36 10	207 15
Feb. 14,	11 03	31 39	206 33
Feb. 3,	11 04	24 12	200 20
Jan. 28,	11 04	21 36	200 27
April 12, 1779,	11 08	56 12	175 30
Jan. 19, 1778,			200 58
March 28, 1779,			186 26
April 1,			18001
March 12,			199 58
March 21,			192 28
March 12,			199 58
March 20,	11 15	20 41	193 18
Jan. 19, 1778,			200 58
Bayly, June 23, 1779,			166 16
Feb. 14, 1778,			206 33
March 24, 1779,	11 17		
Cook and Bayly, March 21,			192 28
Feb. 3, 1778,	11 20		
April 1, 1779,	11 21	22 23	18001
March 20,	II 22	21 49	199 58
March 24,	11. 23		
March 12,	II 24		
March 21,	11 25		
Bayly, Aug. 12,	11 27		
March 28,	11 28	20 15 1	81 00
Feb. 6, 1778,	11 29	8 39 2	200 39
Feb. 3,	11 302		
March 23, 1779,	11 32		
March 27,	11 33	9 51 1	82 51
Cook, March 24,	11 33		
April 1,	11 33 1	2 23 1	8001
Aug. 10,	11 34 4	7 3:	76 22
March 24,	11 351		86 15
R 2	0,5		Cook,

By whom observed in 1767, to 1779.	Varia. E.	Lat.	Long. E.	
	0 .	0 1	0 1	
Cook, Jan. 23, 1778,	11 35	21 56	200 52	
Feb. 3,	11 35	24 13	200 20	
Bayly, Aug. 12, 1779,	11 37	50 17	172 16	
March 23,	11 37	19 57	186 26	
Jan. 28, 1778,			200 27	
Feb. 6,	11 39	28 35	200 21	
Aug. 10, 1779,	11 39	57 32	174 48	
Feb. 10, 1778,	11 41	31 39	206 33	
May 21, 1779,	11 43	20 34	192 28	
Aug. 12,	11 43	56 12	17530	
March 24,	11 4	19 59	186 40	
March 25,	11 49	19 52	181 57	
Cook and Bayly, Feb. 4, 1778		24 50	200 07	
Feb. 6,	11 50	28 39	200 39	
Nov. 15,	11 5	22 50	204 50	
March 21, 1779,	11 54	120 34	192 28	
March 27,	11 54	119 51	182 51	
Cook, Nov. 16, 1778,	11 5	6 22 20	204 50	
March 23, 1779,	11 5	7 19 5	206 34	
Nov. 16,	12 0	022 5	204 50	
March 23,	12 0	1 19 5	196 26	
Feb. 6, 1778,	12 0	1/28 30	200 39	
Bayly, Feb. 9,	12 0	331 06	202 10	
March 27, 1779,	12 0	3 20 0	18119	
March 24,	12 0	3 58 3	167 46	
June 23,	112 0	5 58 00	6 167 30	
Jan. 28, 1778,	12 0	6 21 3	6 200 27	
	12 0	721 4	9 199 5	
Cook, March 12, 1779,	12 0	7 10 50	0 1830	
March 27,	12 0	8 57 9	3 176 2	
Aug. 10,	12 1	028 2	9 200 3	
Feb. 6, 1778,	12 1	258 0	6 167 30	
June 23,	12 1	2/18 2	7 168 40	
June 24,	12 1	238 3	200 20	
Feb. 6,	112 1	3120 3	9'200 39 Cook	

By W.	to 1779.	'Va	E. N.		E.
		10			5 .
	Feb. 4, 1778,				200 07
Bayly,	Feb. 13,				206 39
	March 26, 1779,	12	22	19 49	183 19
	March 31,	12	22	20.38	180 30
	June 24,	12	22	59 01	168 32
	Nov. 24, 1778,	12	23	21 16	204 50
	Feb. 8,	12	28	30 53	202 03
	March 23, 1779,	12	32	19 57	186 26
	Nov. 14, 1778,				207 56
	Feb. 13,				206 34
Cook,	Feb. 4,	in		-	200 07
	Feb. 17,			The second secon	207 1
	March 16, 1779,				183 19
Bayly,	Feb. 17, 1778,				2000
	Nov. 14,				183 1
	March 26, 1779,				183 16
	April 3,				183 16
	March 26,				183 19
	Cook, June 24,	13			168 40
	June 23,	13			167 30
	Nov. 14, 1778,	13	-	20 30	204 50
	June 24, 1779,	1 0			168 40
	do Alles Alles	113			168 40
1 1 3 3	Feb. 4, 1778,	13			2000
	June 23, 1769,	1 -			6 167 30
	June 24,	13			16730
	in according	13			108 40
13 0151	Feb. 9, 1778,	13			202 5
0-281	Feb. 8,				2024
	June 27, 1779,	12	20	20 5	5 202 4
	Nov. 14,	12	30	21 1	6 204 50
	Feb. 9,				4 202 5
	June 24,	13	20	168 2	7 168 4
Cook	Feb. 17, 1778,	13	01	36.1	0 207 1
Joon,	, 1//0,	11.5	32	120.1	Bayly

By whom observed in 1767	Varia. E.	Lat.	Long. E.
Pauly Feb 6 1778	0 1	100	200 07
Bayly, Feb. 6, 1778,	13 34	01 16	20007
Nov. 4,			204 50 175 59
June 27, 1779,			
O dos of June 23,			167 30
Feb. 6, 1778,			200 39
June 24, 1779,	13 40	50 37	168 40
Feb. 17, 1778,			207 15
50 05 Elds THE S. !	13 40	36 00	206 26
Feb. 9,	13 48	31 04	202 55
June 23, 1779,			167 30
Cook, Feb. 9, 1778,			202 46
Bayly, Feb. 8,			202 37
Cook,			202 37
Feb. 9,		31 04	
as stolar old to gri		31 04	
Bayly, Feb. 19, 1777,		37 30	
Feb. 8, 1778,		30 55	
Feb. 9,	14 43	31 04	202 55
Feb. 18, 1777,		37 15	
Feb. 21,	15 10	40 02	21039
Nov. 8, 1778,	15 29	40 29	201 54
Feb. 19.	15 38	37 30	198 50
Feb. 8,		40 29	
Feb. 22,		40 27	
March 11,		43 37	
Cook, Nov. 8,		40 29	
A. Kratos real Reliance		40 29	
- Andrews and the	16 06	40 29	201 54
Bayly, March 18,	16 08	44 44	234 46
Feb. 18,	16 10	37 15	20645
March 19,	16 13	45 03	234 30
Nov. 8	16 14	40 29	201 54
Nov. 8, Feb. 20,	16 20	37 30	206 50
Feb. 22,	16 22	11 02	21610
white	10 22	1. 021	Bayly,

<i>b</i>	bom observed in 1767 to 1779.	E.	N.	E.
		0 1	0 1	
Bayly,	Nov. 8, 1778,	16 22	40.20	202 4
	March 7,	16 26	44 26	235 4
	Aug. 13,		66 36	
	Feb. 20,	1631	37 30	206 5
	Nov. 8,	16 33	40 29	201 5
	Feb. 22,	1634	47 36	2360
	March 8,	16 38	43 50	235 4
Cook,	March 22,	1638	47 36	236 0
	Nov. 8,	1640	40 33	202 4
	Feb. 19,	16 42	37 22	207 4
Bayly,	Feb. 17,		36 10	
	Feb. 24,	16 44	41 46	218 1
	Feb. 21,	16 47	39 14	212 2
	Feb. 18,		37 15	
	Feb. 21,		39 14	
	Feb. 19,		37 30	
	Feb. 18,		37 15	
	Nov. 7,		40 47	
	Feb. 19,		37 15	
Cook,	Feb. 20,	17 02	38 16	208 3
K 1 (7)	Feb. 18,		37 15	
Bayly,	Feb. 28,	1705	44 27	227 4
	Feb. 19,	17 06	37 30	206 5
	Feb. 20,	17 08	38116	208 2
	Nov. 6,	17 12	42/13	211 4
	Aug. 7, 1779,	17 12	56V16	18100
	June 29,		61 50	
	March 24, 1778,		47 47	
	March 27,	17 17	48 08	22/1/2
	Feb. 21,	17 17	39 114	212 2
	March 6,	17 22	44/30	225 2
	March 19,	17 22	45 05	224 4
	March 1,	17 20	44 55	220 1
	July 27,	17 30	59 39	100 6
	2 1 1 1	1.130	לפי לנו	Bayl

By whom observed in 1767 to 1779.	Varia. Lat. Long. E. N. E.
	10 110 1000
Bayly, Feb. 28, 1778,	17 33 44 46 228 10
Cook, Feb. 21,	17 36 39 14 212 24
Backley and equal of the	17 37 39 14 212 24
March 1,	17 38 39 14 212 24
Aug. 6, 1779,	17 40 59 47 184 52
Bayly, March 4, 1778,	17 42 43 57 232 10
Aug. 6, 1779,	17 42 59 47 184 53
Cook, March 17, 1778,	17 51 45 05 234 45
	17 54 45 05 234 45
Aug. 7, 1779,	17 56 59 27 185 07
Feb. 20, 1778,	17 56 59 27 185 07
March 19,	17 58 45 05 234 45
Aug. 7, 1779,	18 05 59 27 185 07
Aug. 6, ,	18 06 59 47 184 52
Cook and Bayly, March 19,	18 11 45 05 234 45
1778,	18 15 59 47 184 53
Aug. 6, 1779,	18 20 59 47 184 53
Bayly, March 2, 1778,	18 20 44 50 229 18
Cook, Feb. 1,	18 21 39 14 212 24
	18 25 59 37 185 00
Aug. 7, 1779,	18 26 41 51 229 20
Bayly, March I,	18 26 59 30 183 50
Aug. 7,	18 29 39 14 212 24
Feb. 24, 1778,	18 31 62 05 175 14
June 28, 1779,	118 31 44 52 228 48
March 1, 1778,	
July 27,	8 31 59 39 190 52
Second (自由)的	18 34 59 39 190 52
Feb. 21,	18 34 39 14 212 24
Cook, July 27,	18 40 59 39 190 52
June 16,	18 44 55 37 202 09
July 27,	18 52 59 39 190 53
Feb. 21,	18 53 39 14 212 24
Aug. 7, 1779,	118 55 59 27 185 07
7.780	Cook

By whom observed in 1767, to 1779.	Va	ria. E.	Lat.	Long. E.
Cook July on 1959	0	:6	0 1	0 1
Cook, July 27, 1778,				190 52
Feb. 12,				21300
Aug. 7, 1779,	119	01	592/	185 07
July 13, 1778,				199 04
March 2,				229 19
July 25,	19			192 30
Aug. 1, 1779,				190 08
Bayly, July 26, 1778,				192 30
Feb. 22,				11300
July 26,	19			192 30
Feb. 28,	200 000	1 19 19 19 19	THE RESERVE AND A SECOND	228 48
Cook and Bayly, June 16,	19			202 09
Aug. 1, 1779,				19008
March 27, 1778,				206 00
March 1,	19	19	44 52	22848
Feb. 22,	19			21300
Aug. 7, 1779,	19	31	59 27	185 07
Aug. 1,				19008
July 27, 1778,	19	37	59 39	19052
Cook, June 28,				17736
Aug. 27,	19	39	48 15	206 00
Aug. 1, 1779,	19	42	64 12	206 00
81/6/2016/2016				206 00
Aug. 7,				185 07
Feb. 28, 1778,				22844
June 28,				77 26
Aug. 1,				90 08
Bayly, July 2,				94 20
June 28, 1779,				77 26
April 30, 1778,				27 25
June 21,				9811
June 16,	20	16	5 37 2	02 09
June 18,	20	17	5 12 2	02 09
Sept. 22,				89 44
s 1		- / -	371	Bayly,
				,

By whom observed in 1767,	Varia. E.		Long. E.
Bayly, Feb. 28, 1778,	20 17		228 40
Dayly, 120. 20, 17/0,			228 40
June 12,			202 09
Sept. 27,	20 20	58 38	189 46
June 12,	20 21	56 20	206 30
Oct. 10,			194 00
Cook, June 16,			202 09
Bayly, Oct. 12,			194 00
Oct. 11,			194 00
June 26,			194 23
Cook, June 28, 1779,	20 25	62 10	177 26
July 13,	20 25	58 08	199 04
Oct. 11,			194 00
Sept. 27, 1778,			290 00
April 30,			225 37
Bayly, June 28, 1779,			177 26
Cook, June 12, 1778,	20 30	56 20	206 30
Feb. 28,			228 40
A Taring Control	20 36	44 46	228 40
July 13,	20-37	58 08	199 04
Bayly, Oct. 27,	20 38	58 41	189 46
Cook, July 13,			199 04
June 12,	20 40	56 20	206 30
Bayly, June 21,	120 46	54 11	198 23
June 28,	20 48	62 10	177 26
Feb. 28,	20 48	44 46	228 40
April 29,	21 03	53 06	233 50
July 13,	21 07	58 08	199 04
Cook, April 30,	21 12	53 37	225 37
July 24, 1779,			187 32
April 30, 1778,			199 04
July 12,			200 33
July 13, July 19,			199 04
	10 - 0-		197 57

By whom observed in 176	7, Varia. Lat. L E. N.	ong E.
Cook Tungal	10 10 10	
Cook, June 28, 1779,	21 32 62 10 17	
Cook and Bayly, July 24,	21 37 68 43 18	
July 21,	21 37 68 43 18	
July 17, 1778,	21 37 55 25 20	
July 24, 1779,	21 38 68 43 18	
June 16, 1778,	21 42 55 37 20	
Cook, July 24, 1779,	21 47 68 43 18	
Bayly, Sept. 21,	21 49 57 55 19	
June 17,	21 50 55 57 209	
April 30,	21 52 53 37 22	
June 13,	21 52 56 40 20	
July 12,	21 58 58 31 200	
Sept. 30,	22 00 56 29 19	
July 20, 1778,	22 02 59 37 19	3 00
July 5,	22 04 56 59 199	41
May 8,	22 04 59 26 22	751
June 16,	22 06 55 37 203	2 09
July 24, 1779,	22 07 68 43 18	7 32
June 17, 1778,	22 07 55 25 20	108
July 20,	22 09 59 37 19	
	22 13 59 37 19	_
Sept. 29,	22 15 56 37 192	
May 8,	22 15 59 26 22	
July 6,	22 19 56 57 200	
Sept. 19,	22 20 63 49 193	
July 9,	22 20 55 18 20	2 07
May 22,	22 20 55 12 22	
June 16,	22 21 55 47 203	
July 31, 1779,	64 56 64 56 180	
Cook, Sept. 19, 1778,	22 23 63 49 19	
Cook and Bayly, July 20,	22 23 59 37 19	7 57
May 5,	22 23 58 58 22	121
Cook, June 17,	22 23 58 58 22 22 24 55 25 20	108
July 19,	22 25 59 37 19	7 57
S 2	13/37 3/ ·9	ook

Cook, July 12, 1778, May 8, July 8, July 24, Bayly, July 31, 1779, Cook, May 5, 1778, June 17, July 12, July 6, July 31, 1779, May 8, 1778, Bayly, July 29, May 3, Aug. 2, 1779, July 9, 1778, July 20, Cook, July 20, June 17,	22 22 22 22 22	25 27 27	59 59 68	31 26 26	200 33 227 51
May 8, July 8, July 24, Bayly, July 31, 1779, Cook, May 5, 1778, June 17, July 12, July 6, July 31, 1779, May 8, 1778, Bayly, July 29, May 3, Aug. 2, 1779, July 9, 1778, July 20, Cook, July 20,	22 22 22 22 22	25 27 27	59 59 68	26 26	227 51
July 8,	22 22 22 22	27 27	59 68	26	
July 24, Bayly, July 31, 1779, Cook, May 5, 1778, June 17, July 12, July 6, July 31, 1779, May 8, 1778, Bayly, July 29, May 3, Aug. 2, 1779, July 9, 1778, July 20, Cook, July 20,	22 22 22	27	68		100=
Bayly, July 31, 1779, Cook, May 5, 1778, June 17, July 12, July 6, July 31, 1779, May 8, 1778, Bayly, July 29, May 3, Aug. 2, 1779, July 9, 1778, July 20, Cook, July 20,	22 22	32	68		227 51
Cook, May 5, 1778, June 17, July 12, July 6, July 31, 1779, May 8, 1778, Bayly, July 29, May 3, Aug. 2, 1779, July 9, 1778, July 20, Cook, July 20,	22	32		43	187 32
June 17, July 12, July 6, July 31, 1779, May 8, 1778, Bayly, July 29, May 3, Aug. 2, 1779, July 9, 1778, July 20, Cook, July 20,	22				19006
July 12, July 6, July 31, 1779, May 8, 1778, Bayly, July 29, May 3, Aug. 2, 1779, July 9, 1778, July 20, Cook, July 20,		32	58	58	221 14
July 6, July 31, 1779, May 8, 1778, Bayly, July 29, May 3, Aug. 2, 1779, July 9, 1778, July 20, Cook, July 20,	22	32	55	25	201 08
July 31, 1779, May 8, 1778, Bayly, July 29, May 3, Aug. 2, 1779, July 9, 1778, July 20, Cook, July 20,	22	32	58	31	200 33
May 8, 1778, Bayly, July 29, May 3, Aug. 2, 1779, July 9, 1778, July 20, Cook, July 20,	22	34	56	56	200 19
Bayly, July 29, May 3, Aug. 2, 1779, July 9, 1778, July 20, Cook, July 20,	22	34	64	56	190 47
May 3, Aug. 2, 1779, July 9, 1778, July 20, Cook, July 20,					225 51
May 3, Aug. 2, 1779, July 9, 1778, July 20, Cook, July 20,	22	41	60	18	198 08
Aug. 2, 1779, July 9, 1778, July 20, Cook, July 20,	22	43	58	58	221,14
July 9, 1778, July 20, Cook, July 20,	22	44	64	05	203 00
July 20, Cook, July 20,					202 07
Cook, July 20,					19808
					197 57
June 1/2	22	46	55	25	201 08
July 31, 1779,	22	46	64	56	189 48
July 20, 1778,					197 57
July 16,					198 42
July 9,					202 0
July 19,					197 53
Bayly and Cook, July 20,					197 57
Bayly, July 31,	22	48	61	51	190 00
Cook, July 9,	22	18	2.5	18	202 07
May 24,	22	10	58	16	208 42
July 31, 1779,	22	47	64	16	189 48
July 9, 1778,	22	52	55	78	202 07
May 20,					
	20	54	59	39	211 22
	20	55	55	06	202 07
Tolar or	22	55	59	20	227 51
July 31,		50	04	50	189 48
June 17,	22	591	55	251	201 08

By whom observed in 1767	Varia. E.	Lat.	Long. E.
	0 ,		10 ,
Cook, Aug. 2, 1779,	23 oc	04 56	18948
July 12, 1778,	23 04	58 31	200 32
	23 05	58 31	200 32
Bayly, May 1,	23 09		224 52
May 5,			221 14
July 9,	23 09	55 18	202 07
July 16,	23 09	58 31	199 07
May 2,	23 11	57-17	224 40
July 15,	23 14	58 29	199 10
May 5,	23 14	58 53	22114
Sept. 11,	23 15	64 20	199 37
June 17,			201 08
June 19,			197 53
July 12,	23 22	58 31	200 33
May 20,	23 25	59 39	21122
July 3, 1779,	23 27	63 42	18725
May 3, 1778,			221 11
Cook and Bayly, July 14,			199 10
May I,			225 30
May 3,		58 14	
July 19,		59 37	
Cook, July 31, 1779,	23 34	64 56	189 47
July 19,		59 37	
Bayly, July 9, 1778,	23 37	58 11	202 28
June 30, 1779,		65 36	
Cook, May 20, 1778,		59 35	
Bayly, June 12,		57 01	
July 12,	23 44	58 20	201 10
Sept. 11,	23 46	64 20	100 27
May 20,	23 46	59 39	773/
Aug. 2, 1779,		64 05	
May 20, 1778,			
July 7,	23 49	9 39	200 53
Sept. 4,		54 26	
	23 5516	4 201	Bayle
A00.0			Bayly,

By whom observed in 17 to 1779.	67, Varia. Lat. Long E. N. E.
Bayly, May 6, 1778,	23 55 59 09 220 37
July 31, 1779,	23 57 65 01 189 57
Sept. 11, 1778,	23 57 64 20 199 37
May 20;	23 57 59 22 110 08
July 12,	23 58 58 23 201 07
Aug. 2, 1779,	23 59 64 04 190 13
May 20, 1778,	24 02 59 39 211 22
Sept. 1,	24 03 64 20 197 20
July 10,	24 08 58 16 202 19
Cook, May I,	
July 12,	24 09 55 ·12 225 20 24 11 58 27 201 05
Bayly, Sept. 4,	24 11 64 29 188 17
Cook and Bayly, May 20,	24 11 59 39 211 22
July 19,	
July 20,	24 12 59 37 197 53
May 1,	24 12 59 37 197 57
May 6,	24 12 55 12 225 30
May 3,	24 13 59 09 220 37
	24 17 58 14 221 11
Aug. 2, 1779, May 21, 1778,	24 22 64 05 190 47
Bayly Aug o 1770,	24 22 59 22 210 22
Bayly, Aug. 9, 1779.	24 07 65 35 191 50
May 3, 1778, Cook, May 6,	24 29 58 14 221 11
	24 29 59 09 220 37
May 6,	24 26 59 09 220 37
May 3, 4, and 5,	24 3058 27 221 15
May 6,	24 36 59 09 220 47
May 21,	24 36/59 22/210 22
	24 37 59 22 210 22
	24 39 59 22 210 22
May 3,	24 40 58 14 221 11
Aug. 2, 1779,	24 42 58 14 221 11
	24 43 54 05 190 47
July 10,	24 44 58 17 202 01
Bayly, Aug. 9,	124 45 65 36 190 45
	Bayly,

By whom observed in 1767, 10 1779.	Varia E.	Lat.	Long. E.
Bayly, Sept. 3, 1779,		64.55	188 40
May 6,		59 09	
Way 0,		59 09	
Sept. 6,		64 13	
May 1,		55 12	
May 2,		55 12	
May 5,		58 53	
Cook and Bayly, May 6,		59 09	
Bayly, Sept. 7,		64 21	
Cook, Sept. 4,		64 26	
May 21,		59 22	
,,		59 22	
Sept. 6,		54 13	
July 19,		59 37	
May 1,		55 12	
Bayly, Sept. 3,		65 24	
Cook, Sept. 6,		63 58	
July 10,		67 58	
Sept. 19,		63 47	
Aug. 12, 1778,		66 17	
Sept. 5,		63 55	
Aug. 27,		69 20	
	1	65 40	
Aug. 13,		66 36	
July 12, 1779,		69 02	
		66 00	
May 23,	25 37	58 14	205 27
Sept. 4.	25 37	64 26	189 06
May 4,	25 38	58.35	221 22
Sept. 4.	25 38	64 26	189 06
July 9, 1779.	25 30	64 26 69 05	18848
Aug. 2.	25 40	64 05	19047
July 12,		69 02	
Sept. 6,	25 45	63 58	184 40
	3 73	3 3	Bayly,

By whom observed in 1767	Varia. E.		Long. E,
Bayly Aug a res	0 ,	0.	o ,
Bayly, Aug. 2, 1779,		64 05	
Cook and Bayly, July 14,		68 51	
May 14, 1778,	25 54	58 35	221 22
		58 35	
Cook, Aug. 27,		69 20	
Sept. 6,		64 13	
		64 13	
Aug. 2, 1779,	25 59	64 05	190 47
July 7, 1778,	26 02	57 0-	200 42
Sept. 6,	26 03	64 13	19500
July 12, 1779,	26 10	69 02	19050
July 7, 1778,	26 13	57 07	200 42
July 12, 1779,		69 02	
Bayly, May 24,	26 16	58 16	203 14
Cook, Sept. 11, 1778,		64 20	
Bayly, May 3,		58 11	
May 5,		58 49	
May 4,		58 30	
Aug. 13,		66 33	
July 12, 1779,		69 02 1	
July 7, 1778,		57 07 2	
Aug. 27,		69 20 1	
July 7,	26 23		
Sept. 2,	26 24		
July 27, 1779,	26 24 6		
May 4, 1778,	26 25 5		
Sept. 6,			
July 7,	26 25 6	3 501	94 42
	26 29 5	7 0/1	80 16
	26 33 6	5 43 1	09 50
	26 34 5		
	26 34 6		
	26 35 5		
May 8,	26 35 5	9 33 2	1853
July, 12, 1779,	26 3516	9 02 1	89 50
		I	Bayly,

By whom observed in 170 to 1779.	67, Va	iria. E.	1	Lat. N.	Lor	g.
D 1 11	0					
Bayly, July 21, 1779,					198	
July 7, 1778,	26	36	57	07	200	42
Aug. 13,					202	
July 4,					207	
May 4,					22 L	
May 7,					219	
Sept. 6,	26	42	63	58	194	12
May 9,					117	
Sept. 1,	126	48	66	50	187	39
Sept. 15,	26	50	64	20	197	20
July 11, 1779,	26	50	68	06	190	15
Aug. 20, 1778,	26	55	69	20	183	25
Sept. 6,	26	56	63	58	194	42
May 6,	26	59	59	23	221	27
Sept. 12,					198	
Aug. 10,		00			189	
Sept. 15,		04			197	
Sept. 6,		05			1944	
		06			1944	
July 27, 1779,	27				190	
Aug. 13, 1778,	27				192 3	
Cook and Bayly, May 19,	27	N. J. V. A. J. C. A. B. C.			212 4	
Aug. 13,	27				192 2	
Bayly, Aug. 24,		17			190 1	
Sept. 15,	27	4			197.5	
Bayly, Sept. 8,	27				196 2	
Cook, Aug. 10,	27				189 5	
Sept. 15,	27				197 2	
Sept. 16,	27	25/6	14	22	197 5	6
Sept. 15,	27	286	14	20	197 2	0
Sept. 6,	27	20/6	3	58	194 4	2
Sept. 10,	27	3016	14	27	198.1	2
Aug. 10,	27	31 6	15		189 5	
Sept. 1,	27	32/6	6	43	190 1	2
т Т	14/	3210		+/1	Cool	3

By whom observed in 1767,	, Va	ria. E.	Lat.	Long.
Cook, July 11, 1779,	0	22	68 06	190 15
Bayly, July 10, 12, 15, 16, 7	H			
and 17, 1778,	27	37	64 52	197 56
Aug. 10,	27	39	65 43	189 56
June 5,				207 44
July 11, 1779,	27	42	68 c6	190 15
July 12,	27	46	69 33	189 40
July 11,				190 15
Aug. 13, 1778,				192 30
es tutor percent in the				192 30
July 11, 1779,	27	53	68 06	190 15
Cook, Sept. 1, 1778,	27			19005
Control State of the Control of the				190 15
Aug. 10,				189 56
July 19, 1779,	28			197 00
Sept. 1, 1778,	28			190 05
July 9, 1779,	28			188 50
Bayly, Sept. 18, 1778,	28			198 18
Sept. 15,	28			197 20
Sept. 9,	128	22	64 40	198 13
July 11, 1779,	28			189 55
Sept. 15, 1778,	28			197 20
July 9, 1779,	28	42	69 06	189 05
Sept. 17,	28	50	64 11	197 26
Cook, July 19,	128	59	7005	19700
is the life that the second	29	19	7.0 05	197 00
Sept. 15, 1778,	29	24	64 20	196 58 208 30
July 3,	29	251	111	208 30
July 9, 1779,	29	276	9 05	16148
s the glob state as the second				19658
June 1, 1778,	30	06	01 01	262 58
June 1,	30	146	10 1	209 00
Bayly, June 1,	30	20 6	1 01	208 59
			59.05	188 48
1000				Bayly,

By whom observed in 1767, to 1779.	E.	N.	E.
Bayly, June 2, 1778,	0 21	60 43	208 52
Cook, July 9, 1779,	30 21	70 17	197 06
July 20,	30 28	69 38	19619
July 9,	3037	69 05	18848
Bayly, Sept. 16, 1778,			19637
July 9, 1779,			18848
Cook, Aug. 20, 1778,			196 19
	31 04	69 38	196 19
Sept. 15,	31 04	64 20	.9637
July 17, 1779,	31 10	64 20	196 37
and the supplicity over 1 and 2009	31 19	70 17	197 06
Cook & Bayly, Aug. 20, 1778,	31 20	69 38	196 19
Sept. 15,			196 37
July 17, 1779,	31 28		
A	31 32	70 17	197 06
Aug. 20, 1778,	31 3/	6 38	196 19
Sept. 15,	31 50	70 77	190 37
July 17, 1779,	31 50	70 17	19706
Bayly, Aug. 19, 1778,	32 24	60 01	190 40
Aug. 21,	33 00	69 31	195 52
Aug 19			
Aug. 18,	22 28	0 25 1	190 34
July 17,	33 37		
July 17,		70 00	
Aug. 16,	34 55 7	0 2111	04.06
July 18, 1779,	34 30	10 201	96 38
July 17,	35 39 7 35 39 7	0 04 1	96 21
	35 40 7	0 04 1	96 21
Cook, July 17,		0.041	
	36 10		
THE PROPERTY OF	36 19 7		
			Dr. To
T 2		IA	BLES

TABLES OF THE VARIATION

OF THE

MAGNETIC NEEDLE,

Observed at different Times in the Pacific Ocean, South of the Equator.

Longitude from the Meridian of London.

By whom observed in 1766,	Lat.	Long. E.	Varia, E.
Surville, Sept. 23, 1769,	0 00	148 55	6 00
Byron, in July, 1765,		186 44	
Carteret, Sept. 21, 1776,		141 59	
Bayly, Sept. 20,		142 52	
Sept. 19,	I 44	143 32	4 40
Sept. 21, 1777,		203 10	
Carteret, Sept. 19, 1767,		143 58	
Sept. 16,	1 -1	146 01	
Bougainville, in 1776,		151 03	
Leaville com silver	10	152 29	7 15
Cook, Dec. 20, 1776,	10	204 02	4 57
A double was a series	10	204 02	5 25
es ablate some	10	204 02	5 42
Dec. 20, 1777,	10 01	20402	5 49
er apolitic erics pri	0	04 37	5 50
	0	204 02	
		204 02	6 09
Dec. 19,	3 31	204 111	5 28 Cook,

By whom observed in 1766, to 1779.	Lat. S.	Long. E.	Varia, E.
	0 ,		0 .
Cook, Dec. 19, 1777,	3 51	204 11	5 19
	3 51	204 11	5 22
	3 51	204 11	5 24
	3 51	204 11	604
	3 51	204 11	511
Bougainville, in 1766,	4 05	154 26	7 10
Bayly, Dec. 19, 1777,	4 39	204 57	507
Carteret, Aug. 20, 1767,	4 46	153 47	714
	5 00	152 49	5 20
Bougainville, in 1766,	5 00	155 25	715
Carteret, Aug. 24, 1767,	5 07	155 38	625
	5 07	155 38	6 30
Bayly, Dec. 18, 1777,	5 13	204 40	
Carteret, Aug. 22,	6 24	158 02	7 42
Surville, Sept. 7, 1769,		154 22	
Cook, Dec. 17, 1776,		104 51	
	7 21	104 51	500
	7 21	104 51	5 15
	7 21	104 51	5 20
		104 51	
	7 21	201 56	5 54
Bougainville, in 1776,	7 36	156 10	734
Carteret, Aug. 20, 1767,		159 26	
		159 26	8 20
Cook, Aug. 2, 1777,		205 05	
Dec. 16, 1767,		205 05	
	8 01	205 05	415
	8 01	205 05	453
	8 01	205 05	525
Cook & Bayly, Dec. 16, 1777,	8 01	205 05	5 43
2-7" or 2") ") 2 "> 17 (1)	8 01	205 05	5 42
Byron, June 29, 1765,	8 13	184 10	10 10
Carteret, Aug. 19, 1767,	8 53	161 11	8 30
Bayly, Dec. 15, 1777,	9 10	205 50	5 50
A	7)) "	1))

By whom observed in 176 to 1779.	66, Lat. S.		Vari. E.
Cook March on the	10 '		0 7
Cook, March 30, 1774,		234 29	
April 1,		230 34	
March 5,		223 52	
Bayly, April 3,	9 32	227 12	4 40
Carteret, July 28, 1767,	9 50	189 04	9 04
July 30,		185 02	
Aug. 1		190 57	
Aug. 18		163 27	
July 26,		193 28	
Cook, Dec. 14, 1776,		205 58	
医全体的复数形式 化水平 新原		205 58	
· 在图中企业的 [1967年]		205 58	
St. 4. 194 694 (51) 5 4	10 09	205 58	6 08
Bayly, Dec. 14,		205 58	
Carteret, Aug. 2, 1767,	10 09	179 28	10 30
Cook, May 29, 1774,	10.10	243 30	I 57
Carteret, Aug. 4, 1767,		177 40	
Cook, Dec. 14, 1777,		206 13	
Carteret, Aug. 5, 1767,		176 20	
20 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		176 20	
Cook, Aug. 21, 1770,		143 06	
Carteret, Aug. 5, 1767,		165 19	
Bayly, Dec. 14, 1777,	The state of the s	205 57	
Cook,		206 28	
In 1774,		206 28	
In 1777,	110 40	206 28	6 26
er a longorite	10 40	206 28	6 28
so k bosonie estate	10 49	206 28	628
Bayly, and a	10 49	206 28	5 22
ca a lio assiro acherra o	10 49	206 28	600
Carteret, Aug. 11, 1767,	10 49	167 20	1028
Aug. 7,	10 49	16730	11 17
Aug. /,		172 53	
Aug. 9,	10 50	171 30	1002
of office for for 6.,	111 02	171 45	
			Bayly,

By whom observed in 1760 to 1779.	6, Lat. S.	Long. E.	Vari. E.
Poster Don to some		0.	8 .
Bayly, Dec. 13, 1777,		206 20	
Bougainville, in 1766,		152 30	
		151 13	
		1 54 03	
Carteret, July 25, 1767,		195 40	
		195 40	
Byron, June 20, 1765,		192 43	
Cook, Aug. 17, 1770,		143 45	
Bougainville, in 1766,		152 35	
Cook, Dec. 11, 1776,		207 06	
		207 06	
	13 1	207 06	5 11
		207 06	
	13 1	207 06	5 39
	13 1	207 06	5 48
Cook and Bayly,	13 1	207 06	5 44
Wallis, Aug. 17, 1767,	13 1	183 30	10 00
Byron, June 7, 1765,	14 0	215 32	
Cook, Dec. 10, 1777,	14 0	208 00	
		208 00	
Byron, June 8, 1765,		215 38	
Cook, Dec. 10, 1776,		208 00	
		208 00	
		208 00	
Dec. 10, 1777,		208 00	
Byron, June 8, 1765,		215 38	The second second
Cook, Dec. 10, 1776,		208 00	
	14 1	208 00	4 13
	14 1	208 00	
9-19-19-19-19		208 00	
0 00 00000		208 00	538
Byron, June 16, 1765,		204 07	7 40
Bougainville, in 1766,		185 32	
2,1,00,	114 2	167 46	
OF THE SOUTH AND SELECTION	9354 3	110/40	9.47 Cook

By whom observed in 1766,	Lat. S.	Long. E.	Vari. E.
Cook, March 26, 1774,	0 1	0 ,	0 ,
Byron, in 1765,	Marie Control of the	240 10	
Bougainville, in 1766,		21115	
Dougamvine, in 1700,		20435	
Bouly Dec o rang		188 25	
Bayly, Dec. 9, 1777,		208 17	EDITORS POSTURATION
Bougainville, in 1766,		192 46	A STATE OF THE STA
		200 34	
Byron, June 13, 1765,		209 37	
Bougainville, in 1766,		197 16	
		207 55	
		207 55	
Bayly, July 15, 1774,		171 46	
Bougainville, in 1766,		199 40	
		171 05	
Bayly, Dec. 9, 1777,	15 30	208 10	700
Bougainville, in 1766,	15 33	151 39	6 04
Bayly, July 14, 1773,	15 39	173 05	1014
Bougainville, in 1766,		155 03	
Wallis, Aug. 13, 1767,		185 5C	
8 3, 1 1,		18437	
Marion and Crozet, in 1772,		185 25	
Carteret, July 23, 1767,		197 58	
Cook, July 13, 1773,		17401	
Wallis, July 31, 1767,		205 00	
July 30,		205 17	
Cook, March 24, 1774,		243 30	
July 13, 1773,	17 16	216 36	648
March 8, 1769,	17 23	214 36	1.54
Wallis, July 2, 1767,	17 28	21030	600
July 28,	17 28	209 26	6 20
July 4,	17 20	21030	1 20
	17 32	21055	4 40
Bougainville, in 1766,	17 32	204 29	7 16
Cook, June 8, 1773,		206 09	
Cook and Bayly, Sept. 18,	- / 41	200 091	gain-

By whom observed in 1766, to 1779.		at. S.	Long E.	Vari. E.
	0	.,	0. 1	
Bougainville, in 1766,			217 1	
Cook, Aug. 4, 1773,			212 1	
Bougainville, in 1766,			2182	
Cook, March 7, 1769,			2125	
June 9, 1774,			203 4	
Wallis, July 27, 1767,		The second second	2111	AND REAL PROPERTY OF THE REAL PROPERTY.
June 17,			21300	
Cook, April 16, 1777,			1640	
Sept. 21, 1773,			204 0	THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF THE PERSON NAMED IN
April 16, 1777,			164 0	
June 16, 1774,	18	04	197 20	9 16
Cook and Bayly, Apr. 16, 1777			164 0	
Paul.			1640	
Bayly,			164 02	
Cook April 16			164 02	TOTAL SECTION OF THE PARTY.
Cook, April 16,			164 09	
Cook and Bayly,	10	06	164 07	800
Bayly,				
	10	06	164 16	8 46
Cook			164 16	
Cook,			164 16	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
Dauler Ameil .			164 16	
Bayly, April 14,			195 50	
April 11,	The same of	-	196 34	THE STREET STREET, STR
Çook, March 5, 1769,	18		209 18	
June 19, 1774,	10	25	193 19	10 22
July 11, 1773,	10	20	175 30	1022
Byron, Oct. 10, 1765,	18	33	223 40	5 10
Cook, June 14, 1774,	18	35	197 45	915
Bougainville, in 1766,	18	39	21448	5 43
C-1- C	18	40	225 13	340
Cook, Sept. 22, 1777,	18	40	203 12	7 56 3 53
Bougainville, in 1766,			227 29	3 53
Byron, July 21, 1765,	18	43	202 03	ugain-
The state of the s			Bo	ugain-

By whom observed in 1766, to 1779.	Lat. S.	Long. E.	Varia. E.
Bougainville, in 1766,	0 1	0 ,	0 ,
Cook, March 4, 1769,		227 57	
Bougainville, in 1766,		221 O2 235 53	
bouganivine, in 1/00,		231 47	
Wallis, June 13, 1767,		230 31	
Bayly, April 8, 1777,		198 36	CALL SIX DALES NEEDS
Dayly, Tiplit o, 1///,		161 10	
Cook, April 8,		161 10	
cook, Apin ",		161 IC	7 10
		161 10	7 10 7 22
Jan. 24,		161 10	
April 8,		161 10	
Carteret, July 20, 1767,		204 15	
Wallis,		220 24	
Cook, June 5, 1770,		147 30	Contract to the second
Bayly, April 7,		199 00	
Wallis, June 8, 1767,			A COUNTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PA
June 13,		222 16	
June 11,		222 00	
Cook and Bayly, Apr. 24, 1777,			the last of the state of the contract
Bayly,		171 12	
Dayly,		171 12 171 12	
Wallis, June 7, 1767,		171 12	
warns, June /, 1/0/,	19 20	130 40	5 40
Bayly, April 6,			
Cook, May 18, 1777,	19 32	199 41	7 27
May 23,		186 09	
July 3,		182 28	
Carteret, July 19, 1767,		206 31	
Bayly, July 10, 1774,		176 05	
Cook and Bayly, June 5, 1777,	19 53	185 20	8 20
June 2,		195 26	
June 2,	1.9 23	1195 20	Bayly,

By whom observed in 1766 to 1779.	, Lat.	Long. E.	Vari. E.
Bayly, June 6, 1777,	10 5	3 185 30	8 48
-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	10 5	3 185 30	10 00
Cook, June 6,		5 186 10	
April 1,		158 57	
Lead on all 1 to our group to a		7 158 57	
Bayly, April 1,		15857	
	19 5	158 57	8 23
		158 57	
	19 5	158 57	7 02
April 2,		201 27	
April 3,	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	201 29	To the second
May 13,	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	195 48	
May 14,	20 11	19455	
Marion and Corzen, in 1772.	20 09	18455	
Cook, July 9, 1773,		17645	The state of the s
May 13,	20 15	175 15	7 25
	20.15	175 15	736
		175 15	7 53
	20 15	175 15	755
	20 15	175 15	8 13
Cook and Bayly, May 13, 1777,	20 15	172 13	7 15
	20 15	172 15	
STEP FREE HOLDER SELECTION SELECTION	20 15		8 32
April 16,		175 15	
Bayly, May 13,		175 15	803
June 27, 1764,		185 29	947
Wallis, May 23, 1767,		248 24	500
Cook, June 26, 1774,		186 24 1	
June 24,		186 51 1	
Carteret, July 12, 1767,		21451	
Cook, July 5,	20 37	181 101	230
Carteret, July 12,	20 38	21430	5 00
Wallis, June 1,	20 38	232 45	509
Cook, Sept. 27, 1773,	20 40	194 1811	1 42
U ₂			Cook

By whom observed in 1766,	S.		E.
	10.	0 ,	0 ,
Cook and Bayly, July 8, 1774,	20 40	177 48	12 59
Bayly, March 30, 1777,	20 43	201 50	6 50
		201 49	
Cook,		201 51	
Cook and Bayly, July 6, 1774,	20 56	180 00	12 44
Wallis, May 20, 1767,		25343	
Cook, March 21, 1774,	2101	246 32	3 04
Bayly, Sept. 28, 1773,		19201	
March 31,		200 23	
Carteret, July 13, 1767,		201 17	-
Byron, Oct. 19, 1765,		236 13	
Bayly, Sept. 30, 1773,		187 57	
Cook, Oct. 1, 1770,		186 16	
Carteret, July 10, 1767,		218 54	
July 15,		209 40	
Cook, Aug. 3, 1773,		226 51	
Carteret, July 22, 1767,		209 21	
Cook, July 19, 1777,		186 56	8 41
Bayly, July 18,	2235	186 20	8 43
March 27,		159 40	
		159 40	
		159 40	8 44
		159 40	9 52
Cook and Bayly,		159 40	
		159 40	
		159 40	
		159 40	
Cook,	TOTAL STREET	15940	6 42
	22 50	160 40	6 42 7 53
1	22 50	100 40	8 11
	22 50	159 40 159 40 159 40 159 40	8 44
	22 50	150 40	8 06
	22 50	1.00 40	0 36
March 18, 1776,	122 50	159 40 247 29	9 20
(WINTER 10. 1//D.	2 4 00	441 241	3 ()(

By whom observed in 1766, to 1779.	L	at.	Lon E	g.	Va	ria. E.
	0	,		,	10	,
Byron, May 14, 1765,	23	00	259	02	3	20
Bougainville, in 1766,			246			30
Cook, Oct. 2, 1774,			170			27
Bayly, March 26,	23	21	202	15	8	17
Bougainville, in 1766,	23	24	249	02	0	39
	23	30	250	24	3	00
Bayly, March 16, 1777,	23	36	161	08	9	52
March 15,			159		8	52
March 25,			159		8	22
July 8, 1767,	23	46	220	35	5	56
Cook & Bayly, Mar. 21, 1777,	23	46	159	17		45
March 25,	23	46	159	17	8	22
March 21,	23	46	159	17	8	31
March 25,			159		8	31
Cook, March 25,			159		8	16
			159			40
Bougainville, in 1766,			151			04
Carteret, July 17, 1767,			247			51
Bayly, Aug. 7, 1777,	24	06	210	50		30
Cook, July 7, 1767,	24	10	220	35		02
Carteret, July 7, 1777,	24	10	220	35		12
Byron, May 10, 1765,			262		_	45
Carteret, July 6, 1767,			222			16
July 3,			224		1000	30
Cook and Bayly, Aug. 7, 1777,			209			49
Cook,	25	00	209	45	6	10
	25	00	209	45		39
			209	100	7	20
			209		7	52
Carteret, July 2, 1767,	25	02	226	55	2	46
April 8, 1777,			208		7	09
Cook and Bayly, Aug. 6,			208		8	09
Bayly,	25		208		7	30
	25	2-03-39	208			12
					Co	ok.

By whom observed in 1766,	1	S.	Lo	ng.	Varia. E.
	0	,	0	-6	0 ,
Cook,			208		
			208		
			208		THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE
Carteret, July 4, 1767,			223	4	
Bayly, March 3,			201		8 44
Bougainville, in 1766,		- VT-	253	The Control of	0 0)
Bayly, July 24, 1777,	25		192		
Carteret, June 1, 1767,	25	51	276	17	8 08
Bougainville, in 1766,	25	56	153	55	3 37
Cook, July 27, 1777,			195		
Carteret, July 2, 1767,	26	00	229	35	2 32
Cook, March 18, 1774,	26	05	248	58	2 34
Bayly, March 21,	26	15	201	50	8 53
Carteret, June 10, 1766,	26	26	278	15	8 10
			262		5 40
Cook, June 26, 1777,	26	41	194	30	
Bayly, Aug. 5,			207		
Bougainville, in 1766,			256		
Carteret, June 12, 1767,			260		
Bayly, March 21, 1777,			158		
March 20,			158		
March 21,			158		
Cook and Bayly, March 21,	27	01	158	58	8 45
Cook, March 21,			158		8 28
March 8, 1774,	27	04	256	22	4 31
Carteret, June 8, 1776,			262		
June 7,			263		
Bougainville, in 1766,					
Bayly, March 21,	27	34	258	23	3 40 8 54
Cook, Aug. 1, 1777,			203		7 07
Bougainville, in 1766,	27		260		The second second
Cook, July 31,	1				
			201		7 44
July 27, 1773,	28		225	5 7 3 7 5 5 6	
Carteret, June 20, 1767,	140	04	244	01	
				Ca	rteret

By whom observed in 1766,	Lat.		Varia. E.
Carteret, June 18, 1767,	28 05	246 35	0 ,
June 16,			
Wallis, May 4,	28 19	249 1 5 164 00	6 00
Cook March 7 1774	28 20	258 27	0 00
Cook, March 7, 1774,	28 2	170 56	4 45
Oct. 8, 1773, Bayly, Oct. 14,	28 28	180 43	13 09
	28 46	100 43	10 00
March 20, 1777,	28 40	201 15	10 09
Mean of three,	28 50	159 12	9 59
Cook, mean of three,	28 50	159 12	9 27
July 26, 1773,	20 53	126.00	5 03
Oct. 9,	20 54	169 54	13 09
Bayly, Oct. 10, 1774,		16830	
Cook and Bayly, Sept. 19, 1769,	29 00	1199 01	8 32
Bayly, July 23,	29 22	226 18	5 34
Cook, March 6, 1774,	29 25	259 27	4 47
Carteret, April 28, 1767,	29 45	180 40	9 40
Cook, Oct. 15, 1773,		180 24	
July 22,	31 06	226 18	5 21
March 2, 1774,		258 01	
Bayly, Oct. 16,	3141	18002	11 02
Cook, May 10, 1770,	32 02	152 30	8 00
May 11,	32 02	153 00	9 10
March 1, 1774,	32 28	257 43	3 45
Bayly, Oct. 17, 1773,	32 41	180 58	10 49
Cook, Oct. 13,		168 50	
Wallis, Dec. 26, 1775,	33 18	289 00	22 50
Bayly, Sept. 24, 1769,	33 18	18739	10 48
Mean of two Mar 16.	33 36	161 08	9 25
Cook, mean of 6, Mar. 16, 1777.	33.36	161 08	9 57
Cook and Bayly, mean of two,	33 36	161 08	11 37
		281 38	
		279 44	
Bayly, Oct. 18, 1773,	3348	18051	10-40
March 15, 1777,	33 52	199 01	10 07
			Cook,

By whom observed in 1766			y whom observed in 1766, Lat to 1779.					ria. E.
Cook April 26 1770	0	,	0		0	.0		
Cook, April 25, 1770,			151					
Feb. 27, 1774,			257					
April 24, 1770,	35	19	150	40	1.7	54		
Oct. 4, 1774,			171					
Bayly, Oct. 15,			171					
Cook, April 19, 1770,			150					
April 21,	30		150					
Cook & Bayly, Sept. 29, 1773	130	10	150	35	10	42		
Bayly, July 19, 1777,	130	34	227	23	5	33		
Bougainville, in 1766,	136	30	269	45	10	21		
Cook, Feb. 26, 1774,	36	37	258	37	5	33		
Bayly, Feb. 23,	37		263					
Cook and Bayly, Oct. 5, 1769			187					
Cook,			186					
Oct. 6,			179					
Feb. 24, 1774,	37	25	262	30	8	10		
Feb. 25,	37	52	258 266	52	6	38		
Feb. 21,	37	54	266	25	8	00		
July 18, 1773,	37	56	227	12	5	29		
Carteret, Aug. 30, 1769,	38	20	213	24	7	09		
Cook, April 11, 1770,	38	30	157	30	13	48		
April 10,	38	51	157	47	II	25		
Oct. 21, 1773,	39	06	179					
Mean of five, March 7,	39	1.7	67					
Bayly, mean of three,	39	17	67	58	11	26		
Cook and Bayly, Mar. 7, 1777,	39	171	67	58	OI	59		
	39	191	89	15	9	42		
March 9,	39		95					
Cook, April 13, 1770,	39	23 1	56	28	12	27		
Mean of four, March 10, 1777,	39	24 1	64	28	11	45		
Cook and Bayly,	39	24 1	64	28	9	00		
3.7	39	241	64	28	0	56		
			64					
			64					
	37		- T		Bay			

By whom observed in 1766,	Lat.	Long. E.	Varia.
to 1779.			
P. I. MI	0 1	0 1	0 !
Bayly, March 10, 1777,	39 24	164 08	9 54
March 8,	39 25	192 45	10 40
March 11,		199 04	
Cook, April 14, 1770,		154 32	
Bayly, March 11, 1777,		189 10	
Cook, March 4, 1774,		159 31	
Bayly, Feb. 10, 1777,	40 22	172 15	
Cook and Bayly, mean of two,		174.04	
Cook, mean of two,		174 04	
April 11, 1770,		174 04	
Feb. 10, 1777,		174 04	
Bayly, March 5,	41 25	271 40	11 09
Cook, mean of four,		27 40	
Mean of two, Feb. 27,	41 29	271 40	13 33
Cook and Bayly, mean of two,	41 29	271 40	12 46
Bougainville, in 1766,		228 15	3 02
Cook, mean of 4, Feb. 7, 1777,	42 04	168 02	13 07
Feb. 5,	12 29	167 39	11 34
Wallis, April 21, 1767,		164 44	
Cook, July 13, 1770,	43 02	221 20	5 37
Jan. 30, 1777,	43 15	149 12	5 13
July 11, 1773,	43 16	220 21	5 18
Jan. 28, 1777,		148 23	
March 5, 1774,		171 40	
Mean of four, Jan. 21,		143 05	
Cook and Bayly, Feb. 7,		176 29	
Bayly, Jan. 20, 1776,	43 28	141 12	2 00
		141 20	
Jan. 27, 1777,		141 35	
Cook, (two fets) Jan. 22,	43 30	143 13	2 38
Jan. 11, 1773,		208 34	
Bayly, Jan. 21, 1777,		142 54	
Jan. 24,		147 55	
		161 58	
X	13 13	,	Cook,

By whom observed in 1766,	Lat. Long. Vari.
	0 10 10 1
Cook, (two fets) Feb. 4, 1777	43 43 161 58 11 50
Feb. 24,	43 45 148 46 300
July 10, 1773,	43 46 216 17 3 00
Furneau, March 7,	43 47 141 45 1 13
Cook, Jan. 23, 1777,	43 48 147 36 551
Cook, (two fets) Feb. 6,	43 49 165 33 13 33
Cook and Bayly,	43 49 165 33 12 43
Bayly,	43 49 165 33 13 12
Cook, Feb. 4,	43 54 156 17 12 00
Carteret, April 28, 1767,	44 27 279 06 15 10
Cook, June 22, 1773,	44 41 198 07 10 19
Feb. 2, 1777,	44 51 156 17 7 36
In May, 1773,	14 47 166 48 13 49
Carteret, April 26, 1767,	45 47 279 08 16 17
Bougainville, in 1766,	46 33 285 00 19 16
Cook, June 15, 1773,	46 46 186 30 300
March 23,	46 46 162 17 13 17
Jan. 11, 1774,	47 51 238 18 2 34
Carteret, April 20, 1767,	48 04 279 24 17 20
Cook, Feb. 15, 1777,	49 00 264 52 10 20
Jan. 8, 1774,	49 07 229 18 6 26
Jan. 12,	49 32 249 38 4 00
Feb. 17,	49 32 265 19 12 42
March 22, 1773,	49 55 159 58 13 59
Bougainville, in 1766,	50 02 279 49 18 00
Cook, Feb. 13, 1774,	50 13 264 29 14 30
Dec. 5, 1773,	50 15 180 14 18 25
Feb. 12, 1774,	50 15 265 12 13 30
Jan. 7,	50 36 227 12 6 36
Bayly, Nov. 15,	51 12 183 13 9 52
Byron, Jan. 10, 1765,	51 31 181 46 20 00
Jan. 8,	51 50 180 44 20 00
Bayly, Jan. 6, 1774,	52 00 224 58 7 07
Cook, March 20, 1773,	52 22 155 23 13 40
200.,	Bougain-

By whom observed in 1766, to 1779.	, L	at. S.	Lo	ng.	Va	ri.
Bougainville, in 1766,	52	22	282	iı	0	00
Wallis, in the Straights of Magellan, in March, 1767,	100	22		4	23	
Carteret, in Dec. 1766, at Elifabeth's Island in the				u s	22	56
Straights of Magellan,	1	20	.0.	~ 0	22.	-
Cook, in Dec. 1766, Wallis, Dec. 17,			182			
Cook, Nov. 18, 1774,	100		190		The state of the s	45
Wallis, April 11, 1767,			284			
Feb. 18, in the Straights of	1	. 517	100	57.0		
Magellan, J	53	05			224	O
Cook, Nov. 4, 1774,	53		239			
Feb. 10,			263			
Dec. 7			251			
Dec. 17, Carteret, in Dec. 1766,			284			
Cook, Dec. 14, 1774,	53		292			
Dec. 16, 1773,	53		²⁷³ ₂₈₀			
Wallis, Dec. 22, 1766,			290			
Dec. 22, at Cape Quade, in ?	33	3	3-			
the Straights of Magellan,					223	5
	53	40	177	22	95	8
Wallis, Dec. 27, at York Bay, \	52	40	Jan.		223	0
in the ottaights of mager.	23	1	SOC		3	1
the belaights of triagenan,	53	50		1	22 4	0
Jan. 23, in the Straights at	52	50	1000		22 4	0
Cape Gallant, -	-	3			1	0
Cook, Oct. 20, 1774,	54	50 2	235	30	1 2	5
In Dec. 1776, at Cape For- ward, in the Straights of	- 4	0.1	235 3		12 .	•
Magellan,	54	3		1	22 1	,
X 2		1		W	allis	,

By whom observed in 1766 to 1779.		at. S.	Lon E.			ri.
Walks Ten ser and and a	10	,	o	,	0	,
Wallis, Jan. 19, 1767, at the Straight's Mouth,	154	03			22	40
Cook, in York Bay, in the	1					
Straights of Magellan,	1				22 :	22
At Port Famine, in 7				1		
the Straights,					22 9	22
Feb. 4, 1777,	155	00	244	13	12	11
March 19, 1773,			152			
Feb. 25, 1774,			211			
Nov. 23,			204			
In Jan. 1769,			292			
Jan. 16, 1774,			286			
Bayly, Jan. 2,	57	58	223	18	111	2
Cook, March 16, 1773,	58	58	145	03	03	I
Dec. 31,			225			
Jan. 26, 1779,			286			
Dec. 11, 1773,			187			
Cook and Bayly, Jan. 2, 1774,	62	09	247	36	105	0
Cook, Jan. 23,			250			
Dec. 29, 1773,	Colonia Colonia		222	- ,		
Jan. 20, 1774,			244			
Feb. 3,			260			
Dec. 2, 1773,			190			
Bayly, Dec. 18, 1777,			208			
Cook, Dec. 19, 1773,	6.	49	260	20	3 2	4
Feb. 4, 1774,	66	90	225	101	454	6
Feb. 3, Dec. 2, 1773,	66	26	251	3	182	0
Jan. 29, 1774,			253			
J 29, 1//49	10		- 53	.)	т.	
				1		
		1		1		

TABLES

TABLES OF THE DIP

OF THE

MAGNETIC NEEDLE,

Observed at different Times in the Atlantic Ocean,

North of the Equator.

Longitude E. from the Meridian of London.

By whom observed in 1766, to 1780.	Lat. Long. Dip. N. E. N end
Paula Sant 15 1576	0 , 0 , 0 ,
Bayly, Sept. 15, 1776,	0 42 247 06 24 21
Eekberg, in March, 1774,	0 49 340 54 26 45
	1 04 348 48 27 00
Cook, Aug. 13, 1776,	1 04 334 08 32 24
Bayly, June 11, 1780,	1 10 334 00 29 28
Eckberg, in March, 1774,	1 54 340 49 27 52
Cook, Aug. 30, 1776,	2 09 335 39 33 15
Eekberg, in April, 1775,	2 14 337 55 26 52
In March, 1774,	2 22 340 52 29 26
Cook, Aug. 29, 1776,	2 43 337 20 34 30
Aug. 17,	3 39 338 12 35 17
June 13, 1780,	3 48 334 40 32 52
Eekberg, in March, 1774,	3 49 340 52 30 48
Le Gentil, in 1771,	
	4 12 344 03 14 37
Bayly, Sept. 8, 1776,	4 24 346 40 31 16
Eekberg, in April, 1775,	4 28 3 36 37 31 52
Cook, Aug. 25, 1776,	5 02 340 20 37 25
June 16,	15 25 333 12 35 37
	L

By whom observed in 1766 to 1780.		at.	Long. E.	Dip. N.end
I. I. C. Burs to 32	0		10 ,	
Le Gentil, in 1771,	5		345 35	
Eekberg, in March, 1774,	5		340 19	
Cook, Aug. 23, 1776,	6		339 48	
Bayly, June 17, 1780,			334 35	
Cook, Aug. 22, 1779,			339 33	
Eekberg, in April, 1775,	6	43	334 51	38 22
Le Gentil, in 1771,	7		346 36	
Eekberg, in March, 1774,	8		339 38	
Le Gentil, in 1771,	8	50	0 48	4 52
Cook, Aug. 19,	18	50	337 52	42 19
Bayly, June 29, 1780,			321 28	
Cook, June 23,			331 36	
Aug. 18, 1776,			337 38	
Le Gentil, in 1771,			252 23	
Falls - in March			0 44	
Eekberg, in March, 1774,			339 28	
Bayly, Aug. 30, 1776,			337 oc	
Le Gentil, in 1771,			353 57	
Cook, Aug. 16, 1776,			336 11	
Aug. 15,			336 44	
Le Gentil, in 1771,			334 34	
T. 11			355 42	
Eekberg, in March, 1774,			338 28	
Le Gentil, in 1771,			333 50	
TH : M 1			358 55	
Eekberg, in March, 1774,			339 10	
Cook, Aug. 12, 1776,	15	0813	336 52	5100
Chappe, in 1769,	15	12/2	96 37	47 15
Chappe,	15	123	103 24	18 55
Cook, June 28, 1780,	15	25 3	127 04	5037
Eckberg, in May, 1775,	16	10/2	27 37	19 55
Bayly, Aug. 26, 1776,			36 48	
Fekberg, in March, 1774,	16	403	39 10	3 00
Bayly, June 28, 1780,	16	4513	25 36	37
			(Cook,

By whom observed in 1766, to 1780.		Long. E.	
Cook Augusta and	0 1		0 ,
Cook, Aug. 10, 1776,		33830	
Le Gentil, in 1771,		330 47	
Chappe, in 1769,		286 35	
. C .: W .		317 42	
Le Gentil, in March, 1771,		330 11	
Eekberg, in March, 1774,		338 29	
Cook, Aug. 9, 1776,		340 02	
July 1, 1780,		323 33	
Le Gentil, in 1771,		329 14	
Cook, Aug. 8, 1776,		340 54	
Bayly, Aug. 23,			56 45
Eekberg, in March, 1774,	21 24	339 33	57 52
Chappe, in 1769,		274 39	
Cook, Aug. 7, 1776,			57 25
Eekberg, in May, 1775,			159 30
Chappe, in 1769,			59 31
Bayly, July 4, 1780,			59 42
Cook, July 4,			59 07
Aug. 6, 1776,			59 00
Eekberg, in March, 1774,		34001	
In May, 1775,		324 41	
Chappe, in 1769,			60 56
Le Gentil, in 1771,	26 34	225 17	58 45
Eekberg, in Feb. 1774,			62 11
Bayly, Aug. 19, 1776,			0160 51
Eekberg, in May, 1775,			63 22
Chappe, in 1769,	28 26	345 19	60 01
Le Gentil, Aug. 4, 1776, Cook,			60.52
			61 52
Le Gentil, in 1771,	120 50	3245	61 37
Cook, July 31, 1766,	29 18	344 03	62 17
Le Gentil, in 1771,	29 54	325 1	62 37
Eekberg, in Feb. 1774,	30 00	342 57	65 03
In May, 1775,	130 16	326 24	164 34 Le

By whom observed in 1766 to 1780.	N.	E.	N. end	
		0 1		
Le Gentil, in 1771,		325 11		
Cook, July 12, 1780,		320 20		
Eekberg, in Feb. 1774,		345 41		
Bayly, Aug. 13, 1776,		343 21		
July 13, 1780,		318 20		
Aug. 12, 1776,	33 48	345 00	66 01	
Eekberg, in May, 1775,	34 57	327 31	66 32	
Cook, July 28, 1776,	34 57	346 22	66 12	
Eekberg, in Feb. 1777,	35 41	344 33	67 11	
Cook, July 11, 1780,		320 29		
Chappe, in 1769,	36 31	353 51	72 25	
Cook, July 27, 1776,	36 34	346 59	68 22	
Bayly, July 21,	37 51	323 34	70 11	
Eekberg, in Feb. 1774,		344 20		
Le Gentil, in 1771,		324 50		
Cook, July 22, 1776,		323 22		
July 26,		348 29		
Eekberg, in May, 1775,	39 24	328 51	68 49	
Cook, July 9, 1780,	39 33	319 27	65 01	
Bayly,	19 33	318 42	65 01	
July 30,	39 57	328 53	72 52	
Le Gentil, in 1771,	39 57	328 53	73 07	
Bayly, July 27, 1/80,	40 55	326 23	72 30	
Cook, July 28,		329 11		
Eckberg, in Feb. 1774,		344 31		
Cook, July 22, 1776,		352 20		
Eekberg, in May, 1775,		333 45		
Feb. 1771,		345 33		
May, 1775,		348 48		
Bayly, Aug. 3, 1780,		335 59		
Cook, Aug. 5,	1+5 50	341 12	72 15	
Eekberg, in Feb. 1774,	48 30	343 28	72 15	
A Paris,	+8 50	Mal.	71 35	
Eckberg, in May, 1775,	19 17	355 22		
Parigness.		P	hipps,	

By whom observed in 1766, to 1780.	L	at.	Lor	g.	D N.	ip.
8 1 6 6	0	1	0	. 1	0	,
Phipps, June 5, 1773, off Harwich,	1.7	.21	A L		72	12
Eekberg, in Feb. 1774,	50	16	341	53	72	45
In May, 1775,			358			
Phipps, June 2, 1773,	51	35	I	22	73	31
June 6,	52	22	I	48	73	22
Eekberg, in Feb. 1774,			341			
Bayly, Aug. 11, 1780,			344			
Le Gentil, at Berlin,						
Bayly, 1780,			344			
Eekberg, in Jan. 1774,			338			
Bayly, Aug. 17, 1780,	56	10	347	50	76	39
Eekberg, in Jan. 1774,			342			
			362			
Bayly, Aug. 20, 1780,	58	48	355	08	76	28
Aug. 26,	58	56	356	59	75	52
Eekberg, in Jan. 1774,	59	39	352	34	76	48
At Petersburg,						
Phipps, June 14, 1773,	60	16	357	33	75	18
	60	16	357	33	73	30
	60	18	359	34	175	00
June 15,	60	19	360	13	74	52
June 16,			360			
At Kola,						
June 21,			360			
			359			
June 24,	73	22	4	30	80	35
June 30,	73	36	5	00	79	30
June 24,	73	40	359	53	80	35
June 26,	74	30	10			
June 28,	77	48	7		81	
June 29,	78	02	10	10	80	26
June 30,	78				79	
June 24,	78	22		58	80	45
Y				P	hip	ps,

42.488494

A TREATISE ON MAGNETISM.

By whom observed in 1766,			
Phipps, Sept. 30, 1773,	79 44	9 38	82 08
July 15,	79 50	10 33	82 00
July 9,	80 12	2 32	81 52
Aug. 29,	80 27	15 46	82 02

TABLES

Bayle, Sept Le Ganti, vil

Bayly, June Cook, June Lekoerg, m

Cook, Soll

Erkberg, d

By cinom observed in 1966, the glong thou

TABLES OF THE DIP

OF THE

MAGNETIC NEEDLE,

Observed at different Times in the Atlantic Ocean, South of the Equator.

Longitude from the Meridian of London.

By whom observed in 1771, to 1780.		Long. E.	
Cook Sant - rouf	0	10 ,	0 .
Cook, Sept. 1, 1776,		332 52	
Le Gentil, in 1771,	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	341 43	
Cook, Jan. 11, 1780,		334 20	
Bayly, Sept. 17,	049	346 03	21 45
Eekberg, in March, 1774,	1 09	340 52	25 18
Cook, Sept. 2, 1776,		231 52	
Le Gentil, in 1771,		339 09	
Eekberg, in April, 1775,		340 30	
Le Gentil, in 1771,		342 44	
Eekberg, in March, 1774,		340 28	
Cook, June 9, 1780,		335 26	
Sept. 3, 1776,		3 31 08	
Bayly, Sept. 20, 1776,		342 10	
Le Gentil, in 1771,		340 53	
Cook, Sept. 4, 1776,		329 56	
Bayly, June 8,		336 38	
Cook, June 7, 1780,		337 50	
Eekberg, in March, 1774,	5 00	337 30	6 26
Y 2	200	337 301	Le
* *			Te

By whom observed in 1771, to 1780.	Lat.	Long.	Dip. N.end
Le Gentil, in 1771,	0 1	34038	0 1
Bayly, Sept. 23,		340 10	
Cook, Sept. 6, 1776,		330 09	
Eckberg, in April, 1775,		345 32	
In March, 1774,	7 18	339 24	13 41
Cook, Sept. 7, 1776,		326 30	
Eekberg, in April, 1775,		347 12	
Bayly, June 5, 1780,		339 49	
Cook,	8 51	340 27	0.00
Sept. 9, 1776,	9 52	326 00	13 28
Eekberg, in March, 1774,		339 24	
Bayly, Sept. 25, 1776,	10 00	338 55	7 41
Le Gentil, in 1771,	10 00	338 57	12 00
Eekberg, in April, 1775.	10 21	348 14	4 56
Bayly, June 5, 1780,	11 05	342 58	5 12
Cook, June 2,		343 15	
Bayly, Sept. 28, 1777,		338 33	
Cook, Sept. 10, 1776,		326 06	
Eekberg, in April, 1775,		349 37	And the second second
Bayly, June 1, 1780,		343 54	
Cook, May 31,		344 18	
Eekberg, in March, 1774,	12 02	339 27	3 56
Cook, May 31, 1780,	12 11	344 32	1 14
Eekberg, in March, 1774,		339 08	
42 884-147084 15 14	12 32	35047	3 30
Bayly, May 31, 1780,	12 37	344 38	0 53
Cook,	12 46	344 45	1 18
Bayly, May 30,	12 54	344 57	0 24
Eekberg, in March, 1774,		338 57	
STATE OF THE CALL OF THE	13 21	338 50	0 03
It appears that the Dip changed from the N. end of the Nee- dle to the S. end, in about	10 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	Seed of	
the Lat. of 13°30'S. and Long. of 21° W. in 1774.		*19	Bayly

By whom observed in 177 to 1780.	I, Lat. S.	Long. E.	Dip. S. end
	0.	0 1	0 ,
Bayly, Sept. 27, 1776,		337 39	
May 30, 1780,		345 32	
Cook,		345 38	
Bayly, May 29,		345 56	
Eekberg, in April, 1775,	13 54	351 54	4 45
In March, 1774,	13 57	338 46	0 37
e oset enigenti i ca		338 52	
In April, 1775,		352 43	
Bayly, May 28, 1780,		347 16	
Sept. 27, 1776,		337 14	
Cook May 28 1782	14 5	337 14 347 30	1 36
Cook, May 28, 1780,	14 50	252 30	0 50
Eekberg, in April, 1775,	15 53	353 30 348 26	8 28
Cook, May 27, 1780,		325 55	
Sept. 13, 1776,	ALC: THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY O	325 54	A CLE OF STREET
Eekberg, in Jan. 1774,		355 35	
In March,		338 39	
Bayly, May 26, 1780,		349 32	
Cook, Sept. 14, 1776,		325 10	
Bayly, May 25, 1780,		350 36	
Cook,		351 23	
Eekberg, in March, 1774,		339 01	
Le Gentil, in 1771,		2 26	
Bayly, Sept. 29, 1776,		336 30	
Eekberg, in March, 1774,		340 07	
	20 08	340 25	1137
	20 30	340 25 340 27	14 15
Bayly, Oct. 1, 1776,	20 49	335 50	12 02
Le Gentil, in 1771,	21 08	4 22	23 00
Eekberg, in March, 1774,		340 55	
Cook, Sept. 17, 1776,	21 57	324 30	15 18
In March, 1774,	22 11	342 05	17 52
May 22, 1776,	122 16	356 13	22 45
1074, 185	77 4 1	Ee	kberg,

By whom observed in 177	I, Lat. Long. Dip. S. end
Fekherg in In Your	0 , 0 , 0 ,
Eekberg, in Jan. 1775,	1 54 24 30
Le Gentil, in 1771,	22 18 1 54 24 30 22 40 6 05 27 30
Pauly May 20 182	23 08 6 37 27 30
Bayly, May 20, 1780,	23 34 358 14 24 47
Eekberg, in April, 1774,	23 35 343 52 21 10
Cook, May 20, 1780,	24 35 0 30 28 15
Bayly, Oct. 5, 1776,	24 40 336 39 19 42
Eekberg, in April, 1774,	25 03 343 50 22 25
Cook, Sept. 19, 1775,	25 37 325 30 21 23
Eekberg, in April, 1774,	25 41 344 06 23 30
are the area	26 13344 56 25 00
Bayly, May 18, 1780,	26 25 4 00 32 42
Eekberg, in Jan. 1775,	26 37 6 20 31 26
Cook, Sept. 20, 1776,	27 01 326 35 23 36
Eekberg, in April, 1774,	27 10 346 40 26 00
	27 12 348 02 26 45
Cook, May 17, 1780,	27 36 6 18 34 22
Sept. 21,	27 52 327 55 25 26
	27 58 328 15 26 49
Eekberg, in April, 1774,	28 46 350 02 27 30
Bayly, Oct. 8, 1776,	28 47 339 40 27 51
Bayly, May 15, 1780,	29 53 11 05 40 53
Cook,	29 54 11 10 39 05
Sept. 24, 1776,	30 16 332 28 29 02
Eckberg, in April, 1774,	30 18 10 17 40 45
	30 20 353 54 29 37
Bayly, Oct. 14, 1776,	30 24 343 02 31 51
Eekberg, in April, 1774,	31 36 357 04 32 45
	32 23 359 38 35 15
Cook, May 13, 1780,	32 32 16 26 44 20
Eekberg, in April, 1774,	32 51 13 57 42 00
	33 07 2 55 37 32
TABLES	33 361 3 2837 52 Bayly,

By whom observed in 1771, to 1780.		at. S.	Lon	g.	Dip S. end		
MILITANE TO A	•		8,000 634 6		B11 (\$12.10)		
Bayly, Oct. 21, 1776,			2				
Oct. 19,			357				
Cook, Sept. 29, 1776,			343				
Bayly, Oct. 26,			9				
	34	05	18	20	44	48	
Eekberg, in April, 1774,	34	08	18	42	44	27	
1. A. S. M. M. M. A. A. A. A. A. M.	34	09	6	04	39	00	
Bayly, April 21, 1780, at 7				70			
Table Bay, at the Cape of Good Hope, -	34	11	18	51	46	46	
Eekberg, in April, 1774,	134	12	18	45	44	07	
			19				
			6				
Cook, Oct. 3, 1776,			351				
Eekberg, in April, 1774,		F 80 19	17	24770	Marcoll Strate Co.	Until Street	
District Control of the Control of t			15				
The Book of the state of			13				
The Market of the Control of the Con	24	49	11	57	41	00	
S. Selin Raph Sould Provide			9				
Cook, Oct. 7, 1776,			152				
Oct. 8,			152				
- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		36.75	The second second	Seattle-state	The second second	St. 10.144	
	192	4/	358	5	40	3	

. Cook, May 15, 150 0 1 1 3 3 1 10 20 14 10

O SH

Bayles Octuber of Residence to deput a

Eckberg, in April 1774

By roken meder vil

TABLES OF THE DIP

OF THE

MAGNETIC NEEDLE,

Observed at different Times in the Indian Ocean,

North of the Equator.

Longitude from the Meridian of London.

By whom observed in 1768, to 1780.	Lat.	Long. E.	S.	ip.
Le Gentil, in 1776, at Ma-1	0 1	0 1	0	•
nile, a-breast of the Island in the Sound -	044		16	30
In 1770,	1 00	89 24	15	45
Bayly, Feb. 1,		106 00		
Cook, Feb. 1, 1780,		105 30		
Le Gentil, in 1770,		89 23	Marie Committee	
In 1768, 20 Leagues off the				
first Island, and 12 Leagues off Sumatra,	2 12		10	59
Six Leagues off the first Isl. and 20 from Sumatra	2 12		11	07
In the Road of Malaca, in	2 1 2		12	20
	2 24	88 12	12	22
Cook, Jan. 3, 1780,	COURSE STATES	104 46	\$1 (2.107 kg/s) c 142	
Le Gental, in 1770,	3 24	88 47	11	41
Eekberg, in July, 1774,		104 37		

By whom observed in 1768, to 1780.	Lat.	Long.	Dip. S. end
- H 2.(11 sam so m2	0 1		0 .
In 1768, at 15 Leagues off the first Island, and 25 from Sumatra,	3 48	3	9 31
At 15 Leagues off the first Island, and 30 from Su- matra,	4 02	2	8 43
In 1768, at 15 Leagues off the first Isle of Malaca, and near 100 Toises off Pol-aor	4 06		12 00
At 3 Leagues from the first \\ Isle, and 15 from Sumatra, \(\)	4 06	er on	13 05
In the Straights, 2 Leagues from Mount Formole, and 15 off Sumatra,	4 06		13 07
In 1770,	4 28	88 22	9 37
Bayly, Jan. 30, 1780,	4 47	105 25	7 03
off the first Island of Mala- ca, 40 from Sumatra, and 15 from Pol-Pinany,	4 55	101	7 26
At ½ League from Pol-Pina- ny, and 40 Leagues from Sumatra,	5 25	10 m	6 22
In 1770,	6 08	87 52	6 37
Le Gentil, in 1768, 20 Leag. }	9 09		4 56
At 40 Leagues from the first Island, and 40 off the Point of Achem,	6 31	1	2 22
Cook, Jan. 29, 1780,	6 53	105 49	1 39
Bayly,		106 30	1 33
Le Gentil, round Manila, and } the Island in the Sound,	7 22	ms	0 52
z 1		m '313	ħ

	L	Loi	-	1-	Dip.
-	0	0		0	,
, ,	7			0	52
, -	1	19.00		1	54
12	7	107	42	2	15
	1		ħĸ.		,
		,			
1					
15	7			2	41
				100	
80	8	87	22		52
22	8			I	30
39	8	106	49	I	55
		107			11
		107			00
		108			05
Sept.	No.				
8	9	86	25	I	37
00	10	109	18	0	52
		Dip anged.			
	10	81			44
10	10	85	51	3	37
27	II	110	17	4	37
23	12	85	14	1 5	35
54	12	84	30	13	II
39	13	84	. 56	8	52
		112			
58	18	114	. 11	21	32
		116			
77	22	1130	17		
	44	1	11124	1113011	07 130 17 25 Ba

By whom	observed in 17 to 1780.	68, Lat. N.	Long. E.	Dip. N.end
Eekberg, i	c. 13, 1779, n Aug. 1774, v. 16, 1779,	22 09 23 30 25 05	06 114 06 112 57 149 13	8 , 27 01 36 10

Lorentini , interes.

Tribute outs too this arms at

te pur incomité ami

Le Genul : Loois limes vi

the on the man tenne it was

rate july to a land 258

TABLES OF THE DIP

OF THE

MAGNETIC NEEDLE,

Observed at different Times in the Indian Ocean, South of the Equator.

Longitude from the Meridian of London.

By whom observed in 1770, to 1780.			Lon E.			
Le Gentil, in 1770,	0	06	89	26	0	
Cook, Feb. 2, 1780,			105			
Le Gentil, in 1770,						
	1	14	89	52	19	20
of Banca, about 9 Leagues off Manopin, and about 8	I	38			17	45
from Sumatra, - In 1771,	1	49	86	14	26	30
In 1776, about 4 Leagues from Manopin, and $2\frac{1}{2}$ Leagues from Sumatra,		06			19	
Eekberg, in July, 1774,	2	20	105	03	21	37
Le Gentil, about 2 Leagues off Sumatra, -	2	21		x	19	22
In 1776, about 2 or 3 Leagues from the nearest Point of Banca,	2	43			20	22
In 1770,	2	47	90	31	22	30 In

By whom observed in 1770, to 1780.	Lat. S.	Long. E.	Dip. S. end.
In rest about a Leagues	0 1		0 .
In 1776, about 7 Leagues from Sumatra,	3 08		21 15
In the Straights of Banca, a League from Sumatra,	3 09		20 22
Bayly, Feb. 6, 1780,	315	106 40	22 36
Le Gentil, in 1770,		90 59	
		9103	
	4 25	91 06	25 22
	426	91 06	25 22
	430	90 59	26 26
Cook, Feb. 6, 1780,	436	10432	24 22
Le Gentil, in 1770,	452	91 28	26 00
In 1776, 6 Leagues from Su- matra, and 15 from Java,	5 02		24 30
ln 1776,	5 07	91 13	26 52
About 6 Leagues from Point			
Nicolas, and 3\frac{2}{4} from Su-\right\}	5 33		25 07
In 1770,	5 38	90 52	27 AI
Eekberg, in Ian, 1775.		104 52	
Le Gentil, about 2½ Leag. } off St. Nicolas, -	5 46		26 00
Eekberg, in July, 1774,	5 50	104 03	26 16
Bayly, Feb. 12, 1780,		107 06	
Le Gentil, about 2 Leagues			
from Java,			
Eekberg, in Jan. 1775,	6 28	103 57	28 00
In July, 1774,	6 30	103 52	28 00
Le Gentil, in 1776, about 37	. 3	33	
of a League from the near-	631		26 45.
est Point of Java, -	3		TJ.
Eekberg, in Jan. 1775,	642	104 48	31 45
Le Gentil, in 1770,		90 13	
In 1776,	6 58	91 00	27 52
			Le

By whom observed in 177 to 1780.	0,1	Lat. S.				Dip.
T 10 19 15 6 1 2	0		0	,	0	•
Le Gentil, in 1770,	4.7	7 35				15
Eekberg, in July, 1774,	46		104			
In July,			105			
Le Gentil, in 1770,			89	West Director	12 12 12 12 12 18	200
Bayly, Feb. 19, 1780,			105			
Eekberg, in 1774,		3 27	105	27	29	57
		3 41	108	10	30	37
	18	3-49	110	58	30	56
Le Gentil, in 1770,	18	3 52	87	59	33	56
Eekberg, in June, 1774,	1		108			
In Jan. 1775,			102	200 PM	-	-
Le Gentil, in 1770,			86			
Eekberg, in Jan. 1775,			102			
Le Gentil, in 1770,			84			
Eekberg, in June, 1774,			107			
Le Gentil, in 1770,			83			
Cook, Feb. 23, 1780,			103			
Eekberg, in Jan. 1775,	14	06	100	17	20	15
Le Gentil, in 1770,	111	13	81	17	11	03
Eekberg, in 1774,			107			56
Le Gentil, in 1770,						VIII - 1
Le Gentil, in 1/10,			80			07
Cook, March 1, 1780,	15	50	79	13	4/	07
		51	92	0/	45	04
Eekberg, in June, 1774,	17		106			07
Le Gentil, in 1770,	17		77			
Eekberg, in Jan. 1775,	17		96			
Bayly, March 2, 1780,	17	50	87	50	47	57
Le Gentil, in 1770,	18	20	75	47	50	27
Cook, March 4, 1780,			89			
Le Gentil, in 1770,	119	14	73	13	5 I	30
	19	28	70	22	52	03
	119	45	64	16	53	35
Eekberg, in June, 1774,	119	47	105	25	44	.52
Bayly, March 8, 1780,	120	04	77	40	52	16
					Co	ok,

By whom observed in 1770,	Lat.		
to 1780.	S.	E.	S.end.
	10	0 ,	0 ,
Cook, March 29, 1780,	20 33	75 30	52 07
Eekberg, in Jan. 1770,	20 34	9037	46 03
Bayly, March 11, 1780,	20 54	72 06	54 36
Eekberg, in June, 1774,	21 42	105 44	47 52
In Jan. 1775,	22 23	85 36	50 4I
Cook, March 15, 1780,	22 37	63 33	55 52
Eekberg, in June, 1774,	23 12	104 17	52 52
Bayly, March 16, 1780,	23 13	60 47	56 48
Eekberg, in Jan. 1775,	24 17	74 47	54 53
Cook, March 18, 1780,	25 08	59 03	57 29
Eekberg, in June, 1774,	25 37	100 34	54 30
In Jan. 1775,	26 02	66 17	57 45
Bayly, March 20, 1780,	26 36	55 00	58 30
March 25,	26 36	55 00	55 58
Eekberg, in Jan. 1775,	27 24	59 42	59 45
	28 58	50 57	53 20
Cook, March 24, 1780,	29.06	43 23	56 16
Eekberg, in June, 1774,	29 37	97 33	56 00
In Jan. 1775,	30 48	45 02	
Bayly, March 30, 1780,	31 03	33 55	53 07
Cook, March 27,	31 03	37.54	
April i,	32 11	31 11	
Eekberg, in 1775,	32 24	39 39	55 00
In June, 1774,	32 45	91 12	57 62
In Jan. 1775,		2803	18 22
A STATE OF THE STA	34 39	29 35	10 52
In June, 1774,	34 39	88 58	1952
	34 39	78 56	61 27
Bayly, April 3, 1780,	35 00	24 []	51 16
Eekberg, in Jan. 1775,	35 00	20 21	57 10
In June, 1774,	25 12	74 41	61.0
In Jan. 1775,	35 13 35 15	25.06	16.56
3 //3,	25 16	22 25	40 50
Cook, April 4, 1780,	35 16	23 35	45 15
2. July 4, 1/00,	35 231	23 25 L	4937
		Lek	berg,

By whom observed in 1770, to 1780.		Long. E.	Dip. S. end.
OF THE DIV	0 1	0 ,	0 ,
Eekberg, in June, 1774,	35 25		60 33
aur ap	35.30		62 30
In Jan. 1775,	35 48	24 36	
Bayly, April 6, 1780,	35. 48		50 07
Cook,	35 49		45 37
Eekberg, in May, 1774,	36 22		61 26
	36 39		
of the Equators	36 44		The state of the s
	36 44	33 09	
	36 45	56 15	62 49
		66 47	62 30
14 1	36 54		50 30
237 23	37 04	28 19	52 30
	38 54	24 00	51 33
	39 00	24 02	49 30
		128 25	
Cook, Jan. 14,	47 19		
Bayly, Dec. 13, 1776,		44 10	
		55 50	
		14 20	
		14 20	
	48 10	95 39	9 54
	48 15 1	09 46	72 27
Jan. 3.	48 17	84 50	9 20
Cook, Jan. 3,	18 17	84 30	08 59
Bayly, Dec. 21,	48 17	64 10	08 38
		02 20	
	48 24		
Cook, Dec. 17,	18 24	55 596	5 44
Dec. 27,	18 41	09 40 6	7 47
Bayly, Dec. 27,	18 41	69 30	8 14
	18 4 I	09 30 6	8 26
co (\$183 3913) et	ach 20	IA	
ाष्ट्र १ हि १ है है दे दे बेर्ड है है है	Mach 18		LEC
A & Bayly,		TAB	LES

TABLES OF THE DIP

OF THE

MAGNETIC NEEDLE,

Observed at different Times in the Pacific Ocean, North of the Equator.

Longitude from the Meridian of London.

By whom observed in 1776,	Lat N.	Long. E.	Dip. N. end
Cook, Dec. 23, 1777,		203 05	
Bayly, Dec. 25,		20300	the state of the s
Cook, Dec. 22,		20300	
Dec. 24,		202 56	
Jan. 4, 1778,		203 16	
Bayly,		202 55	Control of the Contro
Cook, Jan. 8,		205 18	
Jan. 9,		205 34	
Bayly, Jan. 10,		205 00	
Cook, Jan. 12,		204 36	
Sept. 17, 1776,	The same of the sa	201 54	
- CONT-AND CONTAINED TO SECTION - CONTAINED TO SECTION OF THE CONTAINED TO CONTAINED TO CONTAINED TO CONTAINED	C. P. Sun and St. Control of	204 51	
Bayly, Jan. 15, 1778,		201 10	
Cook, in the Bay of the Island Oeyhea		204 00	THE PERSON
그 보고 있다면 이 맛있는 것이 맛이 되었다면 보고 있다면 가는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는데 없다면	19 28	204 00	41 14
March 26,		183 39	
		184 42	
A a			Bayly,

By whom observed in 177 to 1780.	6, Lat. N.	Long. E.	Dip.
p 18 14 (In 2102) 30	0 1	0 '	0 ,
Bayly, March 25, 1779,	19 59	10435	38 47
Cook, March 21,	20 37	192 43	41 25
Bayly, March 19,	21 12	194 40	42 10
Cook, Jan. 18, 1778,	21 17	201 18	42 10
Jan. 28,	21 21	200 30	42 23
Bayly, Jan. 18,	21 40	201 00	42 36
Jan. 31,		200 25	
Cook, March 6, 1779,	21 50	216 46	43 11
April 2,		177 50	
Bayly, Feb. 13, 1778,	24 30	199 44	45 43
Cook, Feb. 4,		200 00	
Nov. 14, 1779,	24 36	142 30	29 31
April 3,	24 38	175 51	38 52
Bayly, Nov. 14,	124 50	141 20	31 58
Nov.13.	25 56	143 46	31 27
April 5,	25 57	17417	43 10
Cook, Feb. 6, 1778,	27 41	201 00	49 42
Bayly, Feb. 5,	27 43	200 30	48 51
Cook, Feb. 8, 1778,	30 18	201 37	51 25
April 8, 1779,	30 39	167 34	42 55
Bayly.	30 54	167 02	43 35
Feb. 9, 1778,		203 18	
	31 34	306 17	53 19
April o 1770.		167 09	
Feb. 14, 1778,	31 35	206 43	52 12
Nov 17	32 26	207 30	54 54
April 10, 1779,	33 30	166 30	45 37
Bayly, Nov. 15, 1778,	33 34	107 32	56 03
ook, Nov. 7, 1779,	33 52	148 35	42 50
Bayly, Feb. 17, 1778,	35 04	206 30	56 53
Nov. 1, 1779,	35 00	142 16	46 35
Cook, Oct. 31,	35 30	142 20	45 00
	36 41	142 26	46 26
Aug. 30, Feb. 18, 1778,	36 52	206 32	55 19
135, 44501 3040 31	18761	I SIL	Cool

By whom observed in 17 to 1780.	76, Lat. Long. Dip. N. E. N. end
Cook, Nov. 28, 1779,	38 06 142 30 48 10
Cook, Nov. 28, 1779,	38 10 208 15 59 32
Bayly, Feb. 20, 1778,	30 10 200 13 39 32
Cook, Feb. 21,	39 06 210 15 59 15
Bayly, Oct. 26, 1779,	40 04 142 44 51 34
Cook, Oct. 22,	40 50148 47 51 53
Feb. 22, 1778, Cook, Nov. 9, 1779,	41 40 147 03 40 03
Bayly, April 15,	41 53 160 10 53 58
Cook, April 16,	42 12 160 11 53 34
April 17,	43 18 158 67 54 15
Bayly, Feb. 26, 1778,	43 20 222 30 65 48
March 6,	44 30 235 50 68 29
Cook, March 1,	44 49 228 29 67 25
Bayly,	44 51 229 20 68 31
Cook, March 16,	14 56 234 56 68 19
March 19,	44 57 234 10 67 20
Bayly, Oct. 16, 1779,	45 08 154 10 57 28
Cook, Oct. 15,	46 30 156 01 57 10
Bayly, March 24, 1778,	47 44 235 00 70 00
Cook, Oct. 14, 1779,	48 17 156 15 59 20
Bayly, March 28, 1778,	49 27 233 50 71 53
Cook, April 5, 1778,	1+9 36 233 47 72 35
Bayly, April 20, 1779,	49 47 161 23 60 55
Oct. 12,	150 55 157 42 63 38
April 27,	52 22 139 23 64 57
Cook, Sept. 15,	53 00 119 14 63 01
June 7,	53 00 159 14 63 08
Bayly, Aug. 17,	53 50 168 41 66 03
Oct. 3,	53 54 194 00 69 11
Cook, June 30,	53 54 194 00 68 20
Oct. 12, 1778,	53 55 196 00 69 23
Bayly, May 1,	54 40 225 00 73 34
Aug. 12, 1779,	55 24 171 30 67 47
Cook, June 18, 1778, A a 2	55 241201 20 70 57

By whom observed in 1776 to 1780.	Lat. N.	Long. E.	Dip. N. end
	0 ,	0 1	0 1
Cook, June 21, 1779,			6531
Bayly, June 21,		164 40	
July 5, 1778,			7101
June 10,		207 55	
Cook, July 14, 1780,	58 12	199 13	72 22
Bayly, July 13, 1778,		198 48	
Cook, May 14, 1780,	58 22	221 22	75 26
Bayly, Sept. 27,		189 08	
May 5, 1778,		221 33	
Cook, June 25, 1779,		169 17	
Aug. 7,		183 20	
Bayly, July 19, 1778,		197 45	
June 27, 1779,		176 00	
Cook, May 17, 1778,		213 26	
Bayly,		213.08	
May 31,		209 10	
Cook, June 30, 1779,		181 00	
Bayly, July 1,		182 10	
Cook, July 3,		18701	
Bayly,	63 42	188 00	74 10
Cook, Aug. 2,		189 20	
Bayly, Sept. 7, 1778,		195 40	
Sept. 13,	64 21	198 30	176 68
Cook, Aug. 1, 1779,		189 32	
Sept. 13, 1778,			
	164 35	197 50	76 25
Bayly, Aug. 5,		192 54	
July 31, 1779,	66 20	189 57	70 17
Aug. 11, 1778,	66 30	191 18	17 10
Sept. 2,	66 30	189 30	77 15
Cook, Aug. 13,	00 32	192 27	77 07
July 28, 1779,	07 08	189 49	78 48
Bayly, July 27,		189 07	
Cook, July 10,	108 01	188 45	7830
July 9,	169 12	18835	79 00
			Bayly

By whom observed in 177 to 1780.	N. E. N.	no
Bayly, July 8,	69 23 194 30 80	02
July 13,	69 26 188 48 80	
Cook, Aug. 26, 1778,	69 36 185 44 79	
July 14,	69 36 188 45 79	00
Bayly, Aug. 26,	69 37 182 40 79	
July 17, 1779,	69 56 195 45 79	52
Cook, Aug. 19,	70 06 197 06 79	
July 18,	70 26 196 22 79	
Bayly, Aug. 18,	170 30 198 15 81	46

8 Mc (103 18 Mc 4 3)

07 22 188 0074 59

40

- 1

331

301

031180 20176 07

20101407636 85 94 05 861 12 2 11.89 32 76 03

35/197 50/76 25 35/192547640

21 92 12 68 1 60

30/191 18/19 1B

21 27 05 108 1 08 166 36/102 20/17 07

167 08 H89 49 78 48

167 3018 a 07178 15 168 01 188 45 78 30

69 121188 3979 00

Bayly,

Cook Cook, Aug. 20 Bayly Sept 7: 177 Aule 1 1779 A del Septity, 1998 luly 21, 17 viol .II.guA Sept. 2 Cook, Aug. 13, TABLES sayly, July 27, Cook, July 10, - Puly 9

Bayly July 19, 17

TABLES OF THE DIP Bayly, Dec. 18, 1777, ant to 6 23 204 40 7 15

By whom observed in 1773, Lat. Long. Dip.

MAGNETIC NEEDLE,

8 56 204 50 13 12 Observed at different Times in the Pacific Ocean, South of the Equator. South of the Equator.

Longitude from the Meridian of London.

= 116 44 209 22 29 01

By whom observed in 1773, to 1777.	La	at.	Long. E.	Dip. N. end
815 04 001 00 81				
Bayly, Dec. 22, 1777,	Market Co.		204 00	
Cook, A COLLEGE		-	203 28	1 2 3 1
Bayly, Dec. 21, 1777,	I	50	203 20	3 04
Dec. 20,	2	02	203 40	2 54
Cook, og skapa og	-3	13	203 55	012
Bayly, or talled of			204 06	The state of the s
In about the Lat. of 3° 20' S.			June's	Cook
and Long. of about 204° E.			March	Baylys
it appears that the Dip			aM.	
changes from the N. end		8	S. Z.	
of the Magnetic Needle to		15	Live	Din
the S. end.			LauA)	Dip, S. end
Cook, Dec. 20, 1777,	3	22	204 00	
Bayly, Dec. 19,			204 10	
29 04 201 49 47 25			204 10	
Cook, Dec. 20,			204 00	
20 02 17 Dec. 19, 2				
		_	204 30	and the second s
88 85 4 Deck 198	4	501	204 42	
Cook				Bayly,

By wh	to 1777.	Lat.	Long. E.	
	IU HI TO E	0	Q.A.	The same of the sa
Bayly,	Dec. 18, 1777,	6 10	204 54	6 56
Cook.	CANAL TO THE STATE OF		204 40	
Bayly.	Dec. 17,		204 10	
Cook,	THE NEEDLE.		204 49	
į	Dec. 16,		204 50	
	Dec. 15, 1 st remark 1		205 50	
	Dec. 14,		206 00	
Bayly,	Dec. 9, within a set to		208 06	
	Oct. 25, 1777, upon	. 3		ALC: NO.
the	Coast of the Island of	16044	205 04	28 10
Hua	heine J		PAI	
	Sept. 9,	16 44	209 22	29 21
- 95	Nov. 10,		208 55	
Sept. 8	, upon the Shore of	DAMA64	50.00 States	150 72
	heite,	17 29	21040	29 03
Bayly,	April 16, 1777,	18 06	196 40	32 16
00 0	75 7 0 20104 00	18 08	196 33	32 16
77.3	8 April 5,		200 34	
Cook,	Sept 19,	19 46	186 08	36 55
27.5	April 1,	19 51	202 06	34 35
Bayly,	June 7,	20 14	185 30	3805
200	3 16 104 06	20 14	185 30	38 41
	June 22,		185 25	
Bayly,	March 30, 12 100 1			
	March 27, quel ordi			
	Aug. 8, bas .A.s			
giQ	March 21, or sibes!			
Cook,	Aug. 5,	26 50	206 45	43 50
220	March 22, 1776,	26 52	202010	4441
840	Aug. 3, 1777,	27 43	204 24	45 37
as o	March 20,	29 04	201 49	47 21
Bayly,	March 15,	33 40	19910	5341
Cook,	March 12,	38 41	196 51	59 03
Bayly,	March 10,	39023	195 45	59 38
Bayly				Cook,

By whom observed in 1773,	L	at.	Long. E.	Dip. S. end
Cook, March 10, 1777,	10	26	196 09 171 50	60.00
Bayly, Feb. 9,	40	33	171 50	64 56
Cook, Feb. 19, 1776, at New Zealand }	41	05	174 40	62 49
Bayly, Feb. 19, 1777,	41	05	174 35	64 30
			174 55	
Bayly, March 3.	42	00	183 30	64 22
Jan. 22,	43	17	147 50	71 00
Jan. 2/,	43	21	148 03	7055
Jan. 29,	43	21	148 03	71 00
Cook, Jan. 28,	43	22	147 58	7015
Feb. 5,	43	31	162 20	68 52
Bayly, Feb. 4,			160 00	
C- 1- :- NA		27 2 40 7 10	166 48	Control of the Contro

APPENDIX.

Cook, March 10, 1777. 159 26 196 collects

A PREATISE ON MAGNETE

Having in Case I. treated at some length upon what I conceive magnetism to be, and taken some notice of it's effect upon iron, it will only be necessary in this place to point out some useful hints to the ship-builder and navigator, with respect to the situation of the compass on board of ships, many of which are so constructed, that there is a necessity for the binacle being placed close to the commings of the after hatchway; where this is unavoidable, the bolts ought to be made of copper, because the iron bolts affect the needle of the compass, as has already been taken notice of.

It has already been observed, that in all latitudes, at any distance from the magnetic equator, the upper end of all iron bolts, &c. become possessed of a polarity of a different name with the latitude; that is, in north latitude the upper end of a bolt, or bar of iron, becomes possessed of south polarity, and in south latitude of north polarity. Therefore, let us suppose in any north latitude, where the dip of the needle is more than 45 degrees, that a ship be sailing E. N. E. by the compass, upon a wind with the larboard tacks on board: if the upper end of a perpendicular iron bolt be in a line right before the compass, and Bb within

within the distance of 18 inches, it will attract the north end of the needle more or lefs, according to the distance; so that although the ship's course appears to be E. N. E. by the compass, the real magnetic courfe may be only E. N. E. ½ E. As fhips in general, when close-hauled, lie within or about fix points from the wind; therefore, the ship, when put about from the apparent course of E. N. E. ought to lie up only W. N. W. upon the flarboard tack. But as the bolt had attracted the north end of the needle half a point from the magnetic meridian, when the ship's head was to the eastward, it will do the same when she is upon the flarboard tack with her head to the westward, which will make an error of a point, and the ship will lie up N. W. by W. fo that the navigator is induced to believe that the wind has changed a point, or that his ship lies closer to the wind than But if the case be reversed, with the wind ufual. from the fouth, and the fame ship upon a wind with the starboard tacks on board, the bolts will then repel the fouth end of the needle, (fay half a point) and the ship's course will appear to be E. S. E. & E. by the compass in place of E. S. E.

As the ship's course by the compass was E.S. E. L. When upon the starboard tack, it ought to be S. W. by W. W. When upon the larboard tack; but the position of the bolt being changed to the west of the needle, it will repel the south end of it half a point to the east of the magnetic meridian, and the ship's course will appear to be only W.S. W. S. W. ½ W. This phenomenon has in general led navigators to believe, that the wind had headed them in the time that their ship was putting about.*

Unarmed veffels have a very great advantage over ships of war, &c. in being able to steer a true course, because they are under no necessity whatever of having any iron near to their compasses. However, their binacles ought to be so constructed, that their compasses may be at least two seet from the deck, which would prevent the nails having any effect upon the needle.

But on board of ships of war, and all armed vefsels, where there are great quantities of iron, it is hardly possible to account for all the different derangements of the magnetic polarity; for it will be as variable as the different positions that a ship may be in, and in every part of the ship the compass will have a different variation from the true meridian.—See Mr. Downie's Report.

It appears, therefore, evidently necessary, as often as the ship's course is changed, when she is either going by or large, that the variation ought to be observed, and that all the observations ought to be made upon the top of the binacle, or as near to it as possible; for if the variation is observed at any part of the ship, where the meridional or azimuth compass does not agree with the compass in the binacle, the observation will be of no use, because it is the variation of the com-

Bb2 pafs

Admiral Murray, and some others, are exceptions.— See Case I. which this article relates to.

pass that the ship is steered by, that is wanted; and it matters not what the quantity of the variation is, provided it can be ascertained with accuracy, so that it may be accounted for.

Case II. being intirely a matter of conjecture, and as it does not at present appear that any thing that can be said further upon it will be of any utility, I will therefore pass it over without any farther notice, and proceed to make some observations upon Case III.

Case III. It has been attempted to account for the cause of the magnetic poles changing their places, and also to prove that their change of longitude is from the east towards the west. If the magnetic poles changed their places from the west towards the east, it would be evident that that power or quality, called magnetifm, would in itself be possessed of a rotative quality, as well as of north and fouth polarity. But as we have nothing to found that opinion upon, but the one fingle instance, viz. that the line of no variation appears to have been at London before it was at Paris, which is incontestibly impossible, because we find that in the year 1600 the line of no variation (with east variation on the west side of it, and west variation on the east side of it) was at Cape Anguillas, and in the year 1638 at Constantinople, stretching towards the north-west, and passing through Vienna in Austria; at these places the variation was easterly until that period, and all

over

and

over the west parts of Africa and Europe the variation was east at that time.*

In the year 1657, Mr. Bond observed that the magnetic and true meridian coincided at London. It is therefore very obvious, that the line of no variation could not have advanced westward from Vienna in Austria to London, without being first at Paris; although, by fome observations which we have on record, it was not at Paris until the year 1663; and by others, not until 1666. One thing is certain, namely, that there has not been any line of no variation in Europe to the eastward of Paris fince that time, which would have been the case, if the progression or change of the places of the magnetic poles, with their lines of no variation, had been from the west towards the east. It is also certain, that the line of no variation, which was at London and Paris in the years 1657 and 1663, was not the line of no variation. which is now to the westward of Van Dieman's Land, and firetching northward by Timor and China; because that line has east variation on the east fide of it, and west variation on the west. The above, and what is faid in Cafe III. are the reasons upon which I have founded my opinion, that the magnetic poles change their places from east to west.

Case IV. relates principally to the course or direction of the magnetic current of polarity in the different parts of the world, by which it affects

^{*} Muschenbroeck, page 166; and table vii.

and directs the needle of the compass. It was obferved, that all high promontories, or headlands; that jut far out into the deep ocean, fuch as Van Dieman's Land, Cape of Good Hope, and Cape Horn, would have a superior magnetic power to the feasthat are at some distance from them, which is occasioned by their elevation in the atmosphere, and having in their composition a greater quantity of ferruginous matter than the feas, of course their magnetic attraction and repulsion is more powerful, and deranges the general current of magnetic polarity, which appears to be very conspicuous on the east and west of South America. At this time the Atlantic line of no variation ought to be considerably to the westward of what it is in the fouthern hemisphere, and there ought to be west variation as far to the fouth and west, as Buenos Ayres, in the mouth of the river De la Plata. But by the superiority of the magnetic power that the land is possessed of in proportion to the sea, the fouth end of the needle is attracted by it; fo that there is east variation all over the east coast of South America, and the line of no variation is repelled to the eastward of it's proper place in a very oblique direction. On the west side of this great peninsula, the east variation is not so great as it ought to be, for the above reasons.

If plate 2 be drawn upon a larger scale than what it is in this treatise, say each hemisphere 12 inches diameter, and cut out separate from each other, and made moveable upon their centers,

with

with their equatorial lines touching each other, so that the true meridian lines for any longitude of both hemispheres may be brought to coincide in a strait line, the variation may be calculated by them for any other latitude and longitude, (the same as for London) with tolerable exactness all over the globe, except near to South America. The small figures at the intersection of the lines in plate 2, shew the angle and the latitude at which the magnetic meridians cut the true meridians in the different longitudes.

If the different meridians of longitude be brought to coincide with each other in a strait line, the relative situations of the magnetic poles at each of them, with respect to their bearings with the true meridians, will explain the whole phenomenon of the variation increasing and decreasing more in one number of degrees of longitude, than in another number of the same quantity; and the reason of the variation being greatest, and changing less in a degree of longitude at half, or at longitudes at equal distances from the magnetic poles; and also why it changes more in a degree at and near the lines of no variation, than at any other longitude.

The dip of the magnetic needle, which is partly the subject of Case V. being so far explained, and so easy to be understood, it does not appear necessary to say any thing more upon it at this time; but only to suggest, that if Government, or the Board of Longitude, saw that it would be of utility and advantage in navigation, as well as

to fatisfy the curiofity of the philosopher; or may I be permitted to conceive, after what I have faid upon it, that for their own fatisfaction, as well as to investigate the matter more fully, they will as foon as they possibly can, with a convenient connection with any other voyage that may be made for the improvement of navigation, give fuch instructions to the commander of such voyage, that the dip, or inclination of the magnetic needle, may be taken with accuracy in some particular longitudes, suppose in the longitudes of 20°, 100°, and 200° west; it is evident that the dip might be projected upon a chart, fuch as is represented by plate 3, (but upon a large scale) for the whole globe with very great exactness; the use of which, with respect to finding the longitude, &c. has already been pointed out. The center of the magnetic poles would also be ascertained.

The new tables of variation are calculated upon the principles, and in the same manner as the variation for London is calculated. See Case IV.

page 37, and plate ii.

It only remains to point out that they may be of use to the community in general, but more particularly to those who are concerned in navigation; because the navigator, in dark weather, when he has no opportunity of taking either an azimuth or an amplitude, can by these Tables find the variation of any latitude and longitude in the northern Atlantic ocean, and by them he can clearly perceive whether he ought to allow for the variation increasing

increasing or decreasing, according to the course he is steering: this is a matter of very great consequence, particularly near the lines of no variation, where the variation changes very much in a fhort distance: to illustrate which, suppose a ship or fleet fails from the fouth fide of Jamaica, and takes it's departure for the leeward passage from Bluefields, or Savana la Mar, which is in the latitude of 18° 10' S. and longitude of 78° 34' W. As the island of Grand Coymanas (which is in the latitude of 19°45' N. and longitude of 81°35' W.) lies in the way, and is very dangerous to fall in with in the night-time, on account of it's lowness, and a reef or ledge of rocks which lies off it's S. E. end, it is therefore necessary to steer such a course as will keep clear of it. The true course from Savana la Mar to it appears to be N.61 ° W. distant about 69 leagues. If the variation of the compass at Jamaica be only allowed, which is 6° 30', the course by the compass will then be N. 67° 30' W. or W. N. W. I will venture to affirm, that as many as steer such course (even allowing three or four miles offing at Savana la Mar to be a sufficient offing to pass the Coymanas with) will fall right upon the reef, because the east variation increases to the westward in those feas, as appears by the Tables, as well as that the variation allowed ought to have been at least 71 degrees; and as a degree in that course and distance makes a difference in latitude of about 34 miles,

Cc

the course ought to have been at least W. N. W. W. W. even to pass the Coymanas in the day-time; because, in general, there is a leeward current setting into the Gulph of Mexico. This current from the north and south sides of Jamaica meets to the westward of Negril Head, so that ships sailing to the west from the north side are drawn something to the south, and ships from the south side are drawn to the north; but when there is no current, this is not the case.

To the eastward of the Cape of Good Hope, where the variation is very great, and changes very fast, the same care ought to be taken to allow for it's increasing and decreasing. It has often been the case, that for want of such allowance the navigator has been led to conceive, that a current has been the cause of his error in his reckoning. This led me to inquire into the foundation of an opinion which has been entertained by many navigators, viz. that there is an indraught or current ferting into St. George's Channel from the fouth. That there are currents in feveral parts of the world is certain, fuch as the gulph stream between the coast of Florida and the Bahama Islands, which is occasioned by the combined causes of the trade winds, the diurnal motion of the earth, and the influence of the moon, all tending to draw and press the waters to the westward, which being carried down between the north part of South America and the chain of West India islands into the Gulph of Mexico, and there accumulated, until it finds vent to the northward round Cape Florida, and spreads again into the northern Atlantic Ocean; and even amongst the West India islands there is fometimes a current fetting to the eastward after feveral days of very strong winds, because when the wind subsides, the accumulated waters fall back to regain their level. But the fame reasons cannot be adduced for a current setting into St. George's Channel, the winds being there variable, and the diurnal motion can have no effect in drawing the waters to the eastward, but the reverse. When the wind is very strong from the fouth, or fouth-west, and a heavy sea fetting into St. George's Channel, more water will then be forced in with the flood tide, than will return with the ebb, which will be discharged with the ebb to the northward. But when the wind is strong from the north, or north-west, it will be the reverse, a great quantity of water being forced into the Channel from that quarter, and will partly be carried out to the fouth; fo that there will be a current from the north; in place of from the fouth. When the winds are either easterly, or westerly, the flood tides from the north and fouth meet at the Isle of Man, and the influx and reflux of the fouth end of the Channel are equal, as well as of the north end of it. It is therefore impossible to conceive that it is the current fetting into St. George's Channel from the fouth, that is the cause of so many ships (in coming from the westward, and bound up the English Channel) falling

to the northward of their intended course, and being loft upon the rocks of Scilly. Neither is it to be supposed that any feaman will attempt to make Scilly in the night-time, with his ship close hauled with the wind, and a heavy sea from the fouthward. We are therefore obliged to look for fome other cause; and if we suppose that after foundings have been ftruck, or that after the longitude has been run down, fo that it appears necessary to steer a course for the Channel, say from the latitude of 49° 30', or 49° 45' N. and longitude of 15°, or 14° W. with a fair wind; if two points be only allowed for the variation, the ship will certainly fall upon Scilly, or to the northward of it; because the variation allowed in that part of the feas ought to be nearly two points and a half; and I have not a doubt, but that all the misfortunes of this fort that have happened, and have been imputed to have been occasioned by the indraught of the current into St. George's Channel, have been for want of a sufficient allowance for the variation.

It is not to be understood that I accuse navigators in general of neglecting these very necessary precautions of making proper allowance for the variation, after having inserted the preceding Tables of observations. It is only such as are unqualisted to take an azimuth, or have not a dependence upon their own judgments and compasses, that after they have taken an azimuth or amplitude, and find that it does not agree with the variation laid down in their books, they then impute the difference to some error in their observation, or their compass, and make use of the variation sound in their charts, &c. which ought not to be done, because it is the variation of the compass that their ship is steered by, that ought to be accounted for.

From all the accidents which happen on account of the errors in compasses, and the inconvenience and time that is necessary in taking an azimuth, and the impossibility of either taking an azimuth or an amplitude, when an horizon is not to be got, &c. it is clearly evident, that the new tables of the variation of the compass, and the new-invented meridional and azimuth compass, and the improvements upon compasses in general, which are described in this Treatise, are of very great utility and advantage to navigation, particularly the meridional and azimuth compais, which costs very little more than the common azimuth compasses at present in use; as with it a true meridian and the variation can be found every minute that the fun makes his appearance, at first view, and at any time of the day, without any calculation whatever. An azimuth or an amplitude can also be taken with it at any time of the day, when the fun's altitude does not exceed 70°. The amplitudes are taken with it without making any use of the horizon. When an horizon is not to be got, the fun's altitude may be taken by it with tolerable exactness; it may be said, with great exactness, as an error of two minutes can hardly ever happen. As the variation can be taken by it in any creek or corner of a bay, where the land intervenes with the horizon, in the space of 10 or 15 seconds, and the elevation of all inaccessible mountains, &c. it is therefore far superior to any other instrument, for surveying of coasts and harbours, &c.

That this instrument answers for all the purposes here set forth, appears by the following Reports, which were made in consequence of orders (for a trial of it) from My Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Board of Admiralty.

Invincible, Spithead, March 21, 1794.

er Sir,

"Be pleased to acquaint my Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, that, agreeable to their Lordships order, in the absence of the Hon. Capt. Pakenham, I received on board his Majesty's ship Invincible, Mr. Ralph Walker, in order to his making trial of a Meridional Compass.

"The Compass answered in every respect, and ascertains the variation with the greatest accuracy at any time of the day, as set forth by Mr. Walker.

"I have the Admiral's * directions to fignify his approbation, and to fay, "he confiders the Compass

Admiral Macbride,

pass of such importance, that he has ordered one to be made for his own use, under the direction of the inventor."

"I am, &c. &c.

L. W. Halfted."

(A Copy)

Ph. Stephens, Esq.

nos su e vest ou bos inestadornos

OBSERVATIONS made on Board His Majesty's Ship GLORY, with Mr. WALKER'S New-Invented AZIMUTH COMPASS, compared with the Ship's Azimuth and Binacle Compasses.

	·skec	Fime.	Places	Places where.	Obfer m	Observations made.	Varia	ation	Bearings	Variation Bearings of the Sun by	Ship's Head,	Head,
Week. Days.	I.danoM	H.M Lat.	Lat.	Long.	Alt.	Deline- ation.	Ship's Com- pafs.	Wal- ker's Com.	Ship's Compafs	Walker's Azimuth Binacle Compafs Compafs Compafs	Azimuth Compafs	Binacle
Friday Afternoon.	Mar.	33.00	50 44	50 44 I 6 W	25 20 24 11	5 03 S.	20 38	20 00 20 45 20 50	S. 53½W. S. 63½W. S. 68½W.	S.52½W. S.62½W. S.67 W.	S.6E. 2E. S.E. 3 E. S.E. 3 E.	S. S. E. S. S. E. S. E.
Saturday Afternoon	00	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	-0.00	L 11	14 32	4 43	23 32	23 45	S.79 E. S.38 E.	S. 43 E. S. 38 E.	S. Z. Z.	ZZ. Z9 Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z
	4	8 45 9 00 10 00				4 42 S.	² 3 19 22 41	23 00 27 22 00 22 30	00 S. 22 ± E. 30 S. 21 E.	S. 31 E. S. 23 E.	N.74 N.71 E.77 E.75 E.75	ZZZ 284 284 294
Friday A. M. 20 Afternoon.	50	9 20	49 40 5	5 23W	28 53 27 43 25 38	3 4 42 S 3 0 24 N 8 0 29 N	24 28 23	92430 002800 002400	$\left \frac{S.11^{\frac{1}{2}}E.}{Compa} \right $		N.291 W.11	N.28 E. W.6 N. S. 6 E.

Oh Friday the 7th.—The azimuth compass was placed on the deck where the foremost binacle stands, and Walker's compass four feet before it, on one of the small deal tables. The iron stantions, or railing of the hatchway, leading to the wardroom, was distant five feet before Walker's compass. The difference in the compasses was intirely owing to their situations, which was clearly proved by frequently exchanging places.

On Saturday the 8th.—Situations of the compasses were as above; but perceived that Walker's compass was not correctly ballanced, therefore the mean between the two sides was taken.

Friday the 20th.—These two observations could not be ascertained on the compass nearer than a degree, on account of the ship's motion.

From the above observations it appears, that the variation observed at one view by Walker's compass, and that observed by the ship's compass, by the bearing and altitudes, were generally very near the same. But it is evident, that the variations given by both compasses at different times and situations, disagree very much; whether any part of this disagreement may be owing to the time of the day the variations were taken, I cannot take upon me to determine; but I am pretty well convinced that the quantity and vicinity of iron in most ships has an effect in attracting the needle; for it is found by experience, that the needle will not always point in the same direction when placed in different parts of the ship: also, it is rarely found

that two ships steering the same course by their respective compasses will go exactly parallel to each other; yet these compasses, when compared on board the same ship, will agree exactly.

From these circumstances, I think Walker's compass peculiarly advantageous to ships, by it's property of readily ascertaining at one view the variation; and at the same time, by comparing with the binacle compass, discovers what errors it may be liable to,

M. Downie, Master.

the Mentage of the state of the

or wasse as I had spainer

(A Copy.)

HINTS

who are it, and supplied a policious will

HINTS

RESPECTING

SURVEYING OF LANDS.

ALTHOUGH the intention of writing this Treatife was only with a view to the improvement in navigation; yet, before I leave the fubject, I think it is a duty that I owe to my country, but more particularly to Jamaica, and the West-India islands, to point out what advantage this improvement in compasses may be of, respecting the surveying of lands, and fixing the boundaries of estates and new settlements in all our colonies.

Having taken notice that the variation of the compass has been continually changing in all parts of the world, and from the observations which are inserted, it appears that that change is from the east, or that all the lines of the different variations recede from the east towards the west. It has also been shewn, that the change of the variation is greatest in any given space of time in the longitudes nearest to the lines of no variation; of course

the variation which is east, all over the West-India islands, that are to the west of the line of no variation, (which is laid down in the new Tables of variation) has been decreasing; and if we are to judge of the suture from the past, it will still continue to do so, until the line of no variation pass to the west of them, and then the variation will be west, and increase at a considerable rate, until it becomes nearly stationary, and then decrease again with acceleration, until the other line of no variation comes to the same places, and then the variation will again be east.

There can be nothing more abfurd than to fay, that the variation has changed so much for every year for so many years past, at any one place, because near to the lines of no variation this variation increases and decreases a great deal more in a degree of longitude, than at longitudes which are at equal distances from them.

But if it be required to be known at what rate the lines of no variation change their places, we can then answer with a comparative degree of certainty. By Table V. page 22, it appears that in the year 1704, the Atlantic line of no variation was at about the longitude of 19°W. upon the equator, and at this present time it is nearly at 49°W. which makes a progress to the westward of 30° in ninety years, or twenty minutes or miles in one year. If we look into the new Tables of variation, we will there find, that in the latitude of Jamaica, or in 18°N. the line of no variation

is at about the longitude of 58° W. and if it continues to move at the above rate of a degree in three years, it will be at Jamaica in the year 1854, and after that time the variation will be westerly. By the same rule, the variation for any other place near the equator * may be found for any other year. If it be wanted to be known what the variation will be at Jamaica in the year 1824, at the above rate of allowing 10° for thirty years, the variation that is 10° to the left-hand of the longitude of 78° the longitude of Jamaica, or in the common angle of meeting for the latitude of 18° N. and longitude of 68° W. the variation is 3°21' E. for the variation at Jamaica at that time.

Now as all the lines and boundaries of estates in the West-India islands, and the plats of them returned into the Ossices of Record, have been all laid down from the magnetic courses, without paying any respect to the true meridian; it is therefore evident that this change in the variation has been the cause of numberless law-suits, and the ruin of many; and will still continue to be so, unless the Legislature interfere, and put a stop to this ridiculous neglect.

This is not a new remark; Doctor Long, a very intelligent and philosophical writer, in his History of Jamaica, has made the following observation:

" A re-

^{*} I say near the equator, because it does not appear that the magnetic poles, with the ends of the lines of no variation, which are in high latitudes, change their places with the same uniform regularity that they do there.

"A regular attention to the course of this variation is of the utmost importance also to landed property in this island, in regard to the true fixing of boundaries; their uncertainty having been a constant source of dispute and litigation, ever fince the island was first settled. Formerly, surveys were merely imaginary, fo that it is but of late years that our furveyors have been constrained by mere dint of penal laws, to make actual furveys. If we suppose an actual furvey made, and the lines duly marked on earth, or on trees, in order for a patent pursuant to the diagram returned, and that a difpute concerning the fixings on all fides should happen five or fix years afterwards, it is highly probable that, on the fairest re-survey, a most material difference will be found, if the first surveyor has not allowed for the variation of the needle, but has taken the magnetic meridian for his guide; or if he has made an allowance, but the subsequent surveyor should not do the like, a confiderable alteration may be made to the boundary in the course of a few years, and the fite of the plat varied, both with respect to it's eastern and western lines. The effect has undoubtedly happened in a multitude of examples, fince few furveyors here advert to it, or make any specification of it, either on the original diagram, or on a re-furvey.

"This is fufficient to shew what an equivocal use we make here of the term boundary, which, instead of being rendered so uncertain by the omission of surveyors, the decay or destruction of marked distinct and obvious, so as to be ascertained upon the view only.

"It is needless to add the many hardships which may spring from this irregularity, to the vexation and disturbance of the poorer settlers, who are ill able to contest their location with a grasping, litigious, and opulent neighbour.

" For putting a stop to such injustice, the Legislature cannot interpose too strictly; and, next to regulating the qualifications, duties, and proceedings of every fworn furveyor belonging to the island, it might, perhaps, be attended with very happy effects, if every proprietor of land, or his agent, should be obliged by law to make an annual perambulation round his lines, on a certain day to be fixed by the law, in that feafon of the year which has usually been experienced the drieft and most convenient for the purpose, in each respective parish. By this easy method the marks might be constantly preserved or renewed, as they are in England, where this is the customary practice for ascertaining the bounds of parishes, manors, &c. Re-furveys would become unnecessary, and many expensive law-suits be prevented."*

If we look into the laws of Jamaica, we will there find, that many endeavours of the Legislature of that island have been exerted to make the boundaries of landed property more permanent and secure, and to constrain surveyors to perform their duty

^{*} Long's History of Jamaica, book iii. chap. vii. page 673.

duty faithfully, as will appear by the following extracts. In the waste of open of a contract but the title.

The first is,-An act for regulating surveyors.

Be it enacted by the Governor, Council, chap, v. Sand Affembly, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That no person whatfoever shall presume to act or perform the office or employment of a furveyor-general within this island, before he hath given good and sufficient fecurity in the fum of four thousand pounds current money of this island, for the just and faithful performance of his office and truft, according to the duty of his faid office and employment, and that the bonds of fecurity be carefully kept and recorded in the fecretary's office; and upon any damages received by any person from the said surveyor, or any deputed under him, in the negligent or corrupt performance of his or their furveys, and due application thereon made to the Governor, the faid bond shall be put in suit, and due recovery thereon made for fuch damages as they shall prove to have received, &c. laby governmentor every is in detault.

The fecond is, An act for the further directing and regulating the proceedings of furveyors.

Forafmuch as it hath been found by Chap. vi. I experience, that the act intitled, "Anact for regulating furveyors," hath not fufficiently provided against the several abuses, by fundry evilly disposed surveyors, formerly, and now also often done and committed; contrary to their duty and that and many expensive and very time and

trust reposed in them, to the damage of his Majesty, and also of his liege people of this island, and which in some cases may tend to the utter ruin of many of his good fubjects: For prevention whereof, Be it enacted by the Governor, Council, and Afsembly, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by the authority of the same, That no furveyor whatsoever prefume to deliver any plat, whereby any parcel of land shall pass the broad seal of this island, before he hath himfelf, in his own person, actually surveyed and measured the faid land on every side thereof, where it is accessible and possible to be done; and hath also seen the lines fairly made, and the corner trees marked with the first letters of his name and furname, expressed in the order; and that the faid plat thall truly reprefent the respective parcels of land, with their true bounds and bearings, and expressing the fort of wood every corner tree is of, with the alphabetical marks aforefaid; and also insert the scale of the same, either drawn or expressed therein, under the penalty of fifty pounds for every fuch default.

The third is,—An act for further quieting polfessions, and regulating re-surveys.

A.D. 1731 Whereas nothing can tend more to encouPresentale. Whereas nothing can tend more to encouChap. iv. rage the fettling of this island, than the
quieting such persons who are already settled, or
shall hereaster settle in the same, in the possession
of their landed estates: And whereas the several
acts hitherto made for that purpose have not proved
essectual, and many expensive and vexatious suits

at law and equity have been already, and hereafter may be commenced, by reason of the uncertainty of the lines and boundaries, &c. &c.

II. And for the better ascertaining the bounds of all lands which shall be hereafter disputed, and for preventing the evil practices of furveyors. whereby fo many vexatious and expensive suits may be commenced and supported, Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That whenever any law-fuit shall hereafter be brought for lands, where the boundaries shall be disputed, the judges before whom the same shall arise, shall adjudge the real run and marked lines, which are proved before them to be the real original run and marked lines, or fuch that have been deemed, reputed, or taken to be the marked lines for the space of ten years last past, to be the true boundaries of the land in difpute; or where the real original run lines cannot be proved, that they shall adjudge and determine by fuch lines as shall best answer the course and distance of the original plat or patent for fuch lands; provided the same be made by a lawful furveyor or furveyors, duly fworn to do justice in that behalf, and the plat and field-work thereof be annexed, figned, and attefted by the faid furveyor or furveyors; and that the record of such plat, that shall hereafter be made in manner aforefaid, and duly recorded in the Clerk of the Patents' Office, shall be binding and conclusive to all parties, and be sufficient evidence to determine the right of the and accommen the second with the poffestor

possession to all the lands within the lines of the said re-furvey plat.

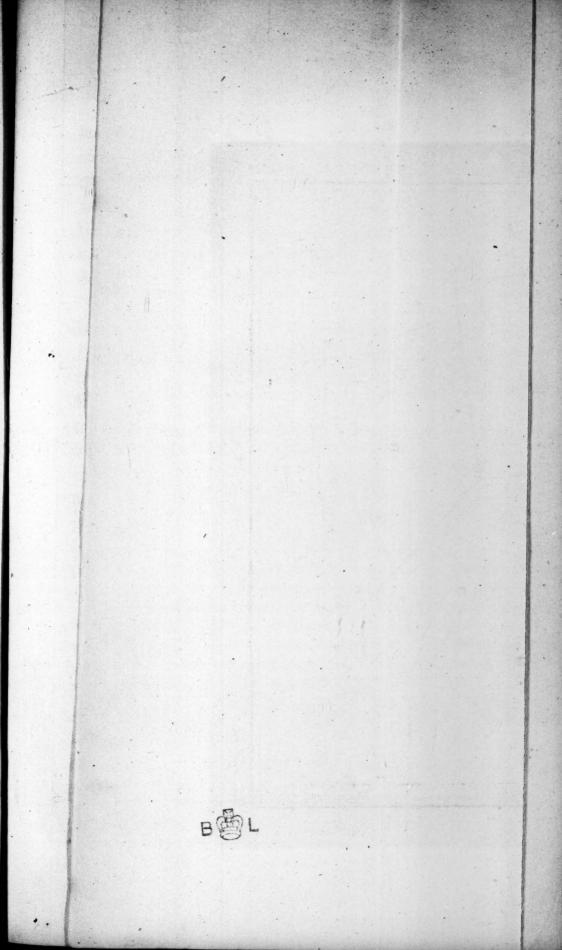
From the preceding extracts it appears, that a reform respecting the surveying of land, the returning of plats, and regulating and conftraining furveyors to perform their duty with fidelity, wasfound to be necessary at an early period; and the number of laws that have been made from time to time, subsequent to the 35 Cha. II. for that purpose, all shew that there is still something wanting for fixing the boundaries of landed property in the colonies, upon a permanent and fure footing; and although all the acts of the Assembly of Jamaica, respecting the above purposes, have been made with the best intention, yet in reality they are in themselves, and ought to be intitled, "Acts for the encouragement of litigation, the oppression of the poorer fettlers, and for the benefit and emolument of surveyors, &c." because by them it is enacted, that "where the real original run-lines cannot be proved, they (the judges) shall adjudge and determine by fuch lines as shall best answer the course and distance of the original plat or patent for fuch lands, &c. &c."

Suppose plate 7 to represent the several runs of land, viz. H I K L M and N, or Bayly's Bank, all patented in the year 1790, and taking their original calling from Granate Rock to the northward, and butting and bounding upon one another as is represented by the plain black lines.

The plate also represents the runs, A, B, C, D, E, F, and G, or Grant's Glen, all patented in the year 1792, and taking their original calling from Hog Hole to the southward, and butting and bounding upon one another, as is represented by their plain black lines; except the run G, or Grant's Glen, which is also bounded on the west by Bayly's Bank.

These different parcels of land being all run out, their lines marked, and the patents and plates (which are all laid down from the magnetic meridian) annexed thereto, and properly recorded as directed by law; in the course of fixty years, or in the year 1854, all the mark trees of these runs may be either cut down, or dead; fo that about that time, if the proprietor of the run of G, or Grant's Glen, have occasion to settle and cultivate it, he will be obliged to refort to the plats in office on record, before he can find his land; and having done fo, is obliged to fet out from Hog Hole with the different bearings and distances which are found upon record; and as at that time the true and magnetic meridians may coincide, or the compass be without any variation, it is evident that the traverse of the whole of the plats A, B, C, D, E, F, and G, will be as is represented by the dotted lines, and Grant's Glen will then be taken possession of within the dotted and scratch lines g, g, g, g.

forther lands, brief



In the year 1860, the proprietor of the run of land N, or Bayly's Bank, may also have occasion to cultivate it, and for the above reasons obliged to traverse from Granate Rock to the northward, which traverses are represented by the scratched lines, and the run of Bayly's Bank will be found to intirely cover the run of Grant's Glen, as is described by the scratch and dotted lines g, g, g, g.

It is not to be supposed that the proprietor of Bayly's Bank, or that any man will tamely give up his property; and yet the lands in dispute are in the legal possession of the proprietor of Grant's Glen,—I fay, legal possession, because it is enacted that "where the real original run-lines cannot be proved, they (the judges) thall adjudge and determine by fuch lines as shall best answer the course and distance of the original plat or patent for fuch lands, provided the fame be made by a lawful furveyor or furveyors, duly fworn to do justice in that behalf; and the plat and field-work thereof be annexed, figned, and attested by the said surveyor or surveyors, and that the record of fuch plat, that shall hereafter be made in manner aforesaid, and duly recorded in the Clerk of the Patents' Office, shall be binding and conclusive to all parties, and be sufficient evidence to determine the right of the possessor to all the lands within the lines of the faid re-furvey plat."

By the same laws, the proprietor of Bayly's Bank is also legally intitled to the lands, because

it exactly corresponds with the bearings and distances of his original patent and plat thereunto annexed, his patent being also prior to the patent of the run of Grant's Glen, and the proprietor of Grant's Glen being in possession only six years, does not do away the right of the proprietor of Bayly's Bank.

both happen to be rich; and have the same disposition and itch for litigation, that some people have at present, these runs of lands would produce a very fine and plentiful harvest for a whole generation of surveyors and lawyers. But which of the proprietors ought to have the land, we will leave for the determination of the judges. One thing is certain, that they cannot return to their original runs, because all the lands around them are supposed to have been patented about theyear 1850, and occupied from that time, which will establish a good and sufficient right to the possessions of them.

From what has been faid, it is clear that the present laws now in sorce in our colonies are very descrive, and leave a very wide opening for litigation, and the oppression of the poor, by their ill-disposed and rich neighbours.

It ought therefore to be enacted, that in future all patents, plats, furveys, and re-furveys, which shall be done and executed, shall specify the true course, and be laid down from the true meridian,

accounting

accounting for the variation of the compass, whatever it may be at any place and time. Suppose the variation of the needle of the compass be found to be 6° E. at any one place, it ought to be allowed for upon each course; that is to fay, if a course be N. 6° W. by the compass, it ought to be set down N. If a course be N. 25° E. by the compass, it ought to be set down N. 31° E. If a course shall be S. 10° E. it ought to be set down S. 4. E. and fo on of every other course, by the compass, always allowing for the variation: fo that in any future period, whatever the variation of the needle of the compass may be changed to, reference being always had to the true meridian, the patents and plats on record in office, with their courfes, &c. will always be found to agree with the lines upon earth, which is not the cafe at present, the courses being all laid down from the magnetic meridian, which is always changing.

It ought also to be made a law, that the proprietors of all lands in our colonies, whether under cultivation or otherwise, shall be obliged to have the true courses of the lines of every run or parcel of land that they are possessed of, ascertained and put upon record upon the margin of their original patents and plats in the Clerk of the Patents' Office.

If the true meridian be taken at some particular corner of a run of land, it will shew the true courses of two of the lines, and all the other lines that furround the run will differ the same from their true courses, and will also shew the quantity of the variation of the needle of the compass at the time the lines were run.

Suppose a square run of land, the lines of which are described by the patent and plat on record in office, to be north and south, and east and west; if a true meridian be sound at any one corner of it, and the north and south line be sound to differ 7° N. E. and S. W. it is evident that all the other lines differ as much from their true courses.

It is a fact, that the lines of all lands which have been patented in the island of Jamaica, and run and marked before the year 1750, all differ 7° (and upwards, in proportion to the length of time they have been run, before the year 1750,) from their true courses.

It may be objected, that it is unnecessary to establish the true courses of the lines of old runs of land, because they are in general all open and well known upon earth. But it is well known to every one that is acquainted with the islands in the West Indies, particularly Jamaica, that the back parts and out-skirts of the settlements are in general allotted for provision grounds; and the negroes seldom continue to plant long upon one spot, but move from place to place for the benefit of new soil, and the grounds that they leave grow up into ruinate, as it is commonly called, or again into woodland, the marked trees being either

either cut down or burnt by the fires in clearing these grounds; so that the lines are very often rot to be found, and recourse must be had to the courfes of the patent and plat upon record in the office; but as the variation may have, or may be changed fince the time that the lines were run, and if the adjoining run takes it's calling from a different quarter from the other, such as the one from Granate Rock, and the other from Hog Hole, each of these runs will apparently trespass upon the other, and a law-fuit may be the consequence. If one of the parties be rich, and the other poor, the poor man must submit to give up his property, although his house and the most valuable part of his property may be upon the very spot in dispute, because he is unable to bear the expence * of defending or recovering it.

Te

The expence of recovering or defending the smallest quantity of land in Jamaica, does not cost less than five or fix hundred pounds, and sometimes as many thousands. That the small settlers may not be subject to such oppression, it ought to be made a law, that all disputes which may arise concerning the fixing of lines and boundaries of properties (in Jamaica, or any of our colonies) shall be decided by arbitration, with leave of appeal. The arbitrators ought to be qualified to examine all such evidence upon oath, as shall be brought before them. That the clerk of the peace for the parish where the property in dispute lies, shall be obliged to attend the arbitrators, and take down the evidence, with their determination, with every other matter relative thereto; and transmit the whole of the proceedings to the clerk of

It may at first be supposed, that the obtaining the true courses of the lines of the different properties would be attended with a heavy expence; but that by no means can be the case, because with the meridional compass which I have constructed the true meridian can be ascertained upon any line or corner of a run of land in the space of one minute, if the sun is to be seen; and having got the true course of one or two of the lines, whatever the course specified in the patent and plat in office differs from the true course found, ought to be allowed to all the other lines of the run, and the true courses of the whole of the lines recorded upon the margin of the original patent in the Clerk of the Patents' Office.

the court's office, to be put upon record, and such record shall be a bar against the parties, their heirs, &c. If any one of the parties dissent from the award of the arbitrators, he shall signify the same to the clerk of the peace at the time that the award is made known to him, and be obliged to bring his action the ensuing grand court after such determination, but shall not be permitted to produce any other evidence but such as he produced to the arbitrators. The good effects of such a regulation are obvious; as every encouragement and protection ought to be given to small settlers, they being constant residenters upon their properties, and consequently the preservers of internal tranquillity, and defenders of their country.

FINIS.

DIRECTIONS to the BINDER for placing the COPPER-PLATES,

THEFT YOUR NO SHITKSET A

the energy at sinft new further what the contract

the true courts, of the lance or the duffering the

that by no incans can be the car, the car, the car, the car, the car and car and car and car and car are car as a car are car as a car are car as a car are ca

Plate I.	opposite	page 14
Plate II.	opposite	36
Plate III.	opposite	42
Plate IV.	opposite	48
Plate V.	opposite	48
Plate VI.	opposite	52
Plate VII.	opposite	220

of the species difficult continues and the

one promition and so consultable and beautiful and the second of the second sec

bisactionals cointing grad in a set of the set of an and bisaction of the set of an and but finall not be a required to a sold and as before a single from a regulation are observed as a regulation of the set o

atlege silitasi resultation of the state of the